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MAGNOLIA SEED COMPANY

1936

FIELD • FLOWER AND
• GARDEN SEEDS •

Poultry Supply Headquarters

945 SOUTH LAMAR STREET • DALLAS, TEXAS

SQUARE BRAND
RECLEANED
HI-GERMINATING
TESTED SEEDS
SQUARE BRAND

WHICH MAKES THE MOST MONEY FOR YOU

"SCRUBS" OR PURE-BREDS?

WHETHER you are talking of SEEDS or stock, the same thing applies. The pure-bred is by far the most profitable. A "scrub" animal will consume about as much feed as a good animal—and inferior seeds take just as much acreage and labor to plant and cultivate as good seeds require. The difference shows up in the quality of the crop and the profits.

SQUARE BRAND SEEDS are famous for their purity and vitality, because our buyers do not allow that brand name to be borne by any but seeds of KNOWN and PROVEN origin. Every lot of seeds is tested for purity and germination. Square Brand Seeds can never be the cheapest on the market, because they are produced in climates and soils best adapted to reproduce for you the largest possible yields of marketable crops; they are grown from high grade stock seed, under proper growing conditions and under expert supervision of the BEST seed growers all over the world. Because they DO produce such satisfactory and large crops, they actually cost you less than cheap seeds, which so frequently result in inferior crops.

This same high standard of excellence is maintained in all our merchandise. We want our customers to be SATISFIED—and come back to us year after year—and they do.

PLANT
Square Brand
Hi-Germinating Seeds

SQUARE BRAND
RECLEANED
HI-GERMINATING
TESTED SEEDS
SQUARE BRAND

FOR
Larger Yields of
More Marketable Crops

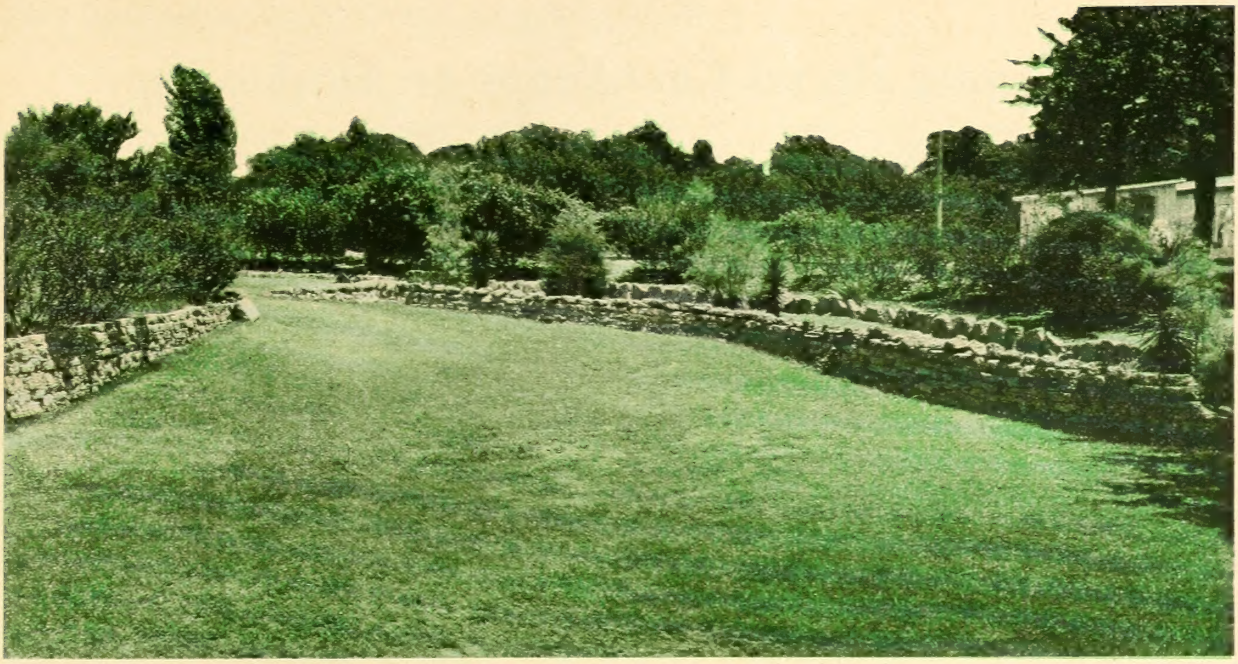
Magnolia Seed Co.

945 S. Lamar Street Dallas, Texas

Square Brand Radio Program

Every Sunday W.F.A.A. 3:15 P. M.

Tune in and get acquainted with the Square Brand Boys and their amusing chatter, garden talk and music. Write us your suggestions and request numbers. We will appreciate hearing from you.



Sunken garden, showing lawn grown from Square Brand Evergreen mixture.

Feed Everything you Plant...If you want it to Flourish

Your lawn, flowers, vegetable garden, shrubs, and trees—everything you plant—needs nourishment—a balanced ration. Most soils have been depleted of available plant food. That is why you must add plant food to the soil if your gardening efforts are to be successful.

We recommend that you feed Vigoro. It is the complete plant food containing, in a balanced form, all of the plant food elements plants must get from the soil. It encourages root growth as well as top-growth, and when fed regularly to the lawn it helps produce humus in the soil.

Use Vigoro this year and achieve real gardening success. It's economical—4 pounds feed 100 square feet of graduating area. For more information, see page 38.

Square Brand Lawn Grass Seeds

No one kind of grass will produce a lawn which will keep green through the entire year, and for that reason we have a number of different kinds of mixtures. If you have a satisfactory summer lawn, then our Winter Grass Mixture may be used to produce a winter lawn. Winter lawns must be reseeded every year unless they are allowed to go to seed in the spring before cutting, which is not usually done. If you have shady spots, then plant our Shady Mixture in those places. Bermuda will not grow in shady spots.

SQUARE BRAND EVERGREEN MIXTURE—A mixture composed of fine leaved, hardy grasses, which will not only stand the heat of summer but be beautiful and green all winter. After the first winter, however, be sure to add Square Brand Winter Lawn mixture each year unless the winter grass is allowed to go to seed in the spring of the year and thus reseed itself. Sow seeds thickly. We recommend one pound to two hundred square feet. **Lb. 50c; 2 lbs. 85c; add postage for mail delivery.**

SQUARE BRAND WINTER LAWN MIXTURE—Sow during September or October at the rate of one pound to two hundred square feet. Before sowing mow the lawn very close and if the Bermuda is very thick, give it a top dressing of one inch loamy soil and Vigoro. Afterward rake the lawn thoroughly so as to mix the seed and soil and then keep it well watered until the grass begins to grow. If allowed to go to seed in the spring of the year this grass will reseed itself, but if kept cut it must be replanted each year. **Lb. 35c; 2 lbs. 60c; add postage for mail delivery.**

SQUARE BRAND SHADY LAWN MIXTURE—A mixture of grasses which thrive in shady locations, under trees or close to walls where there is very little sun. Remember that trees use a lot of plant food. Your lawn under trees, therefore, must be given much more plant food and moisture than spaces where there are no trees. **Lbs. 50c; 2 lbs. 85c; add postage for mail delivery**

SQUARE BRAND BERMUDA GRASS—Bermuda Grass seed is the best for sunny exposures and summer lawns. It should be planted either in the spring or late summer when the weather is warm and the soil moist. If sown before a rainy season the seed will come up in a short time, but otherwise it germinates slowly. Sow 2 lbs. for every thousand square feet. When mixed with dry sand it is easier to get an even distribution. **Lb. 40c; 2 lbs. 75c; add postage for mail delivery.**

SQUARE BRAND CARPET GRASS—This grass is growing more popular for lawn purposes, especially in localities where there is ample rainfall. It is preferred to Bermuda because it is more easily controlled. A plow-up kills carpet grass whereas it does not effect Bermuda. It is not desirable to withstand long drouths, however. **Lb. 40c; 2 lbs. 75c; add postage for mail delivery.**

KENTUCKY BLUE—A desirable lawn grass in some sections of Texas. We recommend it only where it has been proven, however. Plant 1 lb. to the 200 square feet. **Lb. 40c; 2 lbs. 75c; add postage for mail delivery.**

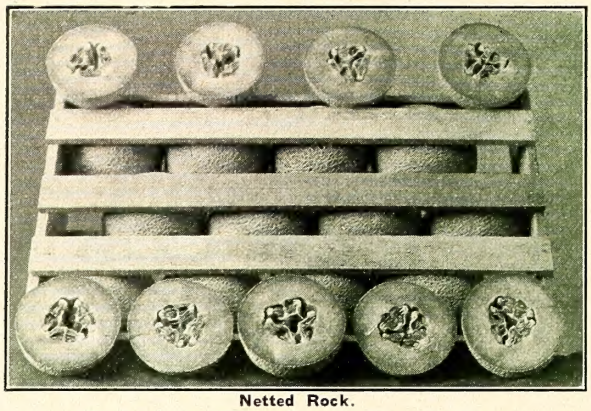
SQUARE BRAND WINTER RYE—A very fine winter lawn grass. Plant 1 lb. to each 100 sq. ft. Adaptable almost everywhere. **Lb. 15c; 2 lbs. 25c; add postage for mail delivery.**

IN BUILDING A NEW LAWN, save six or eight inches of the top soil and carefully replace after grading. Harrow and rake this top soil until fine and level, then apply Vigoro Plant Food at the rate of 4 lbs. to 100 square feet, sow the grass seed, then rake or harrow and roll if possible. Keep the ground well watered and apply Vigoro at least twice during the first season. This work may be done either in Spring or Fall.

FOR REBUILDING AN OLD LAWN, it may be necessary to plow up and harrow. The use of cheap fertilizers will damage the turf. If the lawn is of Bermuda grass, the roots will come back and form a satisfactory turf in the spring although reseeding will greatly improve the quality of the lawn. Fertilize thoroughly with Vigoro, and never use cheap, unbalanced fertilizers on your lawn.

Square Brand Cantaloupe or Muskmelon

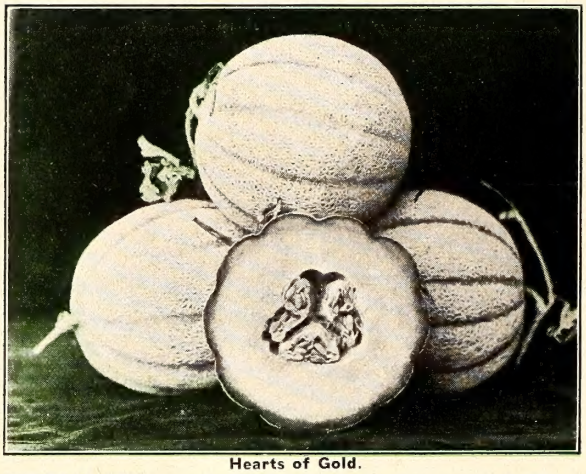
CULTURE—After danger of frost is past, plant in rich soil, preferably sandy loam in hills from 4 to 6 feet apart. Put 10 to 12 seeds in a hill, cover with about 1 inch of fine soil, firmly pressed down. When the plants begin to crowd, and the striped beetles are pretty well gone thin to 4 of the most vigorous plants in the hill. Give frequent but shallow cultivation until the plants make runners. Rich earth for the young plants is far better than manure, but if the latter must be used, see that it is well rotted and thoroughly mixed with the soil. Use a packet of seeds to 16 hills; 1 ounce to 100 hills; 2 to 3 pounds to acre.



Netted Rock.

Salmon Fleshed Varieties

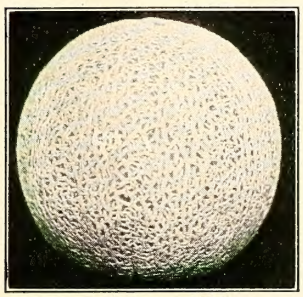
HEARTS OF GOLD—Selection from Hoo Doo variety. Melons run very uniform to size. A splendid shipping variety steadily increasing in use. The seed cavity is remarkably small and the melon carries as well if not better than the Pollock types. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 35c; lb. $1.00; add postage for mail delivery.**



Hearts of Gold.

BURRELL GEM—An oval pink flesh melon, heavy netted. Ribs are not prominent, flesh very sweet and spicy. This melon ships very well. It yields abundantly and is second only to the Rocky Ford types in popularity for shipment. Melons are medium large.

IMPROVED PERFECTO—An early variety, ripening in 80 to 85 days. Seed cavity triangular, flesh a deeply tinted salmon color; shipping and keeping qualities excellent.



Pollock 10-25

BANANA—An extremely long melon tapering at both ends; skin lemon colored when mature and the flesh pink; very delicious. Very vigorous and hardy, although rather late in maturing. Fruits measure 14x4 inches and weight 7 pounds each.
Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 35c; 1 lb. $1.00; add postage for mail delivery

GOLDEN BEAUTY CASABA—The finest of the Casabas. Fruits nearly round. About 8 inches in diameter. Skin wrinkled. Golden colored when ripe. Fresh white, very thick and sweet. Under proper conditions will keep 2 or 3 months. If you have not grown Casabas in the past, be sure to try them. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 40c; lb. $1.25.**
Add postage for mail delivery.

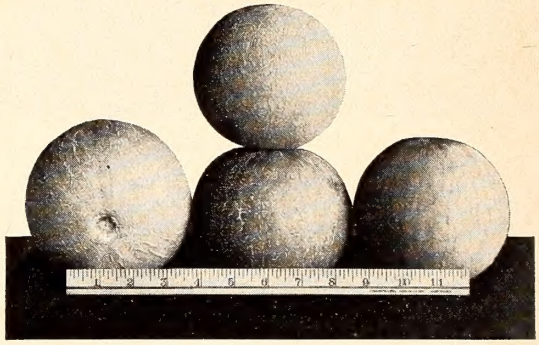
Green Fleshed Varieties

ROCKY FORD NETTED ROCK—This is a heavily netted type of the Rocky Ford with an almost absence of ribs. Flesh is green, sweet and spicy and has not been excelled by any other melon. Weighs 2½ pounds.

GOLD LINED ROCKY FORD—A selected type from the green flesh Rocky Ford. Has a gold lining next to the seed cavity, making it unusually attractive when cut. Medium late in maturing. Flesh very thick, sweet and spicy; shape round with a complete covering of netting, and no ribs.

TEXAS CANNON BALL—Perfectly round green-fleshed melon, heavily netted. Early and its most remarkable feature is its thickness of the flesh. Melons weigh 3¼ pounds each.

EARLY GREEN NUTMEG—Fruits heavy ribbed and netted. This cantaloupe is small and almost round, but it is extremely prolific and a very early variety, and flesh is very delicious. The fact that it is so hardy and prolific makes it one of the most valuable of the early cantaloupes.
Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 35c; lb. $1.00; add postage for mail delivery.



Honey Ball.

HONEY BALL—A cross between the Texas Cannon Ball and Honey Dew Melon. The best drought-resisting melon that has ever been grown in Texas. A little larger in size than the Rocky Ford, is round and has a very thick wall of delicious green meat which can be eaten to the rind. Melons weigh 3½ pounds.

HONEY DEW — Shape of the Honey Dew is perfectly round, skin smooth, light cream in color. Matures quite late and does not grow to perfection except in the South. A very good shipping variety and if properly stored it will remain edible for months.
Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 35c; 1 lb. $1.00; add postage for mail delivery.

Hale's Best Cantaloupe.

HALE'S BEST No. 36—Salmon flesh of exceptional thickness. Shape is oval, with heavy netting and fairly prominent ribs. A remarkable, very early melon from the Imperial Valley in California.

POLLOCK 10-25—A selection out of the Rocky Ford type; flesh salmon tinted instead of green; fruits uniform and heavily netted, with no trace of ribs; vines are rust resistant.
Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 35c; lb. $1.00; add postage for mail delivery.

Square Brand Southern Grown Watermelons

CULTURE—The seed should be planted in hills, about 10 or 12 seeds to the hill, about 8 feet apart. Work into the soil an abundance of well-rotted manure and do not plant seeds before the ground is warm and dry, as young watermelon plants are very sensitive to cold and wet. After plants have formed the first rough leaves, thin to leave 2 or 3 of the hardiest to each hill. Water frequently with liquid manure to hasten growth and diminish danger from insect pests. Cultivate until plants cover the ground. A packet will plant about 10 hills; 2 pounds per acre in hills.

DIXIE QUEEN—Destined to be the most popular of all watermelons. Round, alternating stripes of very light "ivory green" and rich dark green. Vines very robust and prolific. Melons very showy and attractive in appearance. Seeds extremely small, white. Cuts solid, flesh brilliant scarlet, ripens to within half inch of rind, of finest texture and free from stringiness, sweetness and flavor unsurpassed. Melons are very uniform in size and under favorable conditions with proper culture attain a weight of forty to sixty pounds. Produces fewer seeds than any other watermelon. **Prices: Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c; ¼ oz. 65c; lb. $2.00; add postage for mail delivery.**

Dixie Queen.

Square Brand Special Tom Watson Watermelon.

SQUARE BRAND SPECIAL TOM WATSON—Seed grown for us in Parker County, from selected stock seed, and will produce the very best melons that can be grown. We sell large amounts of this seed to the truck growers in Texas, as it is necessary for them to produce the largest and very best melons in order to market them. Melons sometimes weigh over 90 pounds, and are entirely free from white hearts or stringiness and as sweet and luscious as any other melon. If you are growing melons for the market, you should plant this seed, as it will produce fruits that will sell at sight and bring the highest possible prices. **Prices: Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 40c; lb. $1.40; add postage for mail delivery.**

GOLDEN HONEY—The best of the yellow-fleshed melons. Oblong in shape, rind dark green with irregular stripes of a darker green. Average weight of the melons is 20 pounds, and they are edible in 90 days. The flesh is a speckled golden color, very attractive.

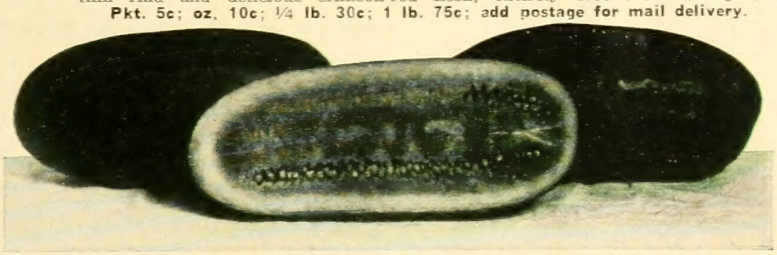
WONDER MELON—The most delicious flavored melon grown. Rich, red flesh, full of flavor up to the rind and does not show hollow. The rind is thin but tough, insuring safe shipment for reasonable distances. It is large and long, resembling the Tom Watson, though it is thicker, and the color is a dark solid green that makes it very attractive in the markets.

TOM WATSON—Ideal for shipping. Rind a deep green, indistinctly veined and very tough and elastic. Shape long and cylindrical; flesh sweet, very firm, and crimson color. Very popular for home and market use.

HALBERT HONEY—Second only to Kleckley Sweet in popularity for home and nearby markets. A medium early, long, cylindrical melon with deep green thin rind and delicious crimson-red flesh, entirely free from stringiness. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 30c; 1 lb. 75c; add postage for mail delivery.**

IMPROVED SCHOCHLER — A very large and splendid melon. A decided improvement on the original Schochler. While retaining the large size and same coloring as Schochler, the melons are more uniform in shape, are practically the same thickness from end to end (the original Schochler being thicker at bud end than at stem end). Vines are more prolific, and the rich red flesh is melting and deliciously sweet. One of the best varieties for mid-season, either for home gardens or shipping.

Prices: Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 35c; lb. $1.00; add postage for mail delivery.



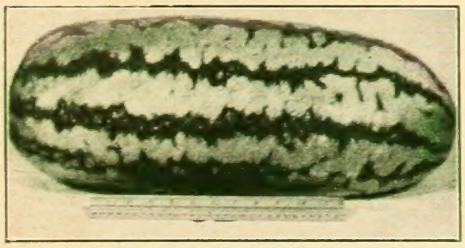
Halbert Honey Melon.

ANGEL KISS—Oblong melon with mottled silver gray rind. Rind is very tender and thin. Bright red flesh which is solid and deliciously flavored. A fine melon for home gardens, maturing in 90 days.

ALABAMA SWEET—Another melon with deep green rind, irregularly striped with darker shade of green. Splendid shipper. Flesh dark pink, free from stringiness. Melons average 30 pounds in weight and mature in 90 days.

GEORGIA RATTLESNAKE (Texas Means)—Another light green melon, lighter green stripe, and one of the most popular shipping varieties. Flesh scarlet, tender and sweet. Rind is tough but thin. Matures in 95 days.

Prices for three varieties above: Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 25c; lb. 65c.



Georgia Rattlesnake.

IRISH GREY—A long melon, rather large in size, and becoming more popular as a shipping variety. The rind is a light green color, flesh a sparkling red, very sweet, and entirely free from stringiness. Vines are vigorous, healthy, and hold up and produce fine melons late in the summer where other sorts die out. Average weight, 35 pounds.

KLECKLEY'S SWEET—Vines are vigorous and productive. Fruits medium to large oblong, tapering slightly towards the stem end. The flesh is a very bright rich red and is exceedingly sweet; will not stand shipping well. Edible in 87 days. Widely used for the home garden and nearby market.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 30c; lb. 75c; add postage for mail delivery.

STONE MOUNTAIN — An extra large and heavy melon, almost round. Rind dark green and medium tough. Flesh a rich scarlet, extra sweet, and free from stringiness. For home and nearby market use this variety stands up under most trying conditions, making fine crops of late melons that sell over any other melon.

Prices: Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 35c; lb. $1.00; add postage for mail delivery.

SEE SPECIAL LIST FOR QUANTITY PRICES.

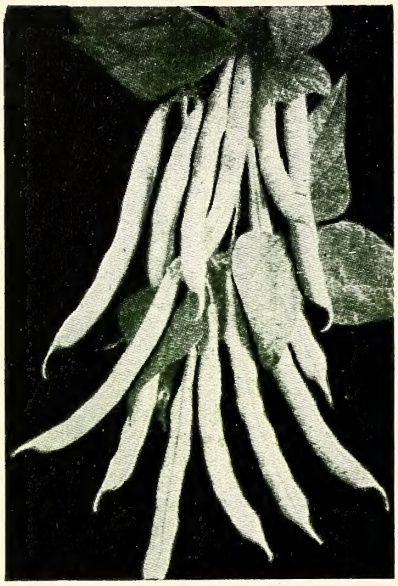
Do Chiggers Bother You?

If they do, buy a can of CHIGGER CHASER powder, and keep yourself dusted with this harmless, pleasant chigger-repellent. Positively keeps them off.

Stone Mountain.

Square Brand Garden Beans

INCREASE YOUR CROP AND IMPROVE YOUR SOIL BY INOCULATING WITH NITRAGIN



Giant Stringless Green Pods.

CULTURE—Beans are very sensitive to both cold and wet and it is useless to plant them before the ground has become dry and warm. The largest returns will result from planting in drills two feet apart.

Cover the seed 1 inch deep and thin the young plants three to six inches apart in the row. The plants up to the time of blossoms should have shallow cultivation. If any mutilation of the roots by cultivation after the plants have come into bloom should occur it is likely to cause the blossoms to blast, and thereby cut off the crop. A light, rich, well-drained loam which was manured for the previous crop is most desirable. A packet will sow 25 feet of row, one pound 100 feet, and 60 pounds to an acre.

Burpee's Stringless.

Green Pod Bush Beans

GIANT STRINGLESS GREEN POD — A fine, stringless variety. Early, large round pods, very crisp and meaty. Extensively used for canning. Recommended to Market Gardeners for quality, salability and ease of picking.

IMPROVED EARLY ROUND POD RED VALENTINE—Especially desirable for its hardiness. Will stand more adverse weather conditions than most bush beans. Extra early. Fine flavor, very fleshy, crisp and tender.

BURPEE'S STRINGLESS GREEN POD — Another fine quality stringless variety. Early and very prolific. Fine for snap beans and canning. Another good market variety and much enjoyed by home gardeners. Round pods, fleshy and rich in flavor.

FULL MEASURE—A round pod, medium early bean, fleshy, fine grained and stringless. Very pleasing for home use A fine canning variety.

BLACK VALENTINE—Large round pods, about 6 inches long. Good for long distance shipping. Another hardy, early type, frequently popular with gardeners.

REFUGEE or 1000 to 1—A late variety, especially resistant to drouth and unfavorable growing conditions. Pods about 5 inches long—round and light green.

Plant a few rows every few weeks and have green beans all year.

Pkt. 5c; ½ lb. 15c; lb. 25; add postage for mail delivery.

TENNESSEE GREEN POD—This bean is increasing in popularity—especially with market gardeners. It may be planted earlier than other beans, withstands cold and inclement weather and yields heavily. Pods long and flat and a beautiful green. Matures earlier than most varieties.

BOUNTIFUL—Another good market variety. Large long pod, practically rust and mildew-proof. Absolutely stringless. A splendid snap bean, light green in color and very tender.

Pkt. 5c; ½ lb. 15c; lb. 25c; add postage for mail delivery.

Tennessee Green Pod.

Wax or Yellow Pod Bush Beans

IMPROVED GOLDEN WAX—Most popular of the wax varieties. Pods are about 4 inches long, flat, straight, and golden yellow. Compact, vigorous plants, mature about 50 days, exceptionally prolific. Desirable for home and market.

PROLIFIC BLACK WAX—One of the earliest wax stringless varieties. Slightly curved yellow pods and very tender. Season about 52 days. An improved strain of the German Black Wax.

PENCIL-POD BLACK WAX — Splendid variety of stringless, round podded, black seed type. Bears from 55 to 60 days. Golden yellow slightly curved and fleshy. Excellent quality.

WARDWELL KIDNEY WAX — One of the hardiest and very prolific. Long, broad, flat pods exceptionally attractive in appearance. Stringless and brittle. Creamy white, tender, fleshy and delicious. Be sure to try these.

Pkt. 5c; ½ lb. 15c; 1 lb. 25c; add postage for mail delivery.

It Takes LIVE Seeds To Grow Full Stands

Square Brand seeds are as near 100% germination as it is possible to breed. It costs less to the acre to plant them, if you consider your yield. It is easy to spend your time and labor on bargain inferior seeds, and have half a crop. Why waste your money, time and acreage—plant GOOD seeds.

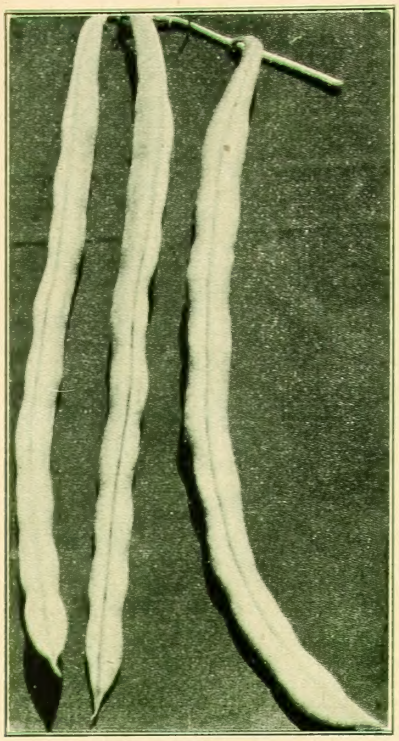
SQUARE BRAND SEEDS ARE FRESH, VITAL SEEDS.

SEE SPECIAL LIST FOR LARGER QUANTITY PRICES.

Golden Wax Bean.

GOOD RETURNS FROM POOR SOIL

Here is a report of a tenant farmer, who applied hard work and intelligence toward making some soggy, mosquito-ridden lowland pay good returns. After draining, the land was planted to corn, beans and pumpkins. $20 worth of snap beans were sold; over 100 quarts of green beans were canned, and about 50 quarts of shelled beans were exchanged for groceries. About 50 bushels of corn were put by for winter and two loads of pumpkins were marketed. Good seed and hard work can do wonders! Raise beans and peas instead of mosquitoes.



Kentucky Wonder.

Pole or Running Beans

CULTURE—Pole beans are more sensitive to climatic conditions than are the bush varieties, but are superior in quality and productiveness. When the ground is warm, set poles 4 to 8 feet long, slanting slightly to the north in rows four feet apart, extending north and south, the poles being 3 feet apart in the row. When the poles are arranged this way the vines can climb more readily and the pods are straighter and more easily seen. Around each stake plant 5 to 8 beans, 1 inch deep and when well started, thin to 4 plants. Use 1 packet to 20 poles; ½ pound to 100 poles; 30 pounds to the acre.

KENTUCKY WONDER—The most popular and widely planted of all pole beans, early and very productive. Vines are very vigorous, bearing pods in large clusters that are green, round, meaty, tender and stringless and measure 6 to 12 inches long.

KENTUCKY WONDER WAX—Early pole wax bean, splendid climber and very productive. Pods curved, fleshy, yellow, 10 inches long, brittle and tender.

IDEAL MARKET—A very fine flavored, black seeded bean, which is extremely popular with market gardeners. Yields very well. Pods round, stringless, fleshy and very tender. Plants hardy and may be planted very early. This is a good variety for both home and market use.

WHITE CREASEBACK — Earliest of the pole beans. Very hardy and productive. Pods round, slender, brittle and tender. A fine market crop. Especially suitable for early fall planting. Prolific. Nearly stringless.

STRIPED CREASEBACK—Just what you need to increase the productivity of your cornfield and at the same time make a good table crop. We suggest inoculating this seed with Nitragin to increase legumes and then plant your seeds early enough to get one or two plowings before laying by your corn. Pods are long, round and creaseback. A very satisfactory bean for table use. Fleshy tender pod, slightly stringy.

Pkt. 5c; ½ lb. 15c; lb. 25c.
Add postage for mail delivery.

January Planting

VEGETABLES

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McCASLAN POLE — A good climber, vines about four feet, extremely hardy. Pods long, flat oval and curved. Stringless. Seeds long, white kidney-shaped. Matures in about 65 days.

Henderson's Bush Lima.

Bush Lima or Butter Beans

CULTURE—Plant when ground is dry and weather warm in rows 2 feet apart, dropping the beans 6 inches apart in the row, eye down, covering with 1 inch of soil. May also be planted in hills, 3 feet apart one way, 2 feet apart the other way, using 4 to 6 beans to the hill. One pound will plant 100 hills, or 100 feet of row; 60 pounds will plant an acre.

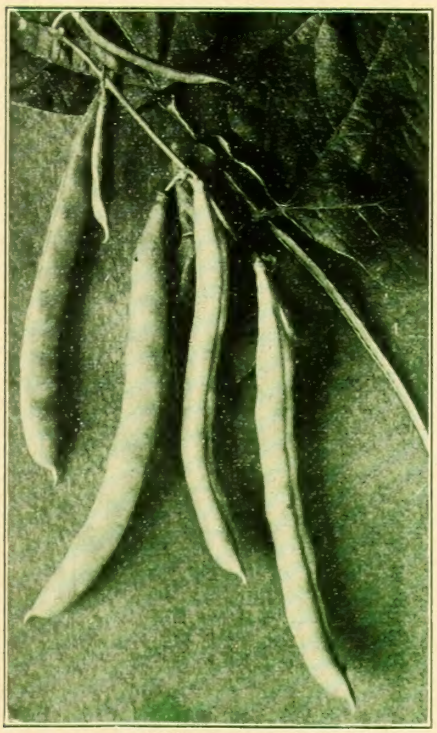
BURPEE'S BUSH LIMA—A fine flavored lima. A strong, vigorous, productive mid-season plant. Pods and beans are of medium size, and are borne in clusters.

SPECKLED BUSH LIMA — The most productive and one of the earliest of the bush limas. It bears in great profusion broad, flat pods, each having from 3 to 5 medium size beans which cook quickly. This variety is good for summer use and as a winter shell bean, and is a splendid bean for the home garden.

HENDERSON BUSH LIMA—Earliest of all bush limas, two weeks earlier than any of the climbing varieties. Plants are without runners but continue to grow and set pods until stopped by frost. Used extensively by canners as well as for home and market use.

Pkt. 5c; ½ lb. 20c; lb. 30c; add postage for mail delivery.

FORDHOOK BUSH LIMA — A good variety. Bushes erect and branching freely. Beans thick and meaty. **Pkt. 10c; ½ lb. 25c; 1 lb. 40c; add postage for mail delivery.**



White Creaseback.

Pole Lima Beans

CULTURE—Same as other pole beans, except the seed is planted two weeks later. ½ pound will plant 100 hills; 30 pounds will plant an acre.

CAROLINA or SIEVA (Small White Lima)—A very early small-seeded lima or butter-bean, especially adapted for the South. Pods are dark green, short, about 3 inches long, curved and flat.

FLORIDA SPECKLED BUTTER BEAN—A very early variety that blooms and bears profusely all the season. Bears pods from the very first bloom that appears on the plants. The seeds and pods are about the size of the Carolina or Sieva Lima but are speckled white and brownish-red.

KING OF THE GARDEN—A large green tinted to white smooth lima, semi-circular in shape. Vines grow to 8 or 10 feet; pods about 5½ inches, with 3 to 5 beans.

Pkt. 5c; ½ lb. 20c; lb. 30c.
Add postage for mail delivery.

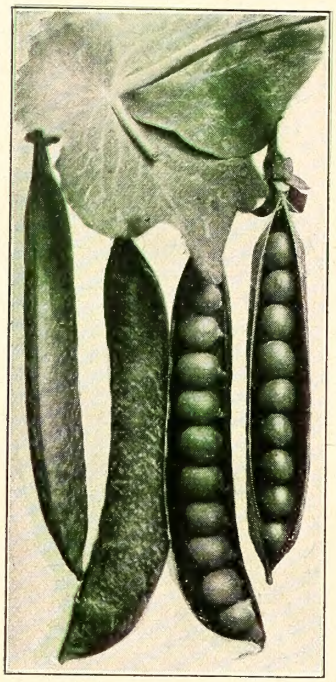
SEE SPECIAL PRICE LIST FOR LARGER QUANTITY PRICES.

Speckled Bush Lima.

English Peas

EVERY GARDEN NEEDS SEVERAL VARIETIES.

CULTURE—For early peas the soil should be light and warm, but for general crop, a moderately heavy soil is better. Fresh manure and very rich or wet mucky soil should be avoided, as they cause a large growth of vine at the cost of the quality of the peas. The seed should be planted in rows at a depth of 1 inch. Rows should be 21 to 28 inches apart for dwarf varieties and 28 to 42 inches for the taller sorts. The wrinkled varieties are more sensitive to wet weather than the smooth-seeded sorts, but are of superior quality. The crop should be gathered as fast as it is fit for use. If even a few pods begin to ripen, not only will new pods cease to form, but those partly advanced will stop growing. A packet will sow 20 feet of drill; a pound, 100 feet; 60 pounds per acre.



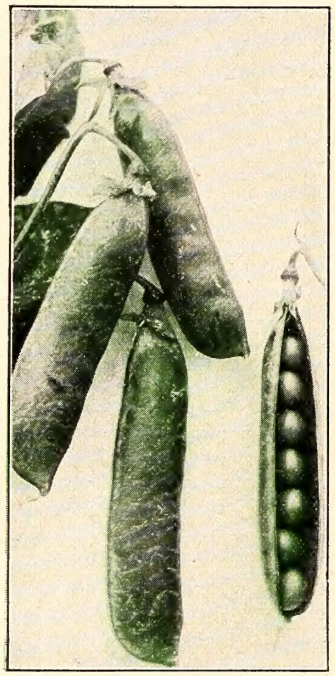
Tall Telephone.

Extra Early Varieties

FIRST AND BEST — The earliest pea that is grown. A smooth sort, with wonderful ability to mature quickly; unsurpassed in extra early qualities, in flavor, and in size of pod. Free from runners, and the entire crop can be taken off at two pickings. Plants about 2½ feet high; mature in 38 days.

ALASKA—A smooth pea of uniform evenness in vine, early maturing pods which are filled with medium sized bright green peas, good flavor. Plants about 28 inches high, pods average 2½ inches. Matures all crop at one time in about 58 days. Valuable variety for marketing and canning.

Pkt. 5c; ½ lb. 15c; 1 lb. 25c; add postage for mail delivery.



Thos. Laxton.

Early Varieties

THOMAS LAXTON—The most popular early wrinkled variety. Large pods of uniformity and with square ends, containing about 7 medium dark green peas of excellent quality. Makes a very satisfactory fall crop as well as early spring. Because of productivity and flavor, and the heavy demand, a variety that appeals to market gardeners; also a good canning variety. Matures crop in about 62 days.

AMERICAN WONDER—An old favorite with home gardeners. Dwarf-like vines about 12 inches, bearing heavily of excellent quality peas. Blunt pods about 2½ inches. Matures crop in about 60 days.

LAXTON'S PROGRESS—The earliest of the large podded dwarf peas. An improved Laxtonian variety. Vigorous and productive vines. Large pointed pods about 4½ inches, about 8 peas of deep green color and good flavor.

LITTLE MARVEL—A very good pea for home gardening. Pods are three inches long, blunt ended and closely packed with medium sized peas. Peas are very sweet and delightfully flavored.

HUNDREDFOLD—A large podded type, which ships well. Quite prolific and hardy. An old favorite.

PREMIUM GEM—A very desirable early green wrinkled dwarf variety. Vines are very productive, 15 to 18 inches high; pods of medium size, about 2¾ inches long, and crowded with 6 and 8 large peas of fine quality.

NOTT'S EXCELSIOR—The best very early dwarf peas. Vines are large and productive and average about 12 inches high; pods about 2¾ inches long. The peas, in sweetness and quality, are unsurpassed. A desirable early sort for the market gardener, and home use.

DWARF TELEPHONE — A healthy stocky grower, and is very productive; does not require staking. The green pods frequently measure 5 inches in length, containing 9 to 10 peas.

Pkt. 5c; ½ lb. 15c; lb. 25c; add postage for mail delivery.

Later Varieties

BLISS EVERBEARING — Of the later varieties, this is the most desirable for your main crop of English Peas. Stout vines about 26 inches, and if peas are picked as they mature, plant branches and bears longer than any other variety. Plant some of these every few weeks and have a steady crop. Matures crop in 80 days.

WHITE MARROWFAT — The vines of this fall variety are about 5 feet high, and of strong growing pods about 3 inches long, cylindrical, surface somewhat roughened, light colored, and well filled. Most desirable for summer use. Matures crop in 81 days.

Pkt. 5c; ½ lb. 15c; lb. 25c; add postage for mail delivery.

Bliss Everbearing.

Later Varieties (Continued)

CHAMPION OF ENGLAND — A very productive main crop. Vines grow tall. Pods are nearly round and blunt-ended, containing 8 light green peas.

IMPROVED TELEPHONE — The leading variety with market gardeners. Vines are tall and vigorous, growing about 4 feet high, and producing an abundance of pointed pods of large size, 4 to 5 inches long.

Pkt. 5c; ½ lb. 15c; lb. 25c; add postage for mail delivery.

Edible Pod

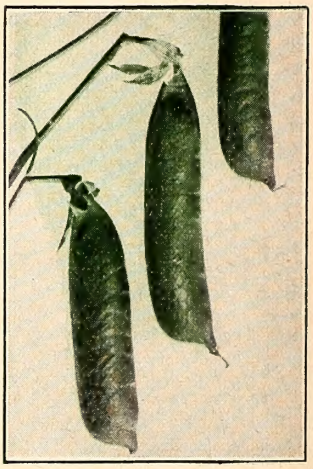
MAMMOTH MELTING SUGAR — A tall, late prolific variety, produces large broad pods, tender and sweet; whole pod can be cooked and served like snap beans. Pods best when they are about half-grown. Vines grow four to five feet high.

Pkt. 5c; ½ lb. 15c; lb. 25c; add postage for mail delivery.

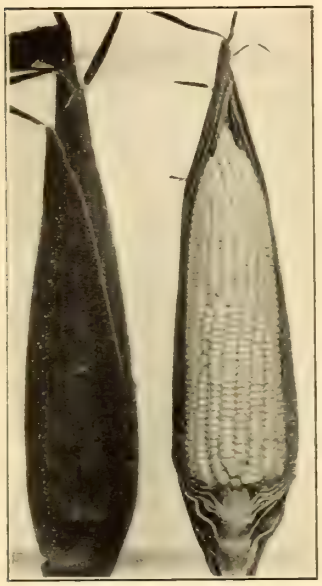
SEE SPECIAL LIST FOR LARGER QUANTITY PRICES.

Buying Beauty Treatment with Canned Peas!

A Square Brand Seed customer tells us that in 1935 she canned so many peas and beans out of a small garden that she even traded some of them for a course of facials and a permanent wave! She used the county canning 40/60 plan, so she would not have to buy cans. Her customers are demanding MORE of her products next year.



Alaska.



Honey June.

Tender Roasting Ear Corn

USE CROW REPELLENT TO PROTECT YOUR SEED CORN FROM BIRD AND ANIMAL PESTS.

CULTURE—When planted in rows the rows should be 3 to 4 feet apart; plant the seed 12 to 16 inches apart in the row, covering 2 inches deep with fine soil firmly pressed down. If planted in hills, plant 4 to 6 grains to the hill; later thin so as to leave 2 to 3 stalks to the hill. One pound will plant about 200 hills; 12 lbs. to the acre.

Sugar Varieties

COUNTRY GENTLEMEN—A distinct and outstanding corn. Ears 8 to 9 inches long, exceptionally slender cob, densely packed with long kernels, growing in irregular pattern. Delightfully sweet. Plants grow from 6 to 7 feet high and frequently produce three ears. Adapted for canning, as well as garden and market use.

STOWELL'S EVERGREEN—The standard main crop variety, much used for home gardens, market and canning. Hardy and productive, very tender and sugary, remaining suitable for boiling a long time. Ears about 8 to 10 inches long. Very white grain.

GOLDEN BANTAM—A very early sweet corn with golden-yellow grains; very tender, sweet, and of excellent quality. Ears are 6 to 7 inches long; Broad, meaty kernels. This is a variety that should be planted in every home garden. Matures in 78 to 80 days after planting.

Prices: Pkt. 5c; lb. 25c; add postage for mail delivery.

SQUARE BRAND HONEY JUNE—This new sweet corn originated by the Texas Experimental Station solves a great need of market gardeners in Texas. It is a cross between White June and Country Gentleman, developed over a period beginning in 1927. Stalks are tall and vigorous, somewhat later in maturity than some other varieties, averaging 87 days from planting to maturity of the first roasting ears. Ears are medium in size with about 14 to 16 rows of grain. Grains are long, slender and white. Corn averages about 1.4 ears per stalk. **Develops a heavy shuck which provides splendid protection against ear worm damage.** This type of corn is especially recommended for roasting ears and for the immense volume of forage available from it. **Pkt. 5c; lb. 25c; add postage for mail delivery.**

Golden Bantam.

Sweet Field Varieties

WHITE PEARL—A northern field corn that is very popular with local gardeners for roasting ears. Produces large, uniform, pure white grains.

TRUCKERS' FAVORITE—A wonderful early table corn, only a few days later than the Early Adams. Ears average from 12 to 14 inches length. Slightly sweet, resembling sugar corn in taste. Ready for table use in about 67 days after planting.

EARLY ADAMS—A splendid variety that matures in 60 days. Stalks about 6 feet, well bladed. Ears 7 to 8 inches long and filled with large white grains.

IOWA SILVER MINE—Planted largely for early roasting ears by market gardeners. Ears are from 9 to 12 inches long and are ready for use in 70 days after planting.

Pkt. 5c; lb. 15c; add postage for mail delivery.

For February Planting

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Profits Worth Investigating

Semesan Jr. increased the yield of field corn 21.3 bushels per acre over the untreated seed, planted in the same field.

Semesan costs less than 3c per acre

Not less than three bushels more corn per acre can be reasonably expected by any farmer who treats seed corn before planting. Field or sweet corn dusted with Semesan Jr. is protected from destructive root rots. Better germination, better stands and better yields of improving quality are obtained.

Early planting frequently makes larger yields possible, but early planted corn has always been handicapped by the seed rotting in the ground. Semesan Jr. affords seed corn protection from rotting in cold, wet soil.

Understand this is a seed disinfectant and not an insecticide, although some users claim that ants, bugs, gophers, etc., do not attack seed treated with Semesan Jr.

Semesan Jr. pays a splendid profit on the cost. Easily and quickly applied as a dust, at rate of 2 ounces per bushel of seed. **Prices: 4 oz. 35c; 1 lb. $1.00; 5 lbs. $4.75; postpaid.**

Best Pop Corn Varieties

A profitable crop, yields well even in unfavorable weather. Cultivate the same as field corn. It should be planted in March and April. One pound will plant 200 feet of drill; 12 pounds to the acre.

SOUTH AMERICAN—Very popular variety on account of its rich yellow color. It is the standard yellow pop corn for the South. Pops into a very large white fluffy piece.

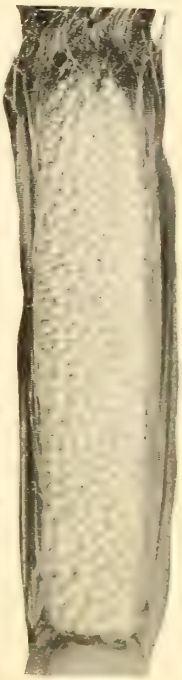
WHITE RICE—This variety has white, large pointed grains that pop nicely; is a good white variety for home popping. A good yielder; ears are medium sized.

JAPANESE HULLESS or LITTLE BUSTER—A very prolific white variety used to a great extent by commercial poppers. It is a fine variety to shell and sell to commercial poppers.

Pkt. 5c; ¼ lb. 10c; lb. 20c; add postage for mail delivery.

Pop Corn.

SEE SPECIAL LIST FOR PRICES IN LARGER QUANTITIES



Country Gentleman.

Have you ever tried to utilize the WASTE from your windmill and drinking troughs by turning the water into subsoil irrigation pipes like those being laid (see back page) by many thrifty gardeners? Make your garden flourish in the dry weather, and have fresh vegetables on your table constantly.

The Popular Cabbage Family

Charleston Wakefield.

CULTURE—For early crop sow seed of the early varieties in hot-beds, or in a box that can be housed any time from the middle of December to the end of January. Plant out at the end of February or beginning of March in rows 2 feet apart and 12 to 18 inches between plants in row. For late or winter crops, the seed is sown in May and the plants set out in July.

To prevent starving after transplanting, seedbed should not be rich as field. Don't seed too thickly or force the growth too rapidly or the plants will grow too tall, slim and tender, and the growth be more seriously checked by adverse conditions. Root deeply to resist drought. When planting out, set to the first leaf on stems. Supply plenty of manure. A packet will produce 150 plants. ¼ pound will produce sufficient plants to set on an acre.

Copenhagen Market.

Early Varieties

EARLY JERSEY WAKEFIELD—A very early and very hardy variety for the market or home garden, sure to head. Plants deep green; resist cold and other unfavorable conditions; small, pointed heads averaging 2½ to 3 pounds, interior creamy white, crisp and very tender; core small.

COPENHAGEN MARKET—The earliest large round-headed cabbage; very uniform compact white heads with faint tinge of green, usually about six to seven inches in diameter. Excellent for market and home garden.

CHARLESTON or LARGE WAKEFIELD—Finest spring variety for the South. Heart-shaped heads, when mature, average from 10 to 12 pounds each, very solid and hard. Remarkable for its quick growing habit, being two weeks earlier than the flat-head variety.

EARLY DRUMHEAD—A round flat type which produces a large head.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 50c; 1 lb. $1.25; add postage for mail delivery.

Early Flat Dutch Cabbage.

Second Early and Late Varieties

ALL SEASON (KRAUT CABBAGE)—A desirable large cabbage of intermediate season, adapted for fall and late summer uses. Heads are nearly round or somewhat flattened, average weight about 9 pounds, very solid and of excellent quality most popular for kraut.

CHINESE or PE TSAI—This variety is straight and has short leaves. Makes a solid head with few outer leaves and matures quickly. The shape of the head somewhat resembles celery and for that reason this variety is sometimes called Celery Cabbage If boiled like cabbage it must be cooked quickly.

EARLY FLAT DUTCH—The best and largest early flat cabbage for the South. Heads are very solid and weigh from 6 to 8 lbs. Mature earlier than any other variety of equal size. Highly suitable for every growing season.

LARGE LATE FLAT DUTCH—One of the best varieties for fall and winter use, largely planted by our local gardeners. Plants are exceptionally vigorous with large broad outer leaves, interior firm, crisp and tender; average weight 12 or 14 pounds.

SUCCESSION—Plant both spring and fall. Heads flat, deep and solid, averaging about six pounds. This is a good variety for general purpose.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 50c; 1 lb. $1.25; add postage for mail delivery.

Frost Proof Cabbage Plants

Grown from Square Brand Seeds. Varieties: Early Jersey Wakefield, Stein's Early Flat Dutch, Copenhagen Market. Set 75 to 100 to 100 ft. of drill. Plants packed 100 to the bundle and orders filled in multiples of 100 only, one variety to the 100. Plants ready for shipment January 15th.

Remittance must accompany order, no plants shipped C. O. D.

Postpaid prices: 100 plants 65c; 200 plants $1.00. Write for special quantity prices.

Brussels Sprouts

CULTURE — Like cabbage. However, when sprouts begin to form remove the lower leaves to force all nourishment sent to lower stem into the sprouts.

LONG ISLAND IMPROVED—A vegetable growing in market value. Used extensively for boiling. Very good when served in cream sauce. Sprouts resemble miniature cabbages, growing closely on the stalk of the plant. Plant is very hardy and will live through the winter in most sections of the South. Plant and cultivate like cabbage. Be sure to plant some this year.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c; ¼ lb. 60c; lb. $2.00; add postage for mail delivery.

Brussels Sprouts.

Broccoli.

Broccoli

Plant a packet this year—and you'll want this fine vegetable every year hereafter.

CULTURE—The same as Cauliflower. A packet will produce about 100 plants; one ounce will produce 1,500 plants.

CALABRESE GREEN SPROUTING — A variety that is very popular in this section. The head is a compact cluster of tightly closed flower buds and resembles cauliflower only in shape. Served the same as asparagus. It is adapted to growing in spring, summer and fall.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c; ¼ lb. 75c; lb. $2.50.

Add postage for mail delivery.

SEE SPECIAL LIST FOR LARGER QUANTITY PRICES.

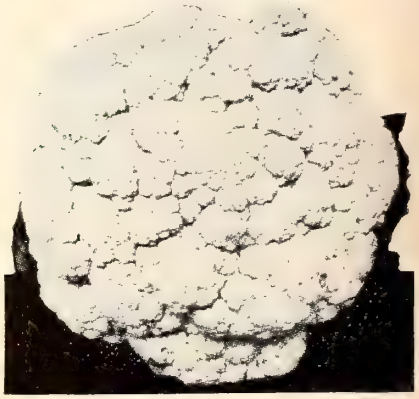
Cauliflower

CULTURE—For spring and early summer crop, sow in February or March in a hotbed. Transplant to cold frames when large enough to handle. Set out after all danger of hard freezing is past. The soil should be like that used for cabbage.

For a fall crop, sow in July or August and treat the plants as explained above. To bleach the heads, tie the leaves over them. A package will produce about 150 plants; an ounce sufficient to plant an acre.

EARLY SNOWBALL—Unquestionably the earliest maturing variety. Adapted for forcing or wintering over for early crop; also one of the best sorts for late summer and fall crop, most desirable for the home garden. Heads are of medium to large size, solid, round, very white and are developed earlier than those of any other variety.

Pkt. 10c; ½ oz. 75c; oz. $1.25; add postage for mail delivery.



Early Snowball Cauliflower.

Turnips and Rutabagas

Purple Top White Globe.

CULTURE—For summer use, sow early in spring in light, rich or new soil in drills 1½ to 2 feet apart and cover one-half inch deep. They may be sown broadcast, but in either case be sure to have the ground rich and freshly stirred. It is important to get the spring and summer crops started early so that the turnips may have time to grow to sufficient size before hot weather causes them to become tough and bitter. For the fall or main crop, sow from the middle of July to the middle of September and in the manner given for spring sowing. A packet will sow about 50 feet of drill; an ounce 200 feet; 1 pound per acre in drills, or 6 to 8 pounds broadcast.

PURPLE TOP WHITE GLOBE—A popular variety with market gardeners and for the home garden. Very attractive globular shape, flesh white and fine grained, tender and excellent flavor. Our strain of this variety produces very uniform roots—ideal for marketing.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 15c; lb. 40c; add postage for mail delivery.

Rutabaga.

PURPLE TOP STRAP LEAF — A very early variety, very extensively used for the table. Leaves are few and upright in growth. Roots flat, medium size, of a purple or dark red color. Best variety for early spring or fall sowing.

POMERANIAN WHITE GLOBE — One of the most productive varieties. Roots are globe-shaped, or slightly flattened, skin very white and smooth. Best for table when the roots are not more than 4 to 5 inches long. The tops are used for greens. A favorite with home gardeners and canners.

LONG WHITE COWHORN — Roots of this variety are often 12 to 15 inches long and 3 inches in diameter, carrot-like in form and slightly crooked. Best for table use when 3 or 4 inches long, but can be grown longer for stock feeding.

SEVEN TOP (For Turnip Greens)—Cultivate extensively for the tops, which are used for greens. Very hardy and the growth usually continues throughout the winter. Not generally depended upon for the root.

AMBER GLOBE — One of the best yellow-fleshed varieties. Roots are of large size and globular shape and the skin is a clear yellow, except the top, which is tinged with green.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 15c; lb. 40c; add postage for mail delivery.

Shogoin or Japanese.

RUTABAGA—IMPROVED AMERICAN PURPLE TOP—A strain of purple-topped Rutabaga, with a smaller top and much shorter neck than other varieties. Roots are globular shaped and grow to a large size. Excellent for both table use and stock feeding.

PURPLE TOP MILAM — An extra early turnip which matures from one to two weeks earlier than any other variety. Flattened, round root, smooth and white. Top purple-red. Flesh deliciously flavored.

EARLY WHITE FLAT DUTCH (Strap Leaf) — Very early white turnip, extensively used for the table. Roots are medium-sized, flat, very white-fleshed, fine-grained, and sweet.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 15c; lb. 40c Add postage for mail delivery.

SHOGOIN or JAPANESE—A new variety extensively used, especially valuable for turnip greens. Leaves grow upright, about 2 feet high when fully developed, and due to its rapid growth, it is practically free from insect attacks. Roots pure white, between flat and globe in shape, very popular with the canners. Sometimes sold as louse-resistant turnip. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 15c; lb. 50c; add postage for mail delivery.**

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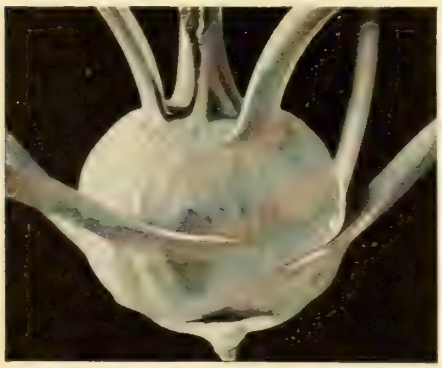
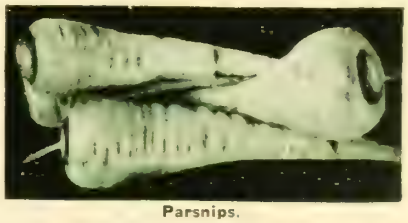
Kohl Rabi

CULTURE — Sow seed in early spring and when well established thin to 6 inches apart in the row. Plantings may be made in July for fall use. A packet will sow about 40 feet of drill; ½ ounce 200 feet; 3 pounds to the acre.

EARLIEST WHITE VIENNA—Extremely early, with distinctly small tops. Bulbs medium size, very light green, nearly white. Very mild and flavor most delicious. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 50c; lb. $1.75; add postage for mail delivery.**



Kohl Rabi.



Parsnips.

Parsnips

CULTURE—Excellent for table use, prepared like turnips or carrots. More nutritious than turnips, and surplus may be fed to stock, especially milk cows. Soil is best on rich, mellow soil. Sow in early spring and cover seed ½-inch, pressing soil down firmly. When well established, thin to 6 inches apart in drill. A packet will sow 40 feet of drill; ½ ounce 200 feet; 4 to 5 pounds per acre.

HOLLOW CROWN—An excellent variety for the table. Roots long with smooth white flesh, uniform in shape, very tender. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 30c; lb. $1.00; add postage for mail delivery.**

SEE SPECIAL LIST FOR LARGER QUANTITY PRICES.

Healthful Root Crops

Danver Half-Long Carrot.

Square Brand Carrots

For Delicious salads—flavoring soups and colorful garnishing

CULTURE—While a sandy loam made rich by manuring the previous year is the best soil for the carrot, any good land, if thoroughly and deeply worked, will produce satisfactory crops. It is advisable to sow as early in the spring as the ground is fit to work. For table use, sow the small varieties early in rows 16 to 18 inches apart. For field culture, sow in drills 18 to 24 inches apart. Cover one-half to one inch deep and see that the soil is pressed firmly above the seed. As soon as the plants appear, use the cultivator or wheel hoe and thin to 2 to 6 inches apart in the row, according to the size of the variety. Use a packet to 6 feet of drill ½ ounce to 100 feet of drill; 2 pounds to the acre.

CHANTENAY—A splendid bunch sort and very popular with market gardeners and truckers. Tops are medium sized with small neck. The mature roots are thick, 5 to 6 inches in length, uniformly half-long, stump-rooted but taper slightly, are smooth and of a deep orange-red.

DANVER HALF-LONG—Very productive and popular variety for home and market gardens. The tops are of medium size and the roots are from 6 to 8 inches long, uniformly to the blunt point; flesh deep orange and very tender.

OXHEART CARROT—This is a very good variety, especially for home gardens. It is delightfully flavored and grows largely above the ground which makes harvesting much easier, especially in tight soils.

IMPROVED LONG ORANGE—Roots are long and comparatively thick, often 12 inches in length and 3 inches in diameter at the crown, tapering regularly to a point. Late-maturing, suitable for table use as well as stock food.

WHITE BELGIAN—The finest carrot for stock feeding. Roots average a foot long and two inches in diameter at the crown, tapering very slightly downward. Flesh and skin are white, tinged with green on the upper portion. Provide abundant food for your stock—and especially desirable for dairy cattle.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 25c; lb. 75c; add postage for mail delivery.

Chantenay.

Salsify or Oyster Plant

A delightful vegetable which should be planted more in this territory. May be used like carrots; or, after having been boiled, it may be made into cakes and fried like oysters, which it resembles in flavor.

CULTURE—Sow in rows 12 to 18 inches apart. Thin to 6 or 7 inches apart in the row. Cover the seeds firmly with one-half inch fine soil. Cultivate the same as carrots or parsnips. 1 oz. to 100 feet of drill; 8 lbs. to the acre.

MAMMOTH SANDWICH ISLAND—The best variety. Grows to a large size and is very mild and delicately flavored. Grown extensively by gardeners where markets have been established.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 50c; 1 lb. $1.50; add postage for mail delivery

Listen to the Square Branders program each Sunday afternoon, between 3:15 and 3:30. Good resourceful talent, music you like and lots of useful information to gardeners, planters, farmers, poultry raisers and flower lovers. Station WFAA each Sunday—3:15 to 3:30.

Salsify.

Table and Canning Beets

CULTURE—The best results are obtained on a deep, rich sandy loam. Sow as early as the ground can be prepared in drills 18 inches apart and thin out to 3 or 4 inches in rows. Planting in succession you can still be having tender greens when the roots are pulled for canning. Beets are easily stored for use during the winter. Always sow in freshly prepared soil, which should be pressed firmly over the seed. A packet will sow a row 25 feet long; 1 ounce 100 feet; 6 pounds per acre.

DETROIT DARK RED—One of the best beets for market and home garden and on account of its uniformly rich color the most desirable for canning. Roots are medium-size, globular or nearly round, very smooth and dark blood-red. A desirable bunching variety, a little later than the Crosby Egyptian.

CROSBY EGYPTIAN—The most popular and one of the earliest of all beets. It is especially desirable for bunching because of its small top. This strain is a dark red, zoned with a lighter shade. We recommend this beet for all markets except the Dallas market which prefers a lighter colored beet, like the Special Crosby.

SPECIAL CROSBY — A beet bred especially for Dallas market which uses a light colored beet. Similar in every respect to the Crosby Egyptian, but light red instead of dark red.

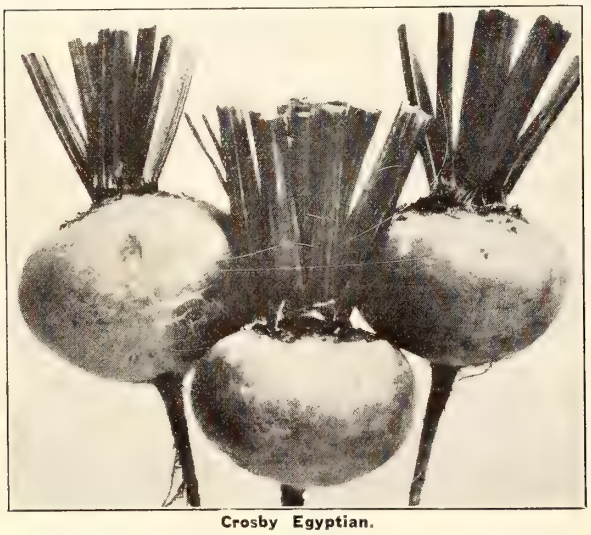
EARLY BLOOD TURNIP—Roots nearly round or slightly flattened, and bright red with zonings of a lighter shade. A good variety for the home garden.

EARLY ECLIPSE — An extra early variety with globular roots and short tops. Round, smooth and dark red, circled with lighter red. Good for home and market gardens.

LONG SMOOTH BLOOD — A long, carrot-shaped beet, often over a foot in length. Flesh is deep red in color, sweet, and of high quality, exceptionally tender. It keeps splendidly through the winter and is especially recommended where space is limited.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 25c; lb. 75c; add postage for mail delivery.

SEE SPECIAL LIST FOR LARGER QUANTITY PRICES.



Crosby Egyptian.

The attention of Dairymen and Stockmen is directed to the White Belgian and Improved Long Orange Carrots listed above, highly recommended for feeding purposes. On page 60 you will find Mangels listed, and a letter from a breeder of fine stock, telling his experience with this kind of feed crop.

Long Smooth Blood.

Roots to Serve Raw

Square Brand Radishes

CULTURE—For open ground culture, sow in rich, sandy soil as soon in the spring as it is fit to work, in drills 12 to 18 inches apart, and thin out the plants to prevent crowding. They should receive plenty of water, and in order to raise the best radishes, they should be grown quickly. Crisp radishes cannot be produced in heavy soils. Successive sowings from one week to ten days apart will keep up a supply. A packet will sow 20 feet of drill; an ounce 100 feet; 10 pounds per acre. Thin out the small varieties one inch apart and the larger varieties 3 to 4 inches.

Round Varieties

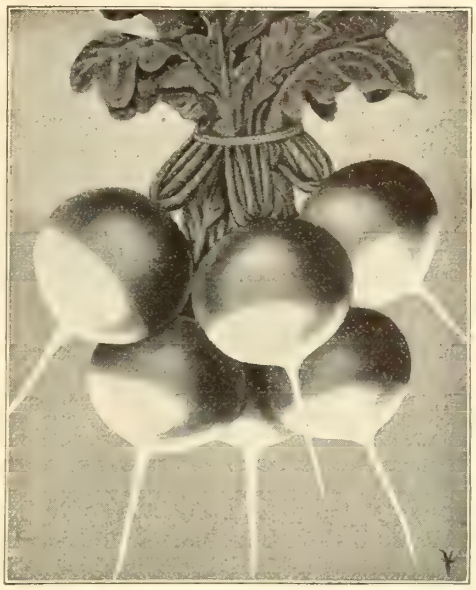
EARLY SCARLET TURNIP—An excellent extra early forcing radish. Roots are small, nearly round, and of bright scarlet color; tops very small, flesh white, crisp, and well flavored. One of the best of the forcing varieties.

EARLY SCARLET TURNIP WHITE TIPPED — (Sparkler Strain)—Small round roots of rich scarlet color with a pronounced tip of pure white, well adapted for forcing. Remains solid and crisp a long time. Ready for table use in 20 days after planting. One of the best market types.

FRENCH BREAKFAST — A quick growing, small, olive-shaped radish about 1½ inches long by ⅝ of an inch in diameter when full grown. Color beautiful deep rose scarlet, except a little clear white about the tips.

CRIMSON GIANT—A round radish of exceptionally large size, and early. Roots are nearly globe-shaped of beautiful crimson color; desirable for general outdoor planting and for forcing where a very large round radish is wanted.

ROUND BLACK SPANISH—Almost round and measure three to four inches through. Skin black, flesh white, solid and pungent. A fine keeper.



Early Scarlet Turnip Radish—White Tip.

VICK'S EARLY SCARLET GLOBE—A slightly olive-shaped variety, rich bright scarlet in color. Flesh white and tender. We especially recommend this type to gardeners. Large fast early forcing radish which sells readily. Very desirable for the home gardener also. Be sure to plant some of these.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 20c; lb. 60c; add postage for mail delivery.

Long Varieties

WHITE ICICLE—The most popular long white radish, and one of the earliest. Tops medium size; roots clear white, slender, smooth, and average when mature 6 to 7 inches long. Very crisp and tender.

CHARTIER—One of the very best long radishes for early summer use in the home garden, and a desirable market crop. Scarlet at the top and shades to a clear white at the tip. Delicious flavor, remains crisp and tender for a long time.

CINCINNATI MARKET — A desirable market variety with roots similar to early Long Scarlet Short Top, but longer—and a deeper red. Stays crisp and fresh for shipping and market for long time.

LONG SCARLET SHORT TOP—An extra early, long radish, ready for use in 25 days. Roots grow 5 to 6 inches long with a third of their length above the ground. Flesh is crisp and tender until fully grown; tops short and small.

CHINA ROSE WINTER — Extensively grown for fall and winter use. Roots are cylindrical, or largest near the bottom and blunt at both ends. Skin smooth and of a bright deep rose color. A desirable late maturing garden variety.

LONG BLACK SPANISH — Especially adapted for winter use. Roots long, thick, almost black, somewhat wrinkled. Flesh white, of firm texture, decidedly pungent.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 20c; lb. 60c; add postage for mail delivery.

White Icicle Radish.

For April Planting

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The Community Market Movement

Just a few women market farm products at Clarksville, but they report an average of $14.88 per month per member, in cash sales. The Boone County home demonstration market was organized in January, 1934, and has kept open each Saturday except legal holidays. In a year they sold around a thousand dollars worth of fresh vegetables, poultry, eggs, cottage cheese and canned foods. They are making it a permanent venture. Another community reports such sales as averaging around $100 each Saturday, but another community that has been marketing like this for four years reports about $150 per week in sales. Thrifty women indeed, who are adding to their savings through co-operative sales from their gardens, poultry flocks, cows, and orchards.

Other Root Crops

HORSERADISH — Horseradish can be grown successfully almost anywhere in the South, but gives best results in rich, rather moist, partly shaded locations. **Postpaid: 40c per doz.; 25 roots 70c; 50 roots $1.20; 100 roots $2.15.**

RHUBARB or PIE PLANT—The earliest plant you can use in the spring for pie-making and stewing. Also has great medicinal qualities. Recommended for Gulf Coast sections, but it does well in the central south and central north in moist, rich, heavily fertilized, partly shaded locations. Set out the roots in early spring. **Postpaid: 25c each; $2.50 per dozen.**

SEE SPECIAL LIST FOR PRICES ON LARGER QUANTITIES.

Early Scarlet Turnip.

Asparagus.

Asparagus

A VEGETABLE THAT GROWS MORE POPULAR EVERY YEAR.

CULTURE—Soak the seed at least 24 hours before planting. Sow in spring or fall in rows 18 inches apart. Cover seed about 1 inch. When plants are well established thin to about one inch apart. By the following spring the roots will be ready for setting in the permanent bed. One ounce of seed to 100 feet of drill. 5 pounds will plant an acre.

ROOT CULTURE—The soil for asparagus must be well drained, and should be worked to a depth of 16 or 18 inches, using a liberal dress of stable manure or peat moss. Dig trenches about 4 inches deep and 16 inches wide, place the roots, crown up, about 15 to 20 inches apart. Rows should be at least 4 feet apart. Early in the spring spade a liberal dressing of manure between the rows and apply a little nitrate of soda or ammonia sulphate. It requires about 60 to 80 to 100 ft. of drill.

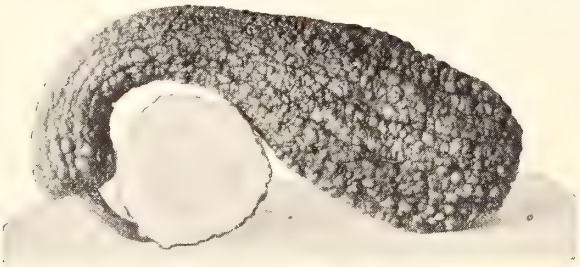
WASHINGTON ASPARAGUS SEED—An improved strain of rust resistant qualities. Produces long, straight stalks of a rich green color running darker at the tips. Very popular with commercial gardeners. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 40c; add postage for mail delivery.**

ASPARAGUS ROOTS — Large, healthy planting size. **Doz. 40c; 50 $1.25; 100 $2.00; postpaid.**

Square Brand Squash Seed

CULTURE—Plants are very tender and sensitive to cold and planting must be delayed until warm weather. The general principles of Culture are the same as those given for cucumbers and melons, but plants are less particular as to soil. Summer varieties should be planted four feet apart each way and the winter sorts eight feet. Three plants are sufficient for a hill. A packet will sow about 8 hills; an ounce 60 hills; 4 pounds per acre.

EARLY SUMMER CROOKNECK—Popular type of summer crookneck squash with bush vines. Fruits rather small, golden-yellow, and thickly covered with warts.



Early Summer Crookneck Squash.

GIANT STRAIGHTNECK—A very popular summer variety, preferred by many gardeners because necks do not break off so easily as the crookneck. Similar in size and flavor to the crookneck.

EARLY YELLOW BUSH—Very similar to Early White Bush except color is a golden yellow. Fruit somewhat sweeter. Mature in 60 days.

FORDHOOK VINING — A summer variety, adapted also for winter use. Fruits are about 8x3 inches in size; skin a light green, while the sides are rigged or scalloped and taper toward the stemmed end; flesh extremely thick and sweet. It can be baked as you would bake sweet potatoes.

MOTTLED ZUCCHINI—A very fine shipping variety and one which is becoming popular on the Dallas market. At maturity they are about 14 inches long and 4 inches thick. Excellent quality and flavor.

EARLY WHITE BUSH SCALLOP—The most popular of white summer types of squash. Fruits are rather small, quite flat, with ridges or scalloped edges. Extremely prolific, and disease-resistant.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 30c; lb. $1.00; add postage for mail delivery.

Square Brand Egg-Plants

ARE DELICIOUS STUFFED, FRIED OR BAKED.

CULTURE—Sow in hotbed in early spring and transplant to cold-frame when plants have two rough leaves on them. Set in open when all danger of frost or cold nights is past, and it is best to shade the young plant from the hot sun. Hoe frequently, keeping the soil loose and fine. Mature in about 120 days. A packet will produce about 150 plants; an ounce about 3,000 plants; ¼ pound for an acre.

BLACK BEAUTY—The earliest large Eggplant. Fruits are a rich dark purple. Disease-resistant and a very desirable sort for the market. Very popular with truckers in south and southwest Texas.

NEW YORK PURPLE SPINELESS—A general favorite for the market and home garden. Fruits are large and free from thorns. Is only a few days later than Black Beauty in maturing.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c; ¼ lb. 90c; lb. $3.50; add postage for mail delivery.

Black Beauty Egg Plant.

Egg-Plant Plants

Grown from Square Brand seeds. Black Beauty variety only. Plants packed 25 to the bundle, ready for shipment about the middle of April. Set about 75 plants to 100 ft. of drill.

Postpaid prices: 25 plants 35c; 50 plants 65c; 100 plants $1.00. Write for special quantity prices.

SEE SPECIAL LIST FOR QUANTITY PRICES.

Dwarf Long Green Pod Okra.

Okra

CULTURE—The young pods are used in soups, stews, catsups, etc. After danger of frost is past, sow in rows about 2½ feet apart covering with about an inch of fine soil firmly pressed down. When about three inches high, thin to about 1 foot apart in the row. Cultivate and keep free from weeds. The pods are in best condition for use when from 1 to 3 inches long. Use a packet to about 25 feet of drill; 2 ounces to 100 feet; 8 pounds per acre.

DWARF STALK LONG GREEN POD — A sturdy dwarf-growing variety, quite early and productive. Pods are long and corrugated, attractive dark green in color. Very good for the home garden, and is of the type most used for canning.

PERKINS MAMMOTH—Tall stalks, long green pods. A desirable canning variety.

WHITE VELVET — The standard variety planted for home use and local shipment. Pods are almost altogether free from ridges. Plants are about 3½ feet high and very productive.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 20c; lb. 45c.

Early White Bush Squash

Helpful Hints To Vegetable Gardeners

Decide on how much ground you will use, and what you will plant. Buy your seeds early so you can take advantage of first signs of spring. Be sure they are seeds of quality and from a reputable seedsman. Plow or spade before the ground freezes, if possible. A little fertilizer or manure will insure better crops. Don't cover seeds too deep. Follow the culture directions. Leave the garden alone until the plants have come up. When you water, do it thoroughly—don't sprinkle—soak. Don't think water will take the place of cultivation—it won't. You will have a better garden if you use the hoe more and the hose less. Weeds are garden robbers—kill them when they are small. Get a good spray and use it. Have a good hoe, rake, fork and spade and a hand cultivator if possible.

Square Brand Cucumbers

FOR PICKLING, STUFFING, BAKING, BOILING.

Davis Perfect.

CULTURE—To obtain the largest yield of cucumbers, soil should be well enriched with well-rotted manure, or commercial fertilizer, and the location should be fully exposed to the sun. Plant the seed not over 1 inch deep in hills 4 to 6 feet apart each way, dropping 15 to 20 seeds in a hill. After the plants begin to crowd, thin to 3 plants to the hill. Give frequent but shallow cultivation until the plants make runners. Pick the fruit as soon as it is large enough before it begins to ripen, as the vines will cease setting fruit as soon as any seeds begin to mature. In gathering for pickles, cut the stem instead of pulling the fruit off and be careful not to mar the fruit in any way; if the skin is broken, the pickles will not keep so well. Use a package to 14 hills; ½ oz. to 100 ft. of drill; 2 pounds per acre.

DAVIS PERFECT—A long, smooth cucumber, tapering at both ends, one of the most popular. A deep green color when in the slicing stage, and medium late in maturing. Fruits 9 to 10 inches long.

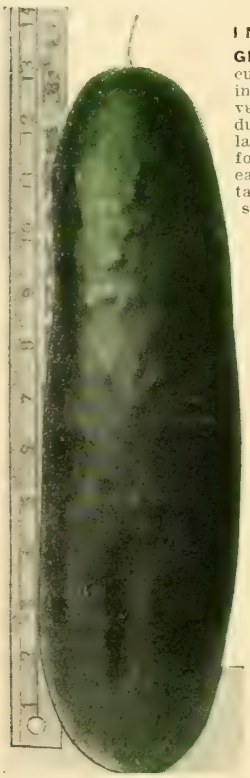
EARLY CLUSTER—A small variety, fruits growing in clusters near the roots; very early, prolific and uniform, the second most popular of the early pickling strain.

ARLINGTON WHITE SPINE—One of the oldest types, and most popular. A main crop variety and a little later than improved White Spine. Very productive. Fruits are 9 inches long with square block ends.

CHICAGO PICKLING—A very productive variety extensively grown for pickles. Vines are vigorous and the fruits are bright green, of medium size, very smooth and symmetrical, flesh crisp and tender.

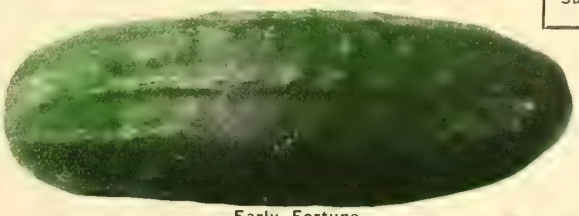
SMALL GHERKIN—For Pickles. A very small, oval, prickly fruited variety, and should always be pickled when young and tender.

JAPANESE CLIMBING—A variety used for its color qualities to cover trellises and fences. The color when ripe is deep russet, covered with a slight netting. Fruits measure 9 inches long.



Improved Long Green.

IMPROVED LONG GREEN — The standard cucumber for either slicing or pickling. Vines are very vigorous and productive. It is medium late and the best variety for hardiness and disease resistance. Ends taper somewhat and it is slightly warted.



Early Fortune.

EARLY FORTUNE—The best shipping variety. Very early, productive and disease-resistant. Color a rich dark green which does not fade when shipped a long distance. 7 to 9 inches long. A favorite on Southern markets.

BOSTON PICKLING—A bright green, medium sized, smooth variety very similar to Chicago Pickling.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 40c; lb. $1.00; add postage for mail delivery.

Celery

CULTURE—Sow in February, March and April in a hotbed and transfer to a cold-frame to make them stocky and strong. Seed should be covered ⅛ inch deep, and keep the moist to insure quick germination. A packet will produce about 300 plants. ¼ oz. to 100 ft. of drill; ¾ lb. per acre.

GOLDEN SELF-BLANCHING—The finest early and most profitable celery in cultivation. It has a natural golden yellow plant, and blanches quickly. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c; ¼ lb. 90c; add postage for mail delivery.**

CELERY SEED FOR SEASONING—Celery seed lends a most-delicious flavor to roasts, soups, boiled vegetables and numerous popular salads. These seeds have the delightful flavor of fresh celery itself, and are splendid to use in pickling. Immature seeds are quite as practical for this purpose as those adapted to planting, yet they are available at much lower prices. They of course, are not suitable for planting. When ordering, be sure to state "Celery seed **for seasoning**".

1 oz. Packages, 10c; ¼ lb. 25c; 1 lb. $1.00; add postage for mail delivery.

Golden Self-Blanching Celery.

SEE SPECIAL LIST FOR QUANTITY PRICES.

For May Planting

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Eat Energy Building Greens

Reselected Bloomdale Savoy.

Reselected Spinach

CULTURE—The seed should be planted in very rich ground in drills 16 to 20 inches apart. Plants should be thinned out two inches apart in the row when the leaves are an inch wide. Seed may also be sown broadcast. The main crop is sown in September or October for winter use, and in February and March for spring use. A packet will sow about 25 feet of drill; an ounce 100 feet; 8 lbs. per acre in drills; 20 to 25 pounds broadcast.

RESELECTED BLOOMSDALE SAVOY—A very early variety, and one of the best to plant in autumn for early spring use. Plants upright, with thick, glossy, dark green leaves of medium size, pointed but quite broad and crumpled.

VIROFLAY—Desirable for either spring or fall sowing. Leaves are very large, broad, thick, and arrow-shaped, much crumpled, and dark green in color. Desirable for canning.

NEW ZEALAND — Not related to true spinach but the leaves bear a resemblance to spinach and are useful as greens. Best for hot weather. The tender shoots are good quality, and may be cut throughout the summer. Plant three or four seeds in holes two feet apart each way. Germination of the seed can be hastened by soaking in warm water twenty-four hours before planting.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ½ lb. 20c; lb. 30c; add postage for mail delivery.

Kale or Borecole

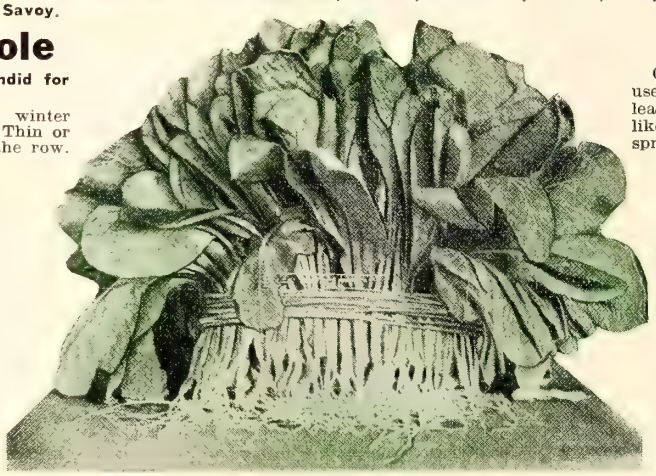
A good cooked green—also splendid for poultry.

CULTURE—Plant during fall, winter or spring in rows 2 feet apart. Thin or transplant to 18 inches apart in the row. One packet will plant 25 feet of drill; ¼ ounce to 100 feet; 1 pound will sow an acre.

DWARF GREEN CURLED — Finely curled, spreading, low-growing variety; very hardy and much used for greens. Largely planted for the home garden. Leaves are long and are of a bright green color.

TALL GREEN SCOTCH — The plant of this variety grows to 3 or 4 feet high, bearing long plume-like light green leaves which are deeply cut, also finely curled at the edges.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 25c; lb. 75c; add postage for mail delivery.



Tendergreens.

Mustard

CULTURE—Mustard is not only used as a condiment, but the green leaves are used as a salad, or boiled like spinach. Sow as early in the spring as the ground will permit in drills about 18 inches apart, covering ¼ inch deep. The seed may also be sown in autumn, and the plant used early in the spring as a salad and for greens. A packet will sow about 25 feet of drill; ¼ ounce 100 feet; 1 pound will plant an acre.

SOUTHERN GIANT CURLED—Leaves are large, light green with a tinge of yellow, much crimped and frilled at edges; plant upright or slightly spreading in growth. Highly esteemed in the South for the market as well as the home garden.

FLORIDA BROAD LEAF — Leaves are round and unfrilled rough, and a very dark green. A little slower growing than the frilled varieties but longer standing.

CHINESE SMOOTH-LEAF — An excellent variety with very large light green plain, comparatively smooth leaves. Plant is of very quick growth, fairly upright when young, becoming somewhat spreading at maturity.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 20c; lb. 50c; add postage for mail delivery.

Tendergreens

TENDERGREEN or JAPANESE MUSTARD SPINACH — A tender delicious quick-growing green. Is practically an all-season plant, and is ready for market 30 days from planting. It will stand extreme summer heat, also resistant to cold weather. Leaves are cooked and prepared for the table the same as Spinach, Turnip or Mustard Green.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 20c; lb. 60c; add postage for mail delivery.

Collards

CULTURE—A tall, loose leaved cabbage-like plant grown for winter greens. Largely used in home gardens for table use; also grown by many truckers for the market. Seed should be sown thickly, transplanting when 4 inches high, or sow in drills where plants are to remain, and when well started thin to 18 to 20 inches apart in rows. ½ ounce to 200 feet of row; ¼ pound for acre.

SOUTHERN or GEORGIA—An old-time favorite, very hardy. Plants grow 2 to 3 feet high, forming a cluster of tender leaves at the top of its rather long stem, and these leaves are used as greens.

CABBAGE or WHITE—A white heading variety that is as hardy as the ordinary collard but with better eating qualities.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 25c; lb. 75c; add postage for mail delivery.

Swiss Chard or Spinach Beet.

Swiss Chard or Spinach Beet

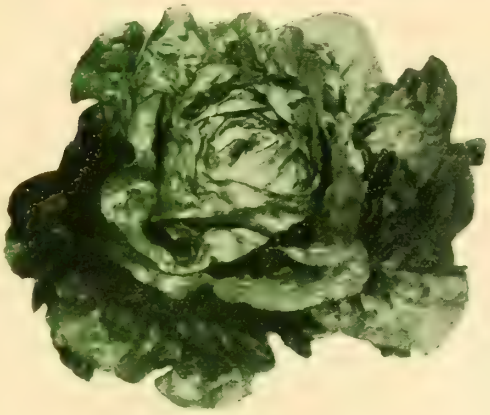
An outstanding green-leaved Swiss Chard. Leaves are almost identically like that of spinach, dark green in color. Will produce greens all summer, and is therefore available when spinach cannot be obtained. May be cooked and served as "boiled greens". Raised extensively by poultry growers, for green feed. This vegetable should be in every home garder.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 25c; lb. 75c; add postage for mail delivery.

SEE SPECIAL LIST FOR LARGER QUANTITY PRICES.

Southern or Georgia Collard.

Garnishes and Salads



Big Boston.

Lettuce

CULTURE—For best results with lettuce, it should be kept growing rapidly. A light, rich soil will do this. For earliest varieties, start the seed in a cold-frame in the fall and protect through the winter. Transplant to open ground as soon as the ground can be worked. For later use, sow the seed in the open ground when the season will permit, in rows a foot apart. Thin the plants in the rows to 4 to 6 inches, depending on the variety. A packet will sow about 25 feet of drill; ½ oz. to 100 feet; 3 pounds to the acre.

WONDERFUL or NEW YORK—Also known as Los Angeles Lettuce. Much used as a fall and winter market variety. Plants are very large, strong and robust, withstanding both hot and dry weather, and are slow to run to seed. The inner leaves form a large head, and are a beautiful yellowish color. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 50c; lb. $1.50; add postage for mail delivery.**

BIG BOSTON—Very popular for outdoor culture and is also in demand as a compact, large-heading, forcing variety for cold frames. Leaves are bright light green, heads slightly tinged with reddish-brown. Heads up under cold weather conditions better than any other variety; is grown extensively in the South for shipment to northern markets.

PARIS WHITE COS or ROMAINE—Is sometimes called Celery Lettuce, as the shape somewhat resembles a celery plant. Inner leaves nearly white, slightly tinged with green and decidedly firm and sweet.

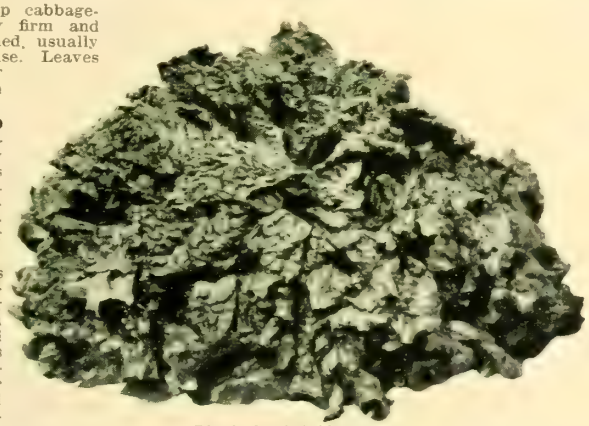
SIMPSON'S EARLY CURLED—Very extensively used for an early loose-leafed or clustering variety. Especially adapted for sowing thickly and cutting when the plants are young.

IMPROVED HANSON LETTUCE—The most desirable late summer variety, stands the hot, dry weather better than most summer varieties. Thin-leaved, curly, tight-headed, used extensively for the home garden as well as the market.

ICEBURG — A large crisp cabbage-heading variety, with very firm and hard heads and well blanched, usually sown in August for fall use. Leaves are medium green in color with faint brown tracing on the border.

SIMPSON'S BLACKSEEDED Best variety for sowing outdoors where an exceedingly tender leaf is desired. This curly and thin-leaved bunching variety is uniformly attractive and remains of excellent quality a very long time.

EARLY PRIZEHEAD—This is a crisp, tender and strictly loose-leaved, non-heading variety. Plant is medium large, leaves broad, crumpled and frilled, outside leaves tinged red, inner leaves wholly green. Very popular for the home garden, but will not stand shipping or handling on the market



Black Seeded Simpson.

CHICKEN LETTUCE—Grown extensively for poultry and rabbit feeding. It is a non-heading lettuce, producing an abundance of leaves over a long period of time. After cutting, stumps will make a new growth, with proper moisture, and you will be able to harvest another crop. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 35c; lb. $1.10; add postage for mail delivery.**

Herbs

CULTURE—Most herbs thrive best in sandy soil and are better flavored when grown on poor soil. The soil should be carefully prepared and well cultivated as the young plants are easily choked out by weeds. Sow as early as the ground can be made ready in drills 16 to 18 inches apart, lightly pressing the soil over the seed. Most of them should be cut when in bloom, wilted in the sun and thoroughly dried in the shade.

DILL—An annual of aromatic odor and warm pungent taste. Seeds are used for seasoning; produces medicinal properties but it is largely used for making dill pickles.

SAGE—One of the most extensively used herbs for seasoning. Cut the leaves in tender shoots just as the plant is coming into flower and dry quickly in the shade.

Pkt. 5c; add postage for mail delivery.

SEE SPECIAL LIST FOR QUANTITY PRICES.

Square Brand Seeds are bred for three outstanding qualities—**varietal purity, hi-germination and vitality.** This applies alike to Square Brand garden seeds, field seeds and flower seeds. Year after year, the producers of our seeds plant the best seed stock for breeding purposes, then cull out everything except the most perfect, vigorous plants. Then these seeds are checked and tested carefully after they come into our warehouses, and only those coming up to our standard are offered for sale.

For June Planting

VEGETABLES

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Parsley

CULTURE — Parsley succeeds best on rich, mellow soil. The seed is slow in germinating and should be sown as early as possible in the spring and drill 1 to 2 feet apart. Cover not more than ¼-inch with fine soil firmly pressed down. When the plants are well up, thin 3 inches apart in the row. Use a packet to 25 feet of drill; ¼ ounce to 100 feet; 3 pounds to an acre.

DOUBLE CURLED — A vigorous compact growing variety, excellent for garnishing and flavoring, and a handsome decorative plant. Leaves are finely cut, and the edges heavily crimped. Most popular for both the market and home garden. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 20c; lb. 60c; add postage for mail delivery.**

Endive

CULTURE—For late spring and summer use, sow the seed in open ground during February or March. For fall use sow in July or August. Requires about 100 days to mature a crop. A fine salad crop; leaves are also used for garnishing and flavoring. Use a packet to 25 feet of drill; an ounce to 100 feet; 2 pounds per acre.

LARGE GREEN CURLED — Very hardy, vigorous-growing variety, with bright deep green leaves; highly esteemed for the market and home garden, and much used for salads. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 25c; lb. 75c; add postage for mail delivery.**

Large Green Curled Endive.

Peppers for Stuffing and Seasoning

California Wonder.

INDISPENSABLE FOR SAUCES AND SALADS
PLANT AT LEAST TWO VARIETIES

CULTURE—Sow seed early in hotbed, and when three inches high transplant in rows about 2½ feet apart and 15 inches apart in the row. Cultivate and keep free from weeds. Packet will produce about 100 plants; an ounce about 2500 plants; 2 oz. will sow an acre.

Hot or Pungent Varieties

RED CHILI—A late variety. Pods are bright rich red, about 2 inches long, one-third to one-half inch in diameter at the base, tapering to a sharp point, and exceedingly hot when ripe. **Pkt. 10c; oz. 35c; ¼ lb. $1.00; add postage for mail delivery.**

LONG RED CAYENNE—A well-known, medium early variety, having a slender, twisted and pointed pod, about 4 inches long. The color is deep green when the fruit is young, and bright red when ripe. Flesh is extremely strong and hot.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c; ¼ lb. 75c; add postage for mail delivery.

World Beater.

Sweet Varieties

RUBY KING—An improved American variety, very large and attractive. Plants about 2½ feet high, vigorous, and compact. Fruits 4½ inches long, of deep green color when young, and bright red when ripe. Flesh thick and mild, one of the most popular varieties for stuffing.

WORLD BEATER—One of the largest varieties of sweet pepper. A cross between Ruby King and Chinese Giant, having the good qualities of both. When ripe it is bright scarlet, and the flesh is very thick, mild, and of a very fine flavor. Desirable for home or market use.

RUBY GIANT—Very attractive, grows to large size, exceptionally mild, and when ripe is of a bright scarlet color. Excellent for stuffing and a desirable sort for home or market gardens.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c; ¼ lb. 75c; add postage for mail delivery.

CALIFORNIA WONDER—A splendid new variety. Fruits a dark green, smooth surface, square in cross-section and very large, usually about 4 inches across, and 4 to 5 inches deep. Flesh usually ¼-inch thick, the thickest flesh of any pepper. Very desirable for the home garden and exceptionally profitable for commercial growers.

CHINESE GIANT—Fruits are a rich dark green, turning to a brilliant scarlet red when ripe. They are four to five inches broad and fully as long. The flesh is particularly thick for a pepper of such large size. It is always strictly mild and sweet. Exceptionally desirable for use in salads and one of the best varieties for stuffing.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 35c; ¼ lb. $1.00; add postage for mail delivery.

PIMIENTO—A fine sweet pepper, excellent for salads or canning. Round, pointed, very thick fleshed and so mild many enjoy eating them from the hand.

BELL or BULL NOSE—Not as tall-growing as the later varieties, but vigorous, sturdy, and productive. Fruits are a medium size square shape, and when immature they are deep green in color, turning to a bright scarlet red when ripe.

Prices: Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c; ¼ lb. 75c; add postage for mail delivery.

Red Cayenne.

Pepper Plants

Ready for shipment about the middle of May.

Prices: Postpaid—25 plants 35c; 50 plants 65c; 100 plants $1.00. Write for prices in larger quantities.

Market Gardeners and Truckers should be sure to call for quantity prices before buying their requirements of Pepper Plants.

Tomato Plants

Grown from Square Brand seeds, and ready for shipment about the middle of March. Varieties: Dwarf Champion, Dwarf Stone, McGee, Marglobe and Gulf State Market.

Postpaid prices: 25 plants 35c; 50 plants 45c; 100 plants 65c. Write for special quantity prices.

Square Brand Selected Tomato Seed

CULTURE—Tomatoes do best on light, warm, not over-rich soil, and success depends largely upon securing a rapid, vigorous, and unchecked growth during the early part of the season. Sow in January and February in hotbeds for early crops. Set out the plants as soon as danger from frost is over, but before doing so, harden off the plants by gradually exposing them to the night air and by the withdrawal of water until the wood becomes hard and the leaves thick and of a dark green color. Transplant carefully and cultivate well as long as the vines will permit. If to be grown without training, the plants are usually set from three to four feet apart each way, according to this growth of the variety. All Square Brand tomato seeds are from carefully selceted seed stocks and we invite comparison with any on the market. A packet will produce about 100 plants; an ounce about 3,000 plants; 1½ ounces will produce sufficient plants to set out an acre.

Early Varieties

LOUISIANA PINK—Another very fine pink early variety, and an old and very popular variety. Fruits large and smooth. Vines strong and produce a remarkable quality of fruit. Splendid for market and home gardens.

BONNY BEST—This variety is a favorite for forcing—just the size wanted; color rich scarlet red, very smooth, round and high crowned; fruits set in bunches and in great abundance. Vines vigorous and very productive. Crop ripens uniformly. Very satisfactory for either market or home use.

EARLY TEXAS SPECIAL—A bright scarlet variety not only on the surface, but all the way through. Fruits are large, regular in shape and a semi-globe type. Vines vigorous and prolific and bear their fruits in clusters. Very desirable for salad or slicing; also for canning. Fruits average from 7 to 8 ounces in weight and mature in 90 days after planting.

CHALK'S EARLY JEWEL — Fruits are a bright deep scarlet-red, nearly round, somewhat flattened, smooth and of large size. Ripen very early and the pickings continue through a long season. A fine variety for the home garden.

JOHN BAER—An extra early scarlet-fruited variety. Vines very hardy and exceptionally productive. Fruits largest of the extra early varieties, nearly round, smooth, firm and of excellent quality. A desirable variety for market gardeners, shippers and canners.

CLARK'S EARLY — A variety which has proven very satisfactory to canners and shippers. Bright scarlet in color. Fruits large, semi-globe and remarkably regular in shape. Deep from stem to bloom end. Small core, small seed pockets and heavily meated. Vines are vigorous and prolific. Fruits borne in most attractive clusters.

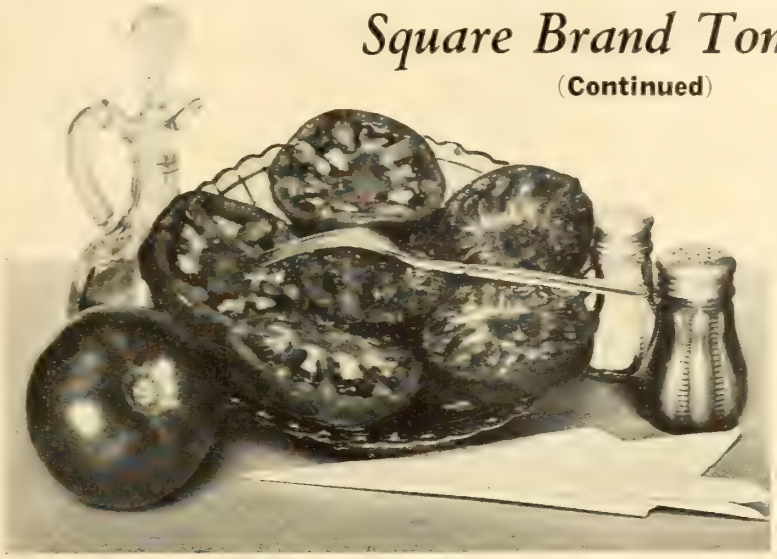
SPARK'S EARLIANA — This is one of the earliest varieties of tomatoes. Fruits are bright deep scarlet and somewhat flattish. Produced mostly in the center of the plant. Very productive and one of the most popular for market and home garden.

Prices: Pkt. 10c; oz. 30c; ¼ lb. 95c; lb. $3.00; add postage for mail delivery.

SEE SPECIAL LIST FOR QUANTITY PRICES.

Square Brand Tomatoes

(Continued)



Dwarf Champion.

Plant Plenty To Sell, Eat and Can

GULF STATE MARKET — Suitable for home or growing for local markets. Vines very hardy and fruits are true globe-shaped, free from cracks or blemishes around the blossom end. Ripen uniformly. The fruit colors a rich purplish-pink clear to the stem after picking.

JUNE PINK—The best and earliest of the pink varieties. Sets fruit in clusters of from six to eight. Fruit similar to the popular Earliana. Uniform, smooth and solid. Excellent for shipping. Recommended for market gardening. Matures early and continues bearing until frost. A very fine variety.

EARLY DETROIT — Another among the vine early purplish-pink varieties. Vines strong and very productive. Fruits smooth, uniform in size, nearly globe-shaped, firm and excellent quality. Good for shipping, marketing and home use.

ACME—An early, well-known, hardy and productive variety. Fruits are purplish-pink, round, smooth and of medium size, free from cracks. Stand shipment very well. A very good home garden variety also. Fruit clusters 5 to 7.

Prices: Pkt. 10c; oz. 35c; ¼ lb. $1.25; lb. $4.00; add postage for mail delivery.

Main Varieties

COOPER'S SPECIAL—Vines about 3 ft. tall. Produce good sized clusters of attractive fruit, medium size, globe shape, light purplish-pink color, solid and meaty. Flavor very fine. Exceptionally valuable for Southern shippers and equally valuable in the home garden.

MARGLOBE—Another good shipping variety, as well as very desirable for home gardens. Fruits of deep red color, globe-shaped. Bred for resistance to disease—particularly nail head rust and wilt. Small core.

McGEE—Yields where others fail. A very prolific variety. Fruits large, solid with very few seeds, of fine flavor and are a bright crimson color with a sprinkling of pink fruits among them. Nearly as early as Earliana. Has proven exceptionally good for the black land belt.

NEW STONE—One of the old favorite late or main crop tomatoes. Fruits are large, smooth and have a deep scarlet skin. This is a standard variety with truckers and canners who know that they can depend upon it for a large crop of attractive and heavy fruits.

GREATER BALTIMORE—A good canner. Fruits medium to large sized, solid and meaty, of a rich bright red color. Very productive.

Prices: Pkt. 10c; oz. 30c; ¼ lb. 95c; lb. $3.00; add postage for mail delivery.

MARGLOBE A—Seeds produced from pedigreed strain, carefully selected for the man who wants an absolutely uniform crop. This is a splendid shipping variety. Scarlet-fruited and disease resistant.

DWARF CHAMPION—A second early purplish-pink variety, especially desirable where garden space is limited. Vines about two feet high, vigorous, upright and compact. Fruits, medium to small in size. One of the best of the small tree varieties.

REDFIELD BEAUTY—A fine selected strain of Beauty Tomato. Large, smooth, flesh of finest quality. A Glossy crimson with a touch of purple. Vines extremely hardy and its comparative freedom from rotting under the most trying conditions makes it a favorite everywhere.

DWARF STONE—A splendid tree type. Late maturing; color bright red, exceedingly smooth, medium size and very solid. Desirable for the home garden. Growing in popularity.

GOLDEN QUEEN—A main crop, yellow fruited variety. Fruits of medium size and sets in clusters.

Prices: Pkt. 10c; oz. 35c; ¼ lb. $1.25; lb. $4.00; add postage for mail Delivery.

RED PONDEROSA—A large deep pink. Vines vigorous and very productive. Fruits solid with exceptionally few seeds, fairly smooth, and larger than any other variety. Good for slicing and well flavored.

GOLDEN PONDEROSA—Similar to the red type. Sliced and served with the Red Ponderosa, it makes a most decorative and appetizing salad. Runs nearly true to type, with a small percentage of mixed fruits.

Prices: Pkt. 10c; oz. 35c; ¼ lb. $1.25; lb. $4.50; add postage for mail Delivery.

SEE SPECIAL LIST FOR QUANTITY PRICES.

For July Planting

VEGETABLES

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Mustard	14
Potatoes, Irish	19
Potatoes, Sweet	19
Rutabaga	9
Squash, Late	12
Turnips	9
FIELD	
Clover	56
Corn	59
Darso	62
Peas, Stock	56-57-58
Rye	61
Sorghum	62-63
Sunflower	61
Vetch	57

Early Varieties

BREAK O' DAY—A tomato developed by Dr Fred J. Pritchard of the Department of Agriculture. A cross between Marvano and Marglobe. Fruit is the same color, shape and size as Marglobe, but is from 10 to 12 days earlier in maturity. Yields along with Bonny Best and other early varieties. A heavy yielder, globe-shaped, with few seeds.

PRITCHARD—A second early, scarlet fruited variety. Fruits medium size and smooth. Solid, having 4 to 5 seed cells. Sets in clusters of four to five. Vine short jointed and low growth with heavy foliage.

BURBANK—One of the earliest scarlet fruited varieties. Vine small, open and spreading. Large clusters of fruit. Cell structure irregular, fruit medium, somewhat flat.

Small Fruited Tomatoes

FOR PRESERVING.

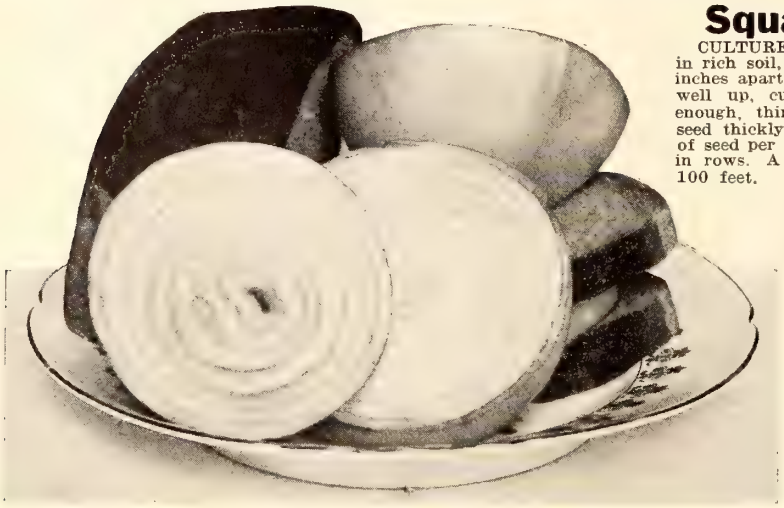
RED CHERRY—A miniature tomato chiefly grown in the home garden for use in preserves. Mature in 70 days to a uniformly round shape and even size. Fruit scarlet red, tough skin and firm, mild flesh. About size of a cherry.

YELLOW PEAR—This spear-head small fruit is extensively used for preserves in various ways. A rich clear yellow, well flavored. Ripen in 70 days.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 35c; ¼ lb. $1.25; lb. $4.50; add postage for mail delivery.

Gulf State Market.

A Year-Round Staple for Every Garden



Square Brand Onion Seed

CULTURE—As early in spring as ground can be worked sow in rich soil, thoroughly pulverized, and level in rows 13 to 15 inches apart, covering one-half inch deep. When the plants are well up, cultivate and keep free from weeds. When large enough, thin to three inches apart. If sets are wanted, sow seed thickly and don't thin out, using from 25 to 40 pounds of seed per acre when sown in beds and 4 to 5 lbs. when sown in rows. A packet will sow about 50 feet of drill; an ounce 100 feet.

BERMUDAS

We offer only true Teneriffe grown Bermuda Onion Seed grown for us under contract, by the most reliable growers in the Canary Islands.

YELLOW BERMUDA — Sometimes called White Bermuda. Light straw color, and is very popular. Bulbs are somewhat flattened, of medium size, and very sweet. Will keep better and longer than the Crystal White Wax.

CRYSTAL WHITE WAX BERMUDA—Most attractive of all onions; a clear waxy white variety with a delightful mild flavor; somewhat flat, sometimes growing to the size of saucers. A popular variety.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 35c; ¼ lb. 85c; lb. $3.00; add postage for mail delivery.

OTHER VARIETIES

AUSTRALIAN BROWN—The long-keeping onion; will last through the winter if stored in a dry place. Has a neat round shape, very firm and solid in texture. Has a pungent flavor, and the skin is an amber-brown color.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 35c; ¼ lb. 75c; lb. $2.50; add postage for mail delivery.

RED WETHERSFIELD—A variety of large size, very productive and an excellent keeper. Color deep purplish-red, flesh white, moderately grained and very mild.

SILVER SKIN—(WHITE PORTUGAL)—A medium sized onion of mild flavor, with a beautiful clear white skin. A favorite for use when young as a salad or bunching onion, and for pickles. Bulbs nearly round when of bunching size, and somewhat flattened when mature.

MAMMOTH SILVER KING—The largest of the White Onions. Flat and thick, mild in flavor and a good keeper.

WHITE PEARL—Early and popular with market gardeners. Large flat onion of mild flavor. Good for home use also.

GIANT YELLOW PRIZE-TAKER—Successfully grown in all parts of Texas and the Central South. Skin a light straw color, flesh pure white, very fine grained, and can be pulled 60 days after planting.

GIANT RIVERSIDE SWEET SPANISH—A globe-shaped onion of bright yellow color and mild flavor, a little larger than the Prizetaker. A good yielder and a splendid keeper; a fine variety for home or market use.

GIANT YELLOW DENIA—The improved yellow Prizetaker; very large, light yellow in color, globe-shaped, small top, and a wonderful shipper. Very mild, and of excellent flavor.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 35c; ¼ lb. 75c; lb. $2.50; add postage for mail delivery.

Silver Skin Onions.

LEEK

LARGE AMERICAN FLAG — A desirable strong-growing, broad leaved leek; hardy and productive. A favorite with many market gardeners, also extensively used for the home garden. **Prices: Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c; ¼ lb. 50c; add postage for mail delivery.**

Giant Yellow Denia.

Bermuda Onion Plants

Be sure to raise an early crop of Onions—from our genuine Bermuda Onion Plants.

For an early crop of onions, you should set out Bermuda Onion plants. A most desirable method to produce your onion crop, less labor and trouble, and you will have onions ahead of those who plant seed. Plants can be set out at the same time as Cabbage plants, in rows 15 inches apart and 3 to 4 inches apart in the rows. The following varieties furnished from January 10th to April 1st:

YELLOW BERMUDA—This variety described fully above.

CRYSTAL WHITE WAX BERMUDA — The most attractive onion grown. Fully described above.

Postpaid prices:
25c per 100; $1.00 per 500; $1.75 per 1,000.

Onion Plants.

Selected Onion Sets

RED — Very hardy and good keepers.

YELLOW — Produce medium-sized, globe-shaped yellow onions.

WHITE — These sets produce large silvery-white onions, of the finest quality.

Prices: Lb. 15c; 4 lbs. 50c; add postage for mail delivery.

SEE SPECIAL LIST FOR PRICES IN LARGER QUANTITIES.

Onion Sets.

Easy-to-Grow Fall Money Crops

Pumpkins

CULTURE—May be planted in middle of spring among corn or in hills 8 to 10 feet apart each way. Four seeds in a hill. If planted in hills, they are cultivated in the same manner as melons and cucumbers. For winter use gather before frost and store in a warm, dry place. Use a packet to five hills; an ounce for 25 hills; 4 pounds per acre.

Kentucky Field Pumpkin.

CONNECTICUT FIELD—Also called Big Tom. A standard cornfield variety, producing quantities of large orange-colored pumpkins, the fruits averaging 25 pounds in weight.

GREEN STRIPED CASHAW—Fruits are crook-necked, with the seed in the blossom end. Rind white, mottled with irregular green stripes. Average weight is about 12 pounds. Most popular of the Cashaw types. Early and very productive. Measures 16x10 inches.

JAPANESE PIE—Similar in shape to the Cashaw pumpkin, crook-necked, but the skin is a dark green, often showing a trace of lighter green stripes. A very early popular variety, and furnishes a large amount of food for stock or canning. Fruits weigh from 10 to 12 pounds.

LARGE CHEESE—Fruits very flat, green-colored, and slightly ribbed. Widely used for canning purposes, keeps exceptionally well. Extremely prolific, and disease resistant. Fruits weigh 9 pounds.

KENTUCKY FIELD PUMPKIN—Used very largely for canning, and for stock feeding. Fruits flat; seed small and rough. A very hardy late variety. The fruits weigh 10 pounds, and measure 12x7 inches.

SMALL SUGAR PUMPKIN—A late, but very productive variety, thick, sweet flesh, adapted for all purposes. Fruits are round, and flat on the ends; with a deep orange color, and weight from 6 to 7 pounds.

TENNESSEE SWEET POTATO—Fruits are pear shape, of medium size, and with a white skin, slightly mottled with green stripes of light shade. Fruits average 15 pounds in weight, and the flesh is a creamy white and very thick and sweet. Matures early and a very useful type.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 20c; lb. 65c; add postage for mail delivery.

WHITE CASHAW—Similar to the green striped strain but somewhat smaller, and the skin is pure white. Matures early and is a very pleasing variety. **Postpaid prices: Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 25c; lb. 75c.**

KING OF MAMMOTH PUMPKIN—The largest of all pumpkins; often called Hundred Weight. Used largely for stock feeding, and for exhibition purposes. Bright lemon in color, mottled with orange color, round with a trace of ribbing. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 25c; lb. 90c.**

August Planting

VEGETABLES

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Parsley	15
Peas	6
Potatoes	19
Rutabaga	9
Spinach	14
Turnips	9
FIELD	
Barley	61
Clover	56
Darso	62
Peas (Field)	56-57-58
Rape	57
Rye	61
Vetch	57

Semesan Bel Increases Your Potato Yield

At a cost of only 1½c to 3c for each bushel of seed planted, you can disinfect your seed potatoes and increase your yield. Semesan Bel treats quickly, easily, and effectively. It insures you against scab and rhizoctonia—two virulent diseases that play havoc with potato production. Only by controlling these and other destructive diseases can you hope to obtain the lowest bushel cost and the greatest bushel profit.

A single pound of Semesan Bel will treat from 60 to 80 bushels of seed potatoes. **Postpaid prices: 4 oz. tin 50c; 1 lb. tin $1.65; 5 lb. tin $7.00.**

Large Cheese Pumpkin.

The practice of holding potato seed pieces for about ten days after they are cut before planting, thus allowing the surface to heal or "cork" over is recommended by potato specialists in the U. S. D. of A.

Seed Sweet Potatoes

CULTURE—Cover about five inches deep and water moderately. When plants are formed set one foot apart on ridges four feet apart, well drawn up and rather flat. 3 lbs. or 75 slips to 100 feet.

PORTO RICAN YAMS — The best keeper. Flesh is fine grained, juicy; color, golden red. **Prices: Pkt. 50c; bu. $1.50.**

Sweet Potato Slips

Beginning about April 20th we will have Porto Rican Yam slips grown from Certified seed. **Prices: 100 plants 40c; 500 plants $1.50; 1,000 plants $2.25; postpaid. Ask for prices on larger quantities.**

Seed Irish Potatoes

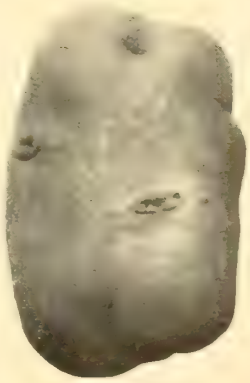
IT PAYS TO PLANT CERTIFIED SEED AND TO TREAT WITH SEMESAN BEL

It is false economy to save fifty cents a bag by buying ordinary seed potatoes, when certified seed can be had. The most successful potato growers use nothing but certified seed. Certification has done for potatoes what breeding has done for horses, cattle, hogs, etc. Less disease, more No. 1 potatoes and greater profit to the grower. Every bag carries the tag of the inspection authorities; this is an assurance that every safeguard has been applied to have them as pure as is humanly possible.

CULTURE—Plant about four inches deep in rows 28 to 34 inches apart, and drop the potatoes 10 to 15 inches apart in the row, about 5 lbs. to 100 feet of drill. Soil should be well manured or well fertilized. A ridge should be thrown over the potatoes after planting and then leveled down just before the potatoes come through, and cultivate well until in bloom, and then ridge up again and leave alone until harvested.

CERTIFIED RED TRIUMPH—Those who prefer a potato with a pink skin and white flesh, or who grow for markets where this color is in demand, we recommend our Certified Bliss Triumph. It is one of the very earliest, nearly round, and peels without waste. A fine yielder and always in good demand. **Ask for prices.**

CERTIFIED IRISH COBBLER — A very good shipper, somewhat larger than the Triumph and white in color. Especially desirable for black soils. **Ask for prices.**



Certified Irish Cobbler.

Canaries—Song Birds of the Nation

No bird has more charm than the canary. Its bright cheery song endears it to its owner beyond any other pet known. Our birds are bred for us by some of the very best bird breeders in this country and in Germany.

OUR GUARANTY—We guarantee live delivery of every bird ordered from us. We further guarantee our birds to be exactly what they are represented to be.

St. Andreasberg Roller.

St. Andreasberg Rollers

These birds are imported from the best breeders in the St. Andreasberg region of Germany. They are trained for their purity in tone, their range of notes and their volume of song. The birds are graded before being shipped to us and gradings are confirmed by us before delivery is made to you. Birds are not graded by color. Color preference should be stated in ordering, however. They can be had in pure yellow, spotted, or dark birds but it will be necessary for us to reserve the right to change color preferences if correct tonal grading is not available in color specified. Prices F. O. B. Dallas:

	SINGERS	HENS
Grade No. 1	$7.50	$3.00
Grade No. 2	6.50	2.75
Grade No. 3	5.95	

American Warbler and Hartz Mountain Singers

These Canaries are native American birds whose song is the chopper or natural bird song. The American Warbler has the loudest tone. The Hartz Mountain a softer tone. **Prices, F. O. B. Dallas:**

	SINGERS
Grade No. 1	$3.95
Grade No. 2	2.95
Grade No. 3	2.45
	HENS
Grade No. 1	$1.50
Grade No. 2	1.25
Grade No. 3	1.00

Justrite Bird Foods

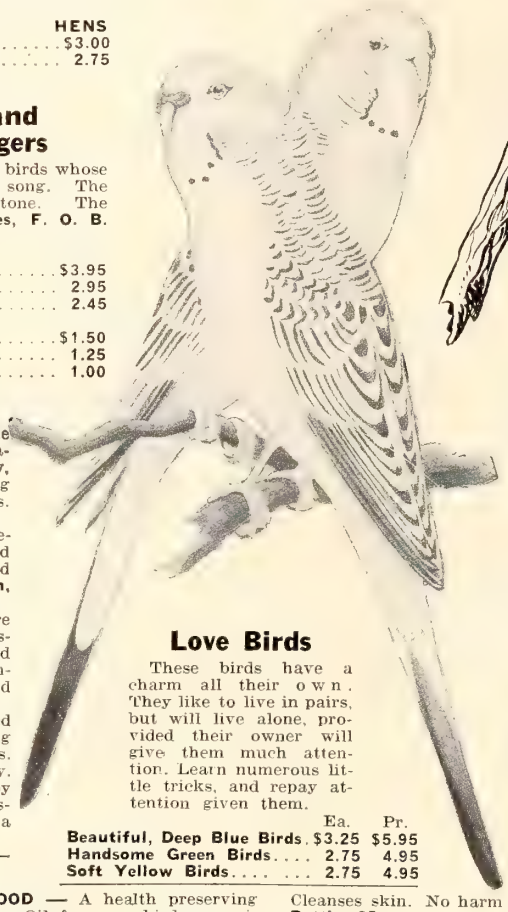
ROL-ER-KA-NAR-E SEED — Full one pound package special mixture of Canary, Sweet Rape, Nigre, Flax, Maw, Teasle, Sesame, Lettuce and Egg Flakes. A real treat for your birds. **Per box 25c.**

IMPORTED BIRD SEED — Full one-pound package of selected Canary and Rape Seed, especially desired by bird fanciers. Spout Cans: **25c; Plain Can, Postpaid, 20c.**

LOVE BIRD SEED—An ideal mixture of a variety of essential foods necessary to promote good health. Relished by Parrakeets, Large Finches, Nonpareils, Java Sparrows, Red Birds and Cardinals. **Per Box, 25c.**

HONEY ROLL—A mixture of selected and wholesome ingredients, including pure honey, relished by all canaries. Will not fall apart or become sticky. Wholesomeness made possible by toasting process. Metal holder for fastening in cage. Treat your bird to a Honey Roll. **Each 10c; Doz. $1.00.**

HONEY ROLL WITH CHARM BELL—15c; 2 for 25c; $1.25 per dozen.



Love Birds

These birds have a charm all their own. They like to live in pairs, but will live alone, provided their owner will give them much attention. Learn numerous little tricks, and repay attention given them.

	Ea.	Pr.
Beautiful, Deep Blue Birds	$3.25	$5.95
Handsome Green Birds	2.75	4.95
Soft Yellow Birds	2.75	4.95

Crested Cardinal.

European Crested Cardinals

One of the handsomest of birds, and a whistler of rare ability. A beautiful gray feathered songster with a bright red breast. Of all the songsters, this is unquestionably the most pleasing. **Each F. O. B. Dallas.....$7.50**

Justrite Cage Necessities

OYSTER SHELLS—Especially desirable for breeding cages. Insure hens laying hard shelled eggs. Keep breeding cage or room sprinkled with Bird Gravel on which has been sprinkled Justrite Oyster Shells. **Shaker Top Can, 25c.**

BIRD GRAVEL—A supply of this gravel should be in the bottom of the cage all the time. Justrite Silver Gravel contains calcium carbonate and bird charcoal, and will not cake on the bird's feet. **Spout can, 15c.**

CUTTLE BONE—Should be in every canary, finch or hard-billed bird's cage. Complete with holder. **Large size 10c; small size 5c.**

FLAKE CHARCOAL—An aid to digestion. Put in cage three times a week either with gravel or on bird seed. Shaker top can. **Box, 10c.**

BIRD WASH—Add to bath water to help keep birds free from lice, mites and vermin. Cleanses skin. No harm results from bird drinking it. **Bottle, 25c.**

LICE POWDER—Be sure to keep your birds free from lice. Justrite Lice Powder is of the highest grade, packed in shaker top can. **Box, 10c.**

VITAMINE HEALTH FOOD — A health preserving food containing Cod Liver Oil for cage birds, especially canaries. Highly recommended for breeding birds, weak and young birds. Promotes vitality, egg production, fertility and hatchability. Supplies Vitamine B for nervous system and Vitamine A and D for building bone, body, muscle, feathers and overcoming leg weakness. **Large box, 25c.**

MOULTING FOOD—Justrite Moulting Food is guaranteed to hasten the moult quickly and normally restoring fine beautiful feathers without injuring health or song. Justrite Color and Pepper Food should be fed with Justrite Moulting Food. **Moulting Food, large box, price, 25c.**

SONG RESTORER—Justrite Song Restorer is a combination of the finest quality of ingredients available. It will positively aid your canary to regain its lost song and materially increase its vitality. **Large box, 25c.**

COLOR AND PEPPER FOOD — Invaluable during moulting and breeding period. Brings out deep yellow color so much desired by bird fanciers. **Large Box, 25c.**

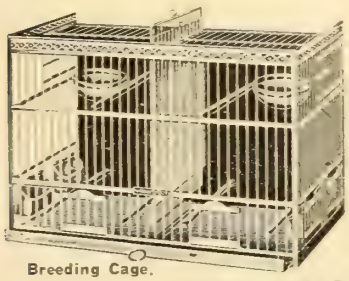
Other Popular Foods

MAGIC SONG RESTORER—A mixture that birds like and which brings them into song quickly. It also keeps them in song, hastens moult and is a general health food of much value. We recommend an egg food cup of this daily or every other day in addition to the regular food. **Per box, 25c; $2.50 per dozen.**

EGG AND NESTLING FOOD — A wholesome and highly nourishing food that will keep birds in perfect health, plumage and song. Invaluable to mother and young birds during breeding period. Packed in sealed cartons. **Large Box, 15c.**

MOCKING BIRD FOOD—Just the thing for mocking birds, which require a varied diet. **Large Box, 25c.**

PARROT FOOD—An ideal mixture containing necessary Seeds, Grains, Nuts and Polly Crackers, all of which will be relished by your parrot. **Large Box, 25c.**

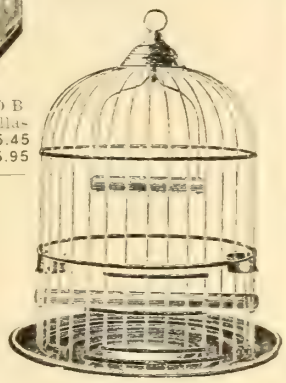


Breeding Cage.

Breeding Cage

Has solid and wire partition, metal drawer, closed back, 4 glass cups, 6 perches and two nests. These are splendid mating cages which are also used for flight cages by removing the partition. Enameled white.

No.	Dimensions	Shipping Weight	F O B Dallas
86	19x10x14¾	12 lbs.	$5.45
87	22x11x16¼	14 lbs.	5.95



Parrot Cages

Strong and durable. These cages are the very best on the market today. Complete with swing, perches and seed cups.

No.	Diam.	Height	Ship'g. Wt.	F.O.B. Dallas
80	14 in.	23 in.	16 lbs.	$6.95
90	17¾ in.	30 in.	19 lbs.	8.95

Bird Seeds

MAGNOLIA CANARY MIXTURE — A mixture of Sicily Canary, German Rape, millet and hemp, in proper proportions for health. **2 lbs. 35c; 6 lbs. $1.00.**

MAGNOLIA ROLLER MIXTURE—A mixture of Sicily Canary, German Rape and Millet, designed for best song production. **2 lbs. 35c; 6 lbs. $1.00.**

MAGNOLIA LOVE BIRD MIXTURE—A mixture of Sicily Canary and millet, balanced for Love Birds. **2 lbs. 35c; 6 lbs. $1.00.**

MAGNOLIA FINCH MIXTURE—Consisting of millet and canary for strawberry finches and goldfinches. In ordering, be sure to state type of finch for which food is wished. **2 lbs. 35c; 5 lbs. $1.00.**

SICILY CANARY SEED—A splendid diet for reconditioning a canary which is not responding to usual treatment. Feed for a month with only a tonic of apple twice a week. **2 lbs. 35c; 6 lbs. $1.00.**

HEMP—Good parrot food and also much liked by bee bee paroquets and cardinals. Should be fed to canaries in very limited quantities as it is too rich a food for them. **2 lbs. 35c; 6 lbs. $1.00.**

MILLET — Frequently used as the principal food for strawberry finches. **2 lbs. 30c; 7 lbs. $1.00.**

RECLEANED SUNFLOWER SEED—Fine for parrots—in fact, their main food. **2 lbs. 30c; 8 lbs. $1.00.**

ADD POSTAGE FOR MAIL DELIVERY.

Bird Remedies

FEATHER PULLING REMEDY—Guaranteed to stop feather pulling in parrots and canaries. Comes in tin box with metal fastener for attaching to side of cage. **Box 20c.**

BIRD JELLY—Instant relief to birds suffering from asthma, cold, catarrh or hard breathing. Anoint bird's nostrils and rub on bill. **Tube, 20c.**

BIRD SALVE—Gives immediate relief to sore feet, sore legs and scaly legs. First bathe and dry legs and feet, then apply salve and massage gently. **Box 15c.**

PARROT TONIC—Keeps parrots in good condition when fed once a week as tonic. Gives immediate relief to parrots suffering from asthma, catarrh, hoarseness, colds, loss of appetite and bleeding bowels. **Bottle, 25c.**

BIRD BITTERS—For canaries, love birds, parrots and other cage birds. A stomach tonic and corrective. Aids digestion and stimulating appetite. An effective remedy for colds and sore throat. Dropper comes with each bottle of bitters. **Bottle 20c. Small size 10c.**

BIRD TONIC—Gives immediate relief to birds suffering from hoarseness, bleeding bowels, egg bound, and loss of appetite. A proven formula for canaries, parrots and small cage birds. May be fed direct or mixed with food. **Bottle (with dropper) 20c.**

IRON TONIC—A wonderful tonic for canaries, parrots and other cage birds suffering from weakness, wasting and loss of appetite. Add to drinking water or feed direct. **Large Bottle (with dropper) 20c**

LICE POWDER—Be sure to keep your birds free from lice. Justrite Lice Powder is of the highest grade, packed in shaker top can. **Box, 10c.**

ADD POSTAGE FOR MAIL DELIVERY.

Lovely Bird Homes

Princess.

Duchess.

Your bird deserves one of these handsome cages and stands—as does your home. Birds react to cheery surroundings. Keep yours singing by providing suitable food and drink and a clean, wholesome cage.

The Princess

comes in green, black or ivory—trimmed with lustrous chronium door, cap and drawer front on the cage: and chrome finish arch knob and coupling on the stand. Cage 11 inches in diameter, 16¾ inches high: spring center perch, two feed perches, swing, new easy-action base hooks, colored cups, seed guard and sliding drawer. Stand 5 ft. 9 inches high.

The Duchess

comes in red or green, trimmed in black. Cage 11 inches in diameter, 16½ inches high, complete with 2 feed perches, swing, base hooks, colored cups and seed guard. Stand 65 inches high.

	Princess	Duchess
Cage only, shipping weight 5 lbs. Each	$1.50	$1.40
Stand only, shipping weight 10 lbs. Each	1.50	1.40
Cage and stand complete, Each	2.85	2.75

Prices F. O. B. Dallas.

September Plantings

VEGETABLES

	Page
Beets	10
Broccoli	8
Cabbage Plants	8
Carrots	10
Cauliflower	8
Celery	13
Collards	14
Kohl Rabi	9
Leek	9
Lettuce	15
Mustard	14
Onions	18
Parsley	15
Parsnips	9
Peas	6
Radish	11
Rutabaga	9
Spinach	14
Swiss Chard	14
Turnips	9

FIELD SEEDS

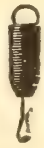
Alfalfa	55
Barley	61
Clover	56
Oats	61
Rape	57
Rye	61
Vetch	57
Wheat	61

Cage Supplies

Bracket.

Egg Food Cup.

	Each	Doz
Egg Food Cup	$ .05	$ .30
Opal Glass Bath Tubs	.15	1 50
Green Glass Bath Tubs	.15	1 50
Blue Glass Bath Tubs	.15	1.50
Wall Brackets, nickel, 12-in., Style Q	.15	1.50
Wall Brackets, brass, 12-in., Style I	.15	1.50
Cage Springs, medium	.10	1.00
Cage Springs, small	.10	1.00
Brass Chains and Springs	.15	1 50



Spring.

Open Cup.

Breeding Cage Cups — **Prices: 25c ea.; 2 for 50c; dozen** . . . $3.00

Feed Cups: Opal, open or closed top Crystal, closed top: Green Glass, closed top — **Prices: 10c ea.; dozen** $1.00

Bird Nests—**Prices: 15c ea.: 2 for 25c; dozen** $1.50

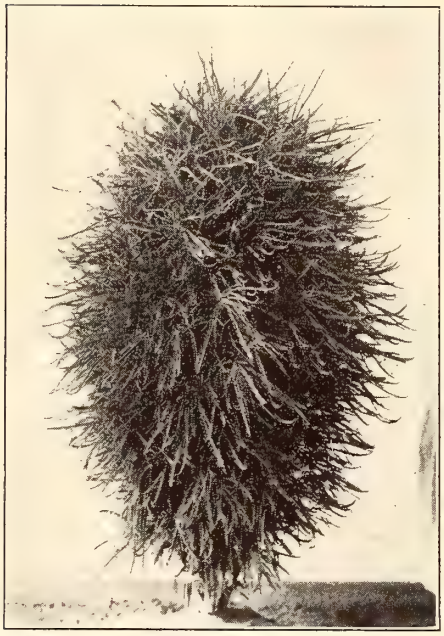
Closed Cup.

	Each	Doz.
Nesting Hair	$ .10	$1.00
Parrot Books	.35	
Paroquet (Love Bird) Books	.50	
Leg Bands, aluminum (open or closed)		.20
Leg Bands, colored		.20
Cage Swings	.10	1.00

Bath Tub.

Perch Stock (can be cut to fit). Per inch 01

How to Prepare Flower Beds Before Planting



Burning Fire Bush.

Growing beautiful flowers is not difficult, and it is a source of great pleasure, but they must be studied just as you would anything else you attempt to raise. The suggestions given below will be of assistance to you:

SOIL — Practically all plants like rich, sandy loam, but other types of soil will also produce very satisfactory flowers. However, heavy soils need applications of fibrous materials and must be thoroughly broken and cultivated. Peat Moss is especially good for heavy soils. Sandy soils usually need fertilizers.

PREPARATION—This is one of the most important factors in gardening. Work the soil deeply and make the top, for three or four inches, as fine and loose as possible. If the soil needs fertilizers, and most soils do, consult your local SQUARE BRAND Seed Dealer, or write us and we shall be glad to recommend that best suited to your needs, if you will tell us the kind of soil you have.

PLANTING—The method of planting is very important or the result may be weak plants which soon die, or fail to produce the results desired. In addition to the preparation of the soil, it is necessary that care be used in placing the seeds the proper depth. Many small seeds can have only the smallest amount of soil above them; the larger varieties may be planted one or more inches below the soil. Be sure, also to plant when heat and moisture conditions are correct. A study of the seed is necessary to determine that—and again your seedsman or the culture instructions will help you. Moisture should be within your control—especially for flowers. To retain moisture after planting, cover the seed immediately with fine, freshly prepared earth and press it down firmly and smoothly.

CULTIVATION—It is desirable to stir the surface soil during the period of growth, since it encourages root development, allows air to enter and by forming a mulch, preserves moisture—in addition to killing weeds. Cultivation may be deep at first, but as the plants grow, it should be shallower, since otherwise it might injure the root system.

CULTURE—Our flower seeds are put up in **our own** lithographed packets, with full cultural directions on the back of each packet. Study these instructions carefully for best results.

Foliage Plants

FOR BORDERS AND BACKGROUNDS

Burning Bush

This is also known as Summer Cypress.

An easily grown foliage or hedge plant which remains green until frost and then turns a beautiful bronze red. A hardy annual which reseeds itself. **Postpaid: Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c.**

Coleus

There are no finer decorative foliage plants for the South than our Hybrid Coleus. For beds, edging and boxes, Coleus makes magnificent ornamental foliage plants. A tender perennial.

MIXED HYBRIDUS—Postpaid: Pkt. 10c; 3 pkts. 25c; oz. $3.00.

Coleus.

Castor Beans (Ricinus)

Giant, strong growing plants, with ornamental foliage, well adapted for border backgrounds, temporary screen planting or as center plants in groups of Cannas, Dahlias, etc. Moles are kept away by planting Castor Beans in the borders. It attracts Japanese beetles, causing their death after they have eaten of the leaves. Grows from 10 to 12 feet tall. **Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c; postpaid.**

Castor Beans.

Cockscomb (Celosia)

This plant comes in green or colored foliage and their flowers form a very brilliant mass. Is ideal decoration in beds and borders retaining their brilliant coloring from mid-summer until frost. Hardy annual which reseeds itself.

EMPRESS DWARF—Dark foliage, dark red flowers. Very beautiful.

FINEST MIXED — A mixture of the best growing sorts.

Postpaid: Pkt. 10c; 3 pkts. 25c; oz. $1.25.

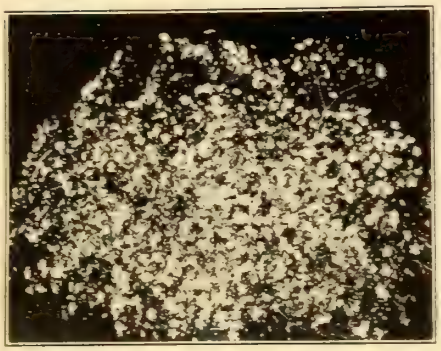
Cockscomb.

Annuals	Biennials	Perennials
Plants that live and bloom only one season.	Plants which bloom the second year, and then die.	Plants which bloom the second year and live and bloom several years.

Biennials and Perennials are usually planted in the late summer and fall, blooming the next summer. Plan your garden to have blooms all the year, by studying the descriptions and culture instructions. You will be surprised and delighted with what a little PLANNING will do for your garden color schemes.

Medium and Low Growing Flowers

Beds, Borders, Boxes and Edging



Gypsophila.

(Salvia) Scarlet Sage

A fine colorful bedding plant. It forms compact bushes with large conspicious flower spikes of fiery red raised over the foliage. Blooms all through the summer.

SPLENDENS (Scarlet Sage, 24 inches high). Postpaid: Pkt. 10c; 3 pkts. 25c; oz. $2.00.

Gypsophila (Baby's Breath)

Especially desirable for its mist like effect. Can be dried and used year round. This is a hardy annual which covers the plant with delicate star shaped flowers. All florists use quantities of it for adding distinction and grace to boquets.

GRANDIFLORA ALBA — An improved large flowered white strain.

ROSEA—A beautiful shade of rose

Postpaid: Pkt. 10c; 3 pkts. 25c; oz. 35c.

Heliotrope

Universal favorite on account of the delightful fragrance of bloom. Seeds sown in the spring make fine outside plants. Grows very rapidly.

MIXED — Flowers ranging from dark blue to lilac.

Postpaid: Pkt. 10c; 3 pkts. 25c; oz. $1.25.

Ageratum.

Pansies

A hardy universally popular annual. Makes colorful beds and fine for boxes also. For best results sow seeds early in protected seed beds, cover lightly and transplant later, setting out about 5 inches apart.

GIANTS OF CALIFORNIA — Special mixture. Very large. **Postpaid: Pkt. 25c; oz. $4.00.**

TRIMARDEAU MIXED — Exceptional colors. **Pkt. 10c. oz. $1.50.**

Pansies.

Sweet Alyssum.

Flowers Saved His Home!

Last year we had an order from a Texas farmer for several dollars worth of flower seed. He wrote us a long letter describing the kind of soil he had, and wanted flowers that would do best in his yard. He also described the lay of his house, windmill, fences and outhouses. We sent him the kind of flowers we thought he should have, along with a letter, and did not hear from him until recently. He told us those flower seeds just about saved his domestic life. His wife was half sick and very discontented, grumbling all the time about the desolation of the place. He ordered those seeds, got her interested, dug up beds for her, and by the end of the summer, he said the place was transformed and so was his wife. This year they are going in for bulbs, shrubs and more elaborate flower beds. He said even the neighbors are making it more pleasant for his wife, since his place looks as if it was the home of folks with pride and a love of beauty.

October Planting

VEGETABLES	Page
Beans	4-5
Beets	10
Broccoli	8
Cabbage	8
Celery	13
Kale	14
Kohl Rabi	9
Lettuce	15
Mustard	14
Onions	18
Peas	6
Radish	11
Rutabaga	9
Spinach	14
Swiss Chard	14
Turnips	9
FIELD SEEDS	
Alfalfa	55
Barley	61
Buckwheat	61
Clover	56
Oats	61
Pasture Grasses	54
Peas	56-57-58
Rape	57
Rye	61
Vetch	57

Ageratum (Floss Flower)

This hardy annual is especially desirable for its blue coloring. Its feathery flowers are borne in dense clusters and very decorative for bouquets. Cut and keep well.

BLUE PERFECTION—Light blue.
IMPERIAL WHITE—Clear white.
FINEST MIXED—Very desirable
Postpaid: Pkt. 10c; 3 pkts. 25c; ox. 50c.

Moss Rose (Portulaca)

A hardy annual with glossy cup shaped single flowers, and rose-like double flowers. Many shades of red, white, pink, orange, yellow, striped, etc. A low growing or creeping plant with thick, fleshy waxy stems. Desirable for edging, beds, mounds and rock gardens.

FINEST SINGLE MIXED — Postpaid: Pkt. 10c; 3 pkts. 25c; oz. 75c.
DOUBLE MIXED — Postpaid: Pkt. 10c; 3 pkts. 25c; oz. $2.00.

Alyssum

An annual. Can be grown very rapidly either outdoors or in the house. By cutting back the plants properly, an almost constant succession of bloom may be had.

SWEET ALYSSUM—A hardy variety with clusters of small white flowers very fragrant, and very attractive in small bouquets. Grows about 8 inches high
Postpaid: Pkt. 10c; 3 pkts. 25c; oz. 35c.

Moss Rose (Portulaca).

Popular Flower Varieties

FROM GRANDMOTHER'S GARDEN

Balsam.

Touch-Me-Not or Lady Slipper (Balsam)

This is an old-time favorite in southern homes. The blooms are somewhat similar to the individual flower of the snapdragon, slightly bell shaped in appearance, and are clustered along the stems of the bush and in the axils of the leaves. Plants are sturdy and bushy and like hot sun, rich soil and plenty of water. Grow from 1½ to 2 feet tall. Their colors frequently mix in the flower. Very interesting and easy to grow.

FINEST MIXED — Postpaid: Pkt. 10c; 3 pkts. 25c; oz. 50c.

Centaurea—Corn Flower.

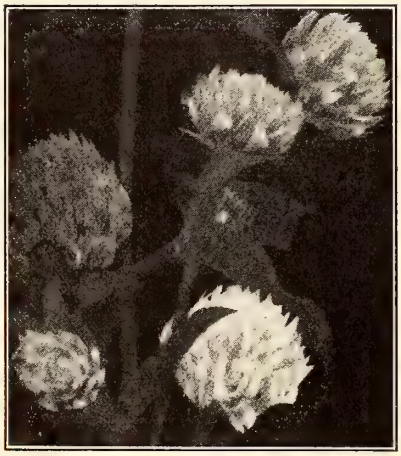
Clarkia.

Clarkia

A very hardy old-fashioned flower, resembling sprays of flowering almond. They germinate quickly and flower from June until frost; especially adapted to sandy soil; grow about two feet high. Mixed colors. **Postpaid: Pkt. 10c; 3 pkts. 25c.**

Bachelor Buttons (Gomphrena or Globe Amaranth)

This is the old fashioned Bachelor Button. It is a showy annual everlasting with clover like heads. Frequently confused with Cornflower. Be sure to order under the name of Gomphrena or Old Fashioned Bachelor Button. Comes in mixture of rose and white. **Postpaid: Pkt. 10c; 3 pkts. 25c; oz. 35c.**



Bachelor Button.

Every Gardener should have good tools. On page 34 you will find just what you need. Also on page 25 is shown a very handy small hand cultivating tool.

Cornflower (Centaurea Cyanus)

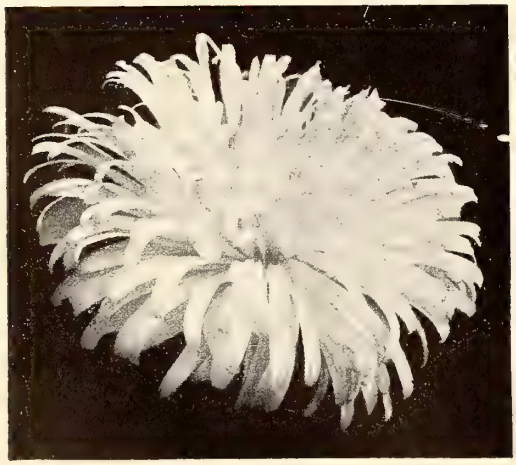
These well known flowers are very attractive and graceful. They are sometimes called Bachelor Button, but they are not the true old fashioned Bachelor Button which has a clover-like head and is known as Gomphrena or Globe Amaranth. Corn-flowers are also known as "Ragged Sailor" or "Blue Bottle". They produce a large amount of very attractive flowers and while they are annuals they reseed themselves.

BLUE, LAVENDER, ROSE, WHITE, or MIXED—Postpaid: Pkt. 10c; 3 pkts. 25c; oz. 35c.

Mourning Bride (Scabiosa)

A lovely, fragrant flower. Flower stems are long and the blossoms keep well in water. Soft tones predominate. When given plenty of room and faded flowers are kept picked off, it will last through the whole summer. Owing to its sweetness, the bees are very fond of it and its flavors also attract all of the most beautiful types of butterflies to the neighborhood. Sometimes called the Pincushion Plant. Grows about 2½ ft. tall. **LARGE FLOWERING (Mixed) —Pkt. 10c; 3 pkts. 25c; oz. 40c; postpaid.**

Scabiosa.



Asters.

Asters

These flowers do well providing they are not sown in the same ground a second year. They are very susceptible to disease when sown the second year. We recommend fresh seed and fresh soil annually. They are among the most desirable of the cut flowers, embracing a wide range of size, color and type. For early blooming seed should be started indoors or in hot beds in December and January and transplanted when danger of frost is over. We offer the improved Giants of California in mixed colors: **Postpaid: Pkt. 10c; 3 pkts. 25c; oz. $1.00.**

Climbers for Porches, Walls and Trellises

Sweet Peas.

Lovely Fragrant Sweet Peas

We can furnish both the early and late Spencers in the annual sweet peas, but are listing only the late Spencers since it is the more popular. Flowers are exceptionally large. Standard and wings are frilled, and the general effect is remarkably graceful. We offer the following varieties:

ASTA OHN—Pinkish lavender.
AVALANCHE—White.
BARBARA—Soft Salmon.
CHARITY—Rich Crimson.
COMMANDER GODSALL — Large violet blue.
COUNTESS SPENCER — Rose pink.
WARRIOR GIANT—Maroon.
DEFIANCE—Glowing orange scarlet.
ROYAL PURPLE — A rich purple.
MIXED—Mixture of above.

Postpaid prices: Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c; lb. $2.00.

November Planting

VEGETABLES	Page
Cabbage	8
Collards	14
Kale	14
Kohl Rabi	9
Lettuce	15
Mustard	14
Radish	11
Rutabaga	9
Spinach	14
Turnips	9
FIELD	
Alfalfa	55
Barley	61
Clover	56
Pasture Grasses	54
Rape	57
Rye	61
Vetch	57
Wheat	61

Perennial Sweet Peas (Lathyrus Latifolius)

A sturdy vine with luxuriant pea-like foliage and pea-shaped flowers borne in large clusters of 8 or 10 each. Waxy in appearance. They bloom for a long time. Can remain in bloom. red or mixed. **Postpaid prices: Pkt. 10c; 3 pkts. 25c; oz. 50c.**

Rapid Growing Climbers

Morning Glory

A beautiful showy climber—a hardy annual. Flowers are most brilliant in the morning. Suitable for arbors, trellises and covering any unsightly object.

HEAVENLY BLUE — A lovely deep blue shading lighter toward the center. **Postpaid prices: Pkt. 10c; 3 pkts. 25c; oz. $1.00.**

JAPANESE GIANT MIXED — **Postpaid: pkt. 10c; 3 pkts. 25c; oz. 35c.**

Heavenly Blue Morning Glory.

Cypress Vine

A beautiful rapid growing climber with delicate dark green feathery foliage and many small bright star shaped blooms. Susceptible to training and when planted by the side of a veranda or arbor is especially handsome. A hardy annual, scarlet or white, mixed colors. **Postpaid prices: Pkt. 10c; 3 pkts. 25c; oz. 40c.**

Hyacinth or Jack Bean (Dolichos)

This is an exceptional vine and rapid climber with clusters of purple and white flowers similar to a sweet pea and followed by ornamental seed pods. This is a hardy annual which grows from 10 to 15 feet high. PURPLE or MIXED. **Postpaid prices: Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c.**

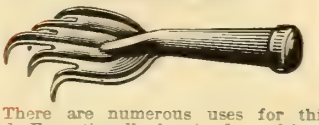
Cardinal Climber

A dainty annual climber which does remarkably well when planted in warm, sunny locations. Frequently reaches a height of 20 feet. Flowers are very similar to those of Cypress but larger and quite brilliant. **Postpaid: Pkt. 10c; 3 pkts, 25c; oz. $1.00.**

Kudzu (Jack and the Bean Stalk)

The most rapid growing vine in cultivation. A hardy perennial climber which grows from 40 to 60 feet in a single season after becoming established. Extremely valuable for covering verandas, pergolas and unsightly fences. Will thrive on any land that will support vegetable growth. Advisable to soak seed before planting. **Postpaid prices: Pkt. 10c; 3 pkts. 25c; oz. 50c.**

All-Round Handy Tool
FOR GARDENERS



There are numerous uses for this tool. Exceptionally handy for cultivating and weeding. Made in one piece. **Postpaid to you, when included with order for packet seeds, 15c. When shipped alone, postpaid, 20c.**

Moon Flower

A very vigorous summer annual. Under favorable conditions will grow from 20 to 30 feet in a single season. Flowers often four inches across, and the leaves make excellent shade.
NOCTIFLORA WHITE—Pkt. 10c; 3 pkts. 25c; oz. 50c; postpaid.
HEAVENLY BLUE—Pkt. 10c; 3 pkts. 25c; oz. $1.00; postpaid.

Gourds

These trailing annual vines are used extensively for covering old fences and other unsightly objects because of their exceptionally rapid growth. Their fruits are much prized by children as toys.
DIPPER—Everybody knows the old-fashioned gourd dipper and it always remains interesting and attractive.
HERCULES CLUB—Fruits extremely long and large, tapering to the stem end. Vines are very thrifty and rapid climbers.
SUGAR TROUGH — Thick trough-like shells.
MIXED—Mixtures of all the above varieties gives you an assortment of shapes and sizes.

Postpaid prices: Pkt. 10c; 3 pkts. 25c; oz. 20c.

Cypress Vine

Flowers for Cutting

MASS BORDERS, BEDS AND BACKGROUNDS
POPPIES—PINKS—CARNATIONS.

American Legion Poppy.

Poppies

There are a number of different types of Poppies, some of which are not well adapted to the climatic conditions of the South. Our listings, however, are selected for their hardiness and adaptability to soil and climatic conditions in the South and Southwest. We recommend planting Poppy seed in the fall of the year. They will bloom very early in the spring and last well into the summer. Poppies are not desirable for cut flower purposes, but are extremely handsome for mass beauty in beds.

Plan your poppy beds so they will be varied, in color and bloom throughout the summer. We recommend your selecting some of each of the varieties listed below.

Pinks.

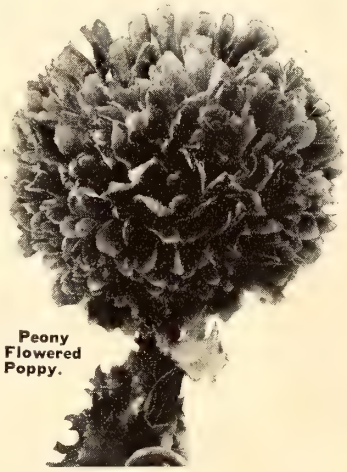
Single Annual Poppies

AMERICAN LEGION—A giant brilliant scarlet flower with White Maltese Cross of the Shirley type, held erect on long strong stems. It is a marvelous flower for beds and for planting among shrubbery. It is of a silky texture.

FLANDERS POPPY — A true, dwarf orange scarlet, with black cross, similar in type to American Legion.

SINGLE SHIRLEY MIXED—These are by far the best of all single Poppies. They range in color from the purest white to the deepest crimson blood red through all the intermediate shades of pale pink, rose, and carmen. Many are daintily edged and striped and so varied are their colors that rarely are any two flowers alike. Known also as the "Silk Poppy."

Postpaid: Pkt. 10c; 3 pkts. 25c; oz. 35c.



Peony Flowered Poppy.

Pinks (Dianthus)

Spicy-odored annuals, that reseed themselves and are exceptionally hardy. Their variety of brilliant colors and the profusion of their bloom, have made the garden Pinks one of our most popular flowers. The plants grow about a foot high and are particularly effective in mass beds and borders. Sow the seed outdoors in the early spring and in a few weeks the plants will be up in full bloom. We recommend these to every owner of an old-fashioned garden, since no such garden is complete without them. **Postpaid: Pkt. 10c; 3 pkts. 25c; oz. 35c.**

Carnations

These flowers can be grown in the South, providing proper location and care are given them, and they more than repay the gardener for this care. With a protection of litter or straw they stand the winter and flower freely the following spring. Their delicious fragrance and richness of color make them a general favorite. Try some this year. If you grow them one time you will not be without them again.

CHABAUD'S GIANT—Blooms about six months after planting. The plants usually about 18 inches high, produce an abundance of large, double, clove-scented flowers. No garden is complete without them. **Postpaid: Pkt. 10c; 3 pkts. 25c; oz. $1.00.**

California Poppy.

California Poppy (Eschscholtzia)

Too much cannot be said for the California Poppy. It is the state flower of California, but it grows anywhere in the South and is outstanding for its gorgeous colors and the brilliancy of its mass beds. Seed should be sown in fall of the year for best results, but may also be sown in the very early spring.

CRIMSON, ORANGE or MIXED—Postpaid: Pkt. 10c; 3 pkts. 25c; oz. 50c.

Double Annual Poppies

PEONY FLOWERED—These are perhaps the most popular of all the Poppies in the South. Plant in the fall of the year and they are blooming among the earliest of the spring flowers. Produce immense blooms ranging from 3 to 5 inches. These Poppies reseed themselves and multiply extensively. **Mixed Colors—Postpaid: Pkt. 10c; 3 pkts. 25c; oz. 50c.**

Carnation.

Popular Flowers

FOR BEDS, BORDERS, BOXES AND BASKETS.

Golden Gleam Nasturtium.

Verbena

A well-known annual of low-growing, trailing habit. Very desirable for massing in beds or borders. Suitable also for window boxes. Bloom from early spring until heavy frost. Are used extensively for raised mounds, and their drouth resistance and brilliant coloring make them much in demand in the South. We offer only the mammoth type.

PINK AND ROSE SHADES—A beautiful mixture

DEFIANCE—Bright scarlet.

PURPLE MANTLE—A deep fine purple.

FINEST MIXED—A mixture from above varieties.

Postpaid: Pkt. 10c; 3 pkts. 25c; oz. $1.00.

Nasturtiums

No flower enjoys more popularity than Nasturtiums. They bloom from the moment the plant is strong enough until the last day of life in the garden. Taller varieties may be used for climbing over stone work or trellises or to shade porches and verandas. The dwarfs are excellent for bedding and edging.

GOLDEN GLEAM—The new and outstanding sweet scented Nasturtium which was given the Award of Merit from the Royal Horticultural Society of England; the first prize at the Southport Show in England; gold medals at the All-American Selection of Flower Seed Novelties: Seedmen's Association, U. S. A. 1932; 1931 Atlantic City Flower Show; and 1931 Boston Flower Show. Plant forms a vigorous large bush producing runners averaging 18 inches. Flowers commence as soon as plant nears complete development and when well grown produce a blaze of color, the long-stem flowers standing well above and almost completely covering the foliage. **Postpaid: Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c.**

DWARF MIXED — Desirable shades in low growing flowers. **Postpaid: Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 35c.**

Square Brand Flower Seeds are selected with the same care, and come to you as fresh and full of vitality as do Square Brand Seeds for your vegetable garden. Insist on **good** Square Brand Flower Seeds and have better luck with your flowers this year.

Verbena.

Fringed Petunia.

Single Petunia.

Petunias

A very popular plant, easily grown and especially desirable for mass beds. They are hardy annuals, usually unaffected by heat, rain and drouth.

We especially recommend the named varieties for one color beds or window or porch boxes.

Our ruffled giants and double Petunias are selected from the finest and largest of the new creations by the greatest hybridizers.

RUFFLED GIANTS — Mixed shades. Ramona Strain. Flowers beautiful, ruffled and fringed with open, well-marked throats. **Postpaid: Pkt. 15c; 2 pkts. 25c.**

DOUBLE PETUNIA—Marvelous Mixture. Double Finest Fringed, a very fine mixture, producing a large percentage of doubles. **Postpaid: Pkt. 25c; 3 pkts. 50c.**

SINGLE

SINGLE GENERAL DODDS—Blood Red.

SPECIAL MIXTURE—Beautiful colors.

Postpaid: Pkt. 10c; pkts. 25c; oz. 75c.

PURPLE PRINCE—Beautiful purple.

ROSY MORN — The glorious rose petunia everyone wants.

Postpaid: Pkt. 15c; 2 pkts. for 25c.

December Planting

VEGETABLES

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Tomato	16-17

Geranium.

Geranium

A tender perennial usually grown from cuttings, but which does well from seeds also. Part of the charm of growing Geraniums is their changeability. Plant mixed seeds and watch your flowers. Good for pots. **Postpaid: Pkt. 15c; 2 pkts. 25c.**

Ice Plant

A trailing plant especially desirable for hanging baskets, rock work, fences and edges. Leaves and stems succulent and appear to be covered with ice crystals. Tiny flowers, usually a dainty lavender in color. A hardy trailing annual. **Postpaid: Pkt. 10c; 2 pkts. 25c.**

Phlox Drummondi

One of the easiest grown of all the annual flowers in the South. Produces a magnificent display of many and brilliantly colored flowers. Plants are hardy and bushy, about one foot high. Particularly attractive in large masses or clumps. Also used for boxes and cut flowers.

CHAMOIS ROSE—Rose carmen eye.

CRIMSON—Deep Red.

MIXED—A very choice mixture.

Postpaid: Pkt. 10c; 3 pkts. 25c; oz. $1.50.

DECUSSATA MIXED — Hardy perennial. Very fine Mixed. **25c Pkt. postpaid.**

Phlox.

Flowering Spikes---Splendid Cut Flowers

THE GRACEFULNESS OF THE SPIKE FLOWERS MAKE THEM MUCH DESIRED FOR CUT FLOWERS, BOUQUETS, BASKETS, ETC.

Larkspur.

Larkspur

No garden is complete without larkspur. They add a rare charm to rock gardens especially. Their long-clustered spikes of beautiful irregular flowers, often with long spurs, are especially valuable for their shades of blue. The annual forms are splendid for bedding. Colors range from white through pastel shades of blue, lavender and pink to brilliant hues. Plant in the fall or very early spring. Reseed themselves, but gradually lose color and should be replanted every two to three years. Hardy annual. Our tall, double stock flowered strain will please you. Note this wide range of colors:

Dark Blue, Lustrous Carmine, Empress Rose, Scarlet Rose, Lilac, Violet, White. Finest Mixed. Pkt. 10c; 3 Pkts. 25c; oz. 50c; postpaid.

Delphinium (Perennial Larkspur)

Because the annual larkspurs reseed themselves so well, this variety is not exceedingly popular, through the South. They do very well, however, and have a good range of colors. Our Gold Medal Hybrids are very fine, and we especially recommend them for their color mixture, which we are confident will please you. **Pkt. 10c; 3 pkts. 25c; oz. $1.00; postpaid.**

Snapdragon (Antirrhinum)

A border and bedding plant of long-blooming season. The long showy spikes of curiously shaped tubular flowers, with spreading lobes and finely marked throats are fragrant as well as brilliantly colored; very desirable for cutting. Seed may be sown in the fall or spring, but where winters are severe, the gardener who wants early flowers should start the seed quite early under glass and transplant to a sunny situation as soon as the ground is warm. Grow two to three feet high.

Brilliant (scarlet and yellow), Brilliant Rose (rose pink), Cardinal (dazzling scarlet), Crimson King (deep crimson, dark foliage), Golden King (fine yellow), Rose Queen (soft pink), Queen Victoria (white); Mixture of above. Pkt. 10c; 3 pkts. 25c; oz. $1.00; postpaid.

Snapdragon.

Texas Bluebonnet

This lovely flower is becoming more and more generally used in perennial borders. While it is an annual, it reseeds itself and is so hardy that it will grow practically anywhere. Grows from 1 to 2 ft. in height and does exceptionally well on lime soils. Is a legume and enriches the soil where it grows. Plant in the fall or very early spring. **Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c; lb. $1.00; postpaid.**

Stocks (Gilliflower)

Considered almost indispensable where a fine display of flowers is wanted and particularly valued for edgings, bedding and pot culture; also suitable for cutting. Produce dense spikes of very fragrant and beautiful double flowers in wide range of attractive colors. A hardy annual, growing from 12 to 18 inches high. Comes in Brilliant Rose, Canary Yellow, Carmine, Dark Blue, Lavender, or mixture of these colors. **Pkt. 10c; 3 pkts. 25c; oz. $2.25.**

Texas Bluebonnets.

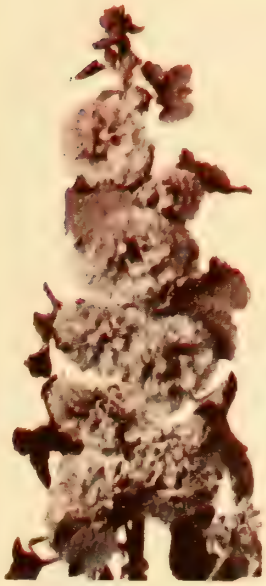
FEED YOUR PLANTS —
if you want them to grow and bloom as they should. On page 38 you will read about Vigoro Plant Food, which we recommend.

•

A package of 10c or 15c Flower Seeds with the Square Brand name, represents the same high quality of selection as our garden and field seeds. You will also find that the packets have MORE seeds in them than the average packet at the same price.

Stock (Gilliflower)

Tall Growing Plants and Flowers For Background



Hollyhock.

Hollyhock

Too much cannot be said for these hardy perennials. Once established, they grow and bloom freely for years. Beautiful long spikes, filled with handsome blooms. 3 inches across, crushed closely together. From 5 to 7 feet in height.

CHATER'S DOUBLE—Producing extremely double flowers that resemble small peonies with dainty, closely-packed petals. Comes in Crimson, Deep Rose, Clear Yellow, and a splendid mixture of named varieties. **Pkt. 10c; 3 pkts. 25c; oz. $1.25; postpaid.**

Lantana

A tender perennial which makes a splendid display the first season from seed. Above the large green leaves rise in prolonged succession, verbena-like clusters of fragrant flowers in shades of crimson, rose, orange, and yellow, followed by green berries that turn later to a deep blue. Valuable for bedding, and also adapted to pot culture. A most interesting plant.

Finest Mixed—Pkt. 10c; 3 pkts. 25c; oz. 75c; postpaid.

Lantana.

Mignonette

Everyone loves the fragrance of the Mignonette and no old fashion garden is complete without it. It is used extensively for cutting and combining in bouquets with other flowers lacking its delightful odor. It ranges in height from 12 to 16 inches, mixed colors: **Pkt. 10c; 3 pkts. 25c.**

Dahlias

See Illustration Page 32.

This sturdy little plant can be grown very successfully from seed, as well as bulbs and will bloom the first year. Plant seeds in beds early, and transplant to permanent location. **Double Mixed—Pkt. 10c; 3 pkts. 25c; postpaid.**

Cosmos.

Cosmos

Very effective for autumn flowering in broad masses or backgrounds. A hardy and rapid growing annual, forming bush-like plants with feathery green foliage four to six feet high, covered with large flowers, somewhat resembling single dahlias. **Early Flowering Mammoth Mixed. Pkt. 10c; 3 pkts. 25c; oz. $1.00; postpaid.**

KLONDYKE—A gorgeous orange-yellow flower with very handsome foliage more coarsely laciniated than others. **Pkt. 10c; 3 pkts. 25c; oz. $1.00; postpaid.**

Low Growing Flowers

Periwinkle (Vinca)

An attractive bedding plant adapted to the entire South. Produces round single flowers and exceptionally luxuriant foliage. A tender perennial treated like an annual. Can furnish in Pure White, Rose or White with Crimson Eye. **Postpaid: Pkt. 10c; 3 pkts. 25c; oz. $1.00.**

Candytuft

GIANT WHITE HYACINTH FLOWERED—This is a distinct type used extensively by florists in cut flower work, and is very handsome for border planting. It produces large floral spikes each resembling a well formed hyacinth. Grouped upright on a stout stem. **Postpaid: Pkt. 10c; 3 pkts. 25c. oz. 75c.**

UMBELLATA — A round flower quite different from the Hyacinth shaped. The flowers are in umbrella form and they are delightful for bouquets. We offer a mixture which includes White, Red, Pink, Purple and Lilac shades. **Postpaid: Pkt. 10c; 3 pkts. 25c; oz. 35c.**

Candy Tuft.

Hibiscus

Free blooming and attractive annual, ranging in height from 2 to 4 feet, producing brilliant beautiful flowers, 3 to four inches in diameter. Mixed, pink, yellow, red and white. **Pkt. 10c; 3 pkts. 25c; postpaid.**

Hibiscus.

Four O'Clock (Marvel of Peru)

An old-fashioned annual especially adapted to the South, somewhat similar to Periwinkle in hardiness, reseeds itself, and is especially attractive for bedding and low-growing backgrounds. Shades of Red, Yellow, and White. **Postpaid: Pkt. 10c; 3 pkts. 25c; oz. 35c.**

Four O'Clocks

For Cut Flowers, Solid Beds, Borders and Backgrounds

MARIGOLDS

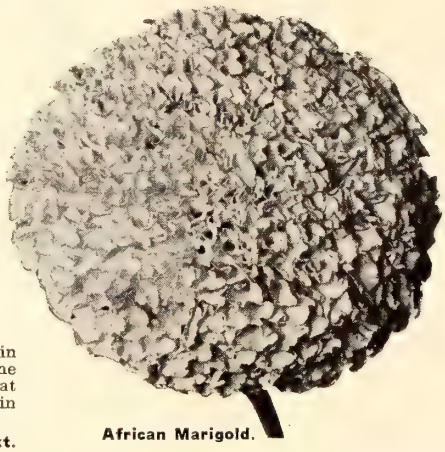
After midsummer and until late in the fall, when many other flowers are past their prime, Marigolds supply an abundance of blooms for cutting and too, add color to your garden. Their beautiful tones of orange and yellow blend well in most any decorative arrangement Tall marigolds are valuable for borders, the dwarf varieties give charm for bedding and edging. By all means, include Marigolds in your garden plans.

French Marigold.

THE FRENCH MARIGOLD is more prolific in blooms, but the flowers are smaller than the African variety. As a rule the petals are flat and overlapping. They are often two-toned in rich yellows, browns, lemon and orange.

TALL FRENCH MARIGOLD (Mixed)—Pkt. 10c; 3 pkts. 25c; oz. 50c; postpaid.

DWARF FRENCH MARIGOLD (Mixed)—Pkt. 10c; 3 pkts. 25c; oz. 50c; postpaid.



African Marigold.

THE AFRICAN is a very fine type of Marigold. The fluffy flowers of golden yellow are double and semi-double, with petals broad and loose. The inner petals are shorter, curving in slightly. This is one of the most fragrant of the marigolds.

AFRICAN MARIGOLD (Mixed)—Pkt. 10c; 3 pkts. 25c; oz. 50c; postpaid.

GUINEA GOLD (Carnation Flowered California Gold)—Distinctly new in type, of graceful pyramidal habit, Guinea Gold produces a neat, compact plant about 2½ feet high, literally covered with blossoms. The flowers, about 2½ inches across, are semi-double in character, and loosely ruffled.

The color is a brilliant golden orange—the color so much in demand by florists. The absence of the characteristic marigold odor has been in its favor, as well as its excellent keeping qualities when used as a cut flower. **Pkt. 15c; 2 pkts. 25c; oz. $1.00; postpaid.**

Guinea Gold Marigold.

Calendula (Pot Marigold)

A fine old-fashioned annual, famous in gardens and used extensively by florists. Succeeds in most any soil and blooms from early summer until frost. Plants about one foot high.

ORANGE KING—Deep orange with dark center.

LEMON QUEEN—Solid lemon yellow.

CAMPFIRE—One of the loveliest; a dark orange with a scarlet sheen. Florists like it especially for early forcing.

MIXED—Mixture of above.

Postpaid: Pkt. 10c; 3 pkts. 25c; oz. 50c.

Calendula.

Feed Your Plants

Do not let your flowers starve for nourishment. Plants are like humans, they must have food and air in order to live and grow. Use Vigoro for fertilizer, keep your beds properly cultivated and watered. Think of them as needing regular "meals" like yourself.

Just the Glove for Garden Work!

You'll say, too, when you put on this new and different glove specially designed for garden wear. Its unique qualities have made it nationally popular with **both men and women.**

All-Leather SOFT AS KID, Dirt Proof, Washable.

Sizes for women: Small, Medium, Large; for men: Medium and Large. **Price 75c a pair (2 pairs, $1.40); postpaid.**

Painted Daisy

Painted Daisies are growing in popularity because they are beautiful when used as cut flowers, and they bloom over a long period of time. They come in a wide range of shades of yellow, red, purple, and mixed colors. **Postpaid Pkt. 10c; 3 pkts. 25c; oz. 35c.**

Painted Daisy.

Showy Annuals for Beds, Borders, Backgrounds and Cut Flowers

ZINNIAS

No other annual is as popular in the Southwest garden as the Zinnia. The plants withstand lot of heat and thrive in sunny locations. They produce an abundance of brilliant, showy flowers that furnish a wide range of colors for your garden and they are most satisfactory as a cut flower, lasting ten days to two weeks in water, after cutting. This native flower of Mexico has come a long way under cultivation, and the gorgeous varieties now perfected are marvels of color and beauty. Zinnias flourish in rich, well fertilized soils, and need a moderate amount of water.

Giants of California.

Dahlia Flowered Zinnia.

Our California Giant Zinnias

Are magnificent. They bear huge flat double flowers, often measuring six inches in diameter when in full bloom. We can furnish these in—

CERESE QUEEN—Beautiful Pink.
GOLDEN QUEEN—Lovely Golden.
GRENADIER—Dark Red.
LAVENDER GEM—Deep Violet.
ORANGE KING—Orange.
PURITY—Clear White.
ROSE QUEEN—Deep Rose.
VIOLET QUEEN—Gorgeous Purple.
Pkt. 10c; 3 pkts. 25c; oz. $1.00; postpaid.

Where Good Seeds Come From

Knowledge of where to buy the best seeds comes only after many years of experience. In some cases growing contracts are made two years in advance of delivery, therefore the growers of Square Brand seeds are selected with the utmost care for their KNOWN responsibility and integrity. After the seeds come to us they are thoroughly tested, and any under our high specifications are rejected.

Scabious Flowered Zinnia.

Dahlia Flowered Zinnias

Plants are of medium height, 2 to 3 ft., very robust, bearing long stems of the fully double, huge flowers, which resemble the showy type of dahlias. The following varieties are the finest we can get:

Crimson Monarch—Deep crimson.
Golden Dawn—Golden yellow.
Polar Bear—Pure white.
Oriole—Orange and gold.
Dream—Deep lavender.
Illumination—Deep rose.
Purple Prince—Deep purple.

Finest Mixed. Pkt. 10c; 3 pkts. 25c; oz. $1.00; postpaid.

Scabious Flowered Zinnias

Among the loveliest of the Zinnias. Bears a remarkable resemblance to the annual Scabiosa Plants range from 2 to 2½ ft. in height and bear numerous, medium sized flowers. Colors include crimson, scarlet, orange yellow, pink and white. **Postpaid: Pkt. 15c; oz. $2.00.**

Chrysanthemum.

Double Lilliput Zinnias

Lilliputs are extremely popular for cut flower use. The flowers are small, compact and symmetrical, on strong stems. The following are fine colors:

Crimson Gem	**Golden Gem**	**Finest Mixed**
Salmon Rose	**Purple**	**White Gem**
	Rosebud	

Pkt. 10c; 3 pkts. 25c; oz. 75c; postpaid.

Chrysanthemums

These flowers are especially desirable for fall planting. They are used extensively for backgrounds of mass bedding and produce fine flowers over a long period of time, blooming until heavy first. They seed themselves, and also grow from roots. When grown from roots they should be divided and transplanted annually. We can furnish the double annual type in Yellow and White or a mixture of both. **Postpaid: Pkt. 10c; 3 pkts. 25c; oz. 40c.**

Lilliput Zinnia.

Bashful Giant Dahlias.

PRIDE OF CALIFORNIA—Mammoth rich "American Beauty" red dahlia; very tall vigorous grower, flowering continuously from early summer until late fall. Its perfectly formed flowers are produced on strong stems, well above the foliage. Decorative type. Exceptionally large.

YELLOW DUKE—The popularity of this lovely show dahlia has never waned. It is a glowing yellow which has been demanded year after year by dahlia lovers everywhere.

QUEEN MARY—A decorative rose pink which is becoming better known annually. We recommend that you try this one this year believing you will want it in your garden regularly.

D. M. MOORE—Another very popular show dahlia. Its deep velvety maroon flowers are almost black. One of the loveliest of the dahlias, if you like a dark color.

Postpaid prices: 15c each; $1.50 per dozen. You may specify mixture at quantity price.

Amaryllis

The vivid lilies which are so pleasing because of the immensity of their flower. Not infrequently they measure five and six inches in width. They are a deep, velvety, glowing red in color with white stripes. Be sure to plant some this year. **Prices: Each 35c; per dozen $3.60; postpaid.**

Buy Colorful Bul

Dahlias

Few flowers compare with the Dahlia in wide range of col versity of form. Often they produce flowers six, eight and te size. For backgrounds they are ideal and make an excellent The roots should be taken up at first danger of frost and kep a warm dry place during the winter. When planting in the Spr ny situation is desirable, with plenty of space and air. D deeply, drain well and use only well-rotted fertilizer. It is co tice to remove side shoots, leaving a single bloom to a stem to s blooms. The plants should be supported by tying to stakes, attain growth.

JERSEY BEAUTY—This is probably the best known and most lo It is in a class by itself, produces a perfect soft pink bloom c above the foliage on a long wiry stem.

JANE COWL—A large decorative flower of a warm buff and go to a bright salmon at the center. The giant flowers are held on producing a superb effect. Be sure to have some of these.

DAKOTA—A decorative giant, flame red, well adapted to hot weather. This is an especially pleasing decorative dahlia which should be in every garden where a giant red is desired.

BASHFUL GIANT—One of the largest flowering decorative dahlias in existence. Its gigantic blooms are excellent for exhibition, not only because of size, but also for its beautiful coloring. An exquisite apricot with buff and gold tints. One of the best. A very free and continuous bloomer.

MRS. I. DE VER WARNER—A decorative blossom of soft orchid coloring and unquestionably a dahlia of great merit. Its charming color, very large flowers, and long, strong stems made it the cynosure for all eyes at recent exhibitions. A lovely deep, mauve-pink of perfect form, a true decorative type which is impressive in its very large size. Extremely strong growing, very abundant blooming, and lending itself to either exhibition or garden uses with equal success.

JEAN KERR—A lovely show dahlia, and probably the most popular white dahlia grown. It is very similar in type to the Darlene, flowers being uniform and perfect and produced on long stems well above the foliage.

Postpaid prices: 20c each; 6 for $1.00; $2.00 per dozen. You may specify mixture at the quantity price.

DARLENE—An exquisite shade of live shell-pink with a dainty blending of white at center. It is an early and continuous bloomer, excellent for florists' use. Flowers very uniform and perfect; are produced on long stiff stems well above the foliage. We can recommend this decorative dahlia highly for cut flowers and garden purposes.

PRIDE OF STRATFORD—The best orange decorative dahlia. A wonderful bloomer, holds its large size and perfect form throughout the season and does well in any kind of soil.

Postpaid prices: 15c each; $1.50 per dozen. You may specify mixture at the quantity price.

T

Amaryllis.

Tuberoses

Native of this section which produces a beautiful waxlike flower of heavy fragrance. Harvest your bulbs very late in the fall after they have died down and separate before replanting in the spring. These bulbs flower from June until frost. Tuberoses stand more drouth than almost any bulb of which we know, and we recommend them unqualifiedly. **Postpaid prices: 2 for 15c; 50c per doz.; $3.00 per 100.**

Caladiums

The large variety known as "Elephant Ears" which describes their huge green leaves perfectly. They make splendid backgrounds for other shrubbery or flowers and are beautiful in sunken gardens requiring beds of high standing foliage. **Postpaid prices: Small bulbs 20c; medium bulbs 25c; large bulbs 50c.**

Iris (Flags)

Irises are well adapted to our hot climate and increase in almost astounding numbers. Because they do increase so much, and because their flower does not last long they do not enjoy the popularity that they should. They provide a most beautiful mass bed and are also lovely in borders. We can furnish in white, blue or purple. **Roots, each 25c; 3 for 50c; $1.50 per dozen; postpaid.**

Caladiums.

s for a Permanent Beauty Investment

President Canna.

Cannas

The Canna is one of the most popular decorative plants for backgrounds and solid colorful beds. Its stately beauty and the beauty of its broad leaves of green or bronze, topped by clusters of vivid colors lend themselves to a great variety of garden schemes. The Canna is very hardy as a summer plant, and when given sufficient moisture, will spread rapidly and bloom profusely. The reasonable price justifies every garden having plenty of colorful Cannas.

KING HUMBERT—3½ feet. Foliage bronze and the finest bronze leaved Canna. Its large orange scarlet flowers are streaked with crimson and gold. It is an orchid-flowering Canna that does remarkably well in this section of the country.

YELLOW KING HUMBERT—4 feet. Foliage a very dark green, flowers a deep rich yellow spotted and blotched with bright red. A large or big-flowering canna with giant flowers which if given a lot of water will grow as high as six feet, very showy.

YELLOW PLUME—3½ feet. Pure beautiful delicate yellow flowers on long stems. Produces splendid cut flowers.

CITY OF PORTLAND — 3½ feet. Grows increasingly popular, largely because it does not fade in hot weather. It produces a deep pink bloom with flowers borne well above the foliage.

THE PRESIDENT—4 feet. A rich glowing scarlet with immense flowers sometimes seven inches across when full open. Flowers are produced on strong erect stalks well above the heavy foliage.

Postpaid: 10c each; 75c per dozen. You May Specify Mixture at the Quantity Price

GLADIOLUS

This hardy, beautiful flower has gained rapidly in popular favor in this section, because it is so decorative, is easy to grow and blooms the first season. Gladiolus will thrive in almost any good soil except stiff clay. They require full sunlight and are liable to injury if too rich fertilizer is used. Plant bulbs 6 to 9 inches apart, the large ones 4 inches deep and the small ones 2 inches deep. Plant at intervals of 2 weeks during the spring and early summer. In this way you will have a succession of blooms. Use water freely during the active growth season, to insure fine blossoms.

GOLD EAGLE—Be sure to include this in your list of glads this year. It is one of the loveliest of the deep golden yellows—very early, and very prolific. A handsome florist's variety. Very satisfactory in the south.

MING TOY—A brilliant, salmon pink. Another handsome florist's variety. Hardy and very prolific. Splendid placement. A good, strong bulb which you should by all means plant this year. Another very fine glad for the south.

CRIMSON GLOW—Tall, rich dark crimson—one of the best for florist's use. Rugged and disease resistant. A lovely flower of which the Dallas florists can never get enough.

BERTY SNOW—One of the handsomest of the lavenders. This is a flower that everyone should have in their Glad bed. It produces beautiful spikes of a gorgeous orchid coloring.

MRS. LEON DOUGLAS—A giant begonia rose makes one of the largest and heaviest spikes. Unquestionably a winner in exhibition or florist work. Will open as many as 9 flowers at a time.

MRS. FRANK PENDLETON—This Glad has been a favorite for many years. It is a good heavy blotched pink. A very strong bulb and one for which too much cannot be said.

BETTY NUTHALL—Warm coral pink with pale yellow throat, orange tinted. Tall straight spike with from 7 to 10 large flowers open in perfect placement. Does well everywhere. This is a fine bulb grower and propagator. It blooms rather late.

ORANGE QUEEN—A beautiful deep bright orange. It grows splendid strong bulbs and is one of the finest of the exhibition gladioli.

PURPLE PRINCE—A beautiful dark purplish blue. This shade of gladioli is always rare and in much demand because it is rare. Our growers originated this type and we consider it one of the loveliest of the purple blues.

Prices: ½ doz. 40c; doz. 75c; 100 $3.95; postpaid.

The above Bulbs may be mixed to make up total quantities.

Gladiolus.

Queen's Wreath

A lovely climber, with a deep rose bloom. Foliage beautiful. A hardy climber, well suited to this climate.

Postpaid, each 35c; dozen $3.60.

Buy Colorful Bulbs for a Permanent Beauty Investment

Bashful Giant Dahlias.

PRIDE OF CALIFORNIA—Mammoth rich "American Beauty" red dahlia; very tall vigorous grower, flowering continuously from early summer until late fall. Its perfectly formed flowers are produced on strong stems, well above the foliage. Decorative type. Exceptionally large.

YELLOW DUKE—The popularity of this lovely show dahlia has never waned. It is a glowing yellow which has been demanded year after year by dahlia lovers everywhere.

QUEEN MARY—A decorative rose pink which is becoming better known annually. We recommend that you try this one this year believing you will want it in your garden regularly.

D. M. MOORE—Another very popular show dahlia. Its deep velvety maroon flowers are almost black. One of the loveliest of the dahlias, if you like a dark color.

Postpaid prices: 15c each; $1.50 per dozen. You may specify mixture at quantity price.

Amaryllis

The vivid lilies which are so pleasing because of the immensity of their flower. Not infrequently they measure five and six inches in width. They are a deep, velvety, glowing red in color with white stripes. Be sure to plant some this year. **Prices: Each 35c; per dozen $3.60; postpaid.**

Amaryllis.

Dahlias

Few flowers compare with the Dahlia in wide range of colors and diversity of form. Often they produce flowers six, eight and ten inches in size. For backgrounds they are ideal and make an excellent cut flower. The roots should be taken up at first danger of frost and kept stored in a warm dry place during the winter. When planting in the Spring, a sunny situation is desirable, with plenty of space and air. Dig the soil deeply, drain well and use only well-rotted fertilizer. It is common practice to remove side shoots, leaving a single bloom to a stem to secure larger blooms. The plants should be supported by tying to stakes, after they attain growth.

JERSEY BEAUTY—This is probably the best known and most loved dahlia. It is in a class by itself, produces a perfect soft pink bloom carried high above the foliage on a long wiry stem.

JANE COWL—A large decorative flower of a warm buff and gold blending to a bright salmon at the center. The giant flowers are held on rigid stems producing a superb effect. Be sure to have some of these.

DAKOTA—A decorative giant, flame red, well adapted to hot weather. This is an especially pleasing decorative dahlia which should be in every garden where a giant red is desired.

BASHFUL GIANT—One of the largest flowering decorative dahlias in existence. Its gigantic blooms are excellent for exhibition, not only because of size, but also for its beautiful coloring. An exquisite apricot with buff and gold tints. One of the best. A very free and continuous bloomer.

MRS. I. DE VER WARNER—A decorative blossom of soft orchid coloring and unquestionably a dahlia of great merit. Its charming color, very large flowers, and long, strong stems made it the cynosure for all eyes at recent exhibitions. A lovely deep, mauve-pink of perfect form, a true decorative type which is impressive in its very large size. Extremely strong growing, very abundant blooming, and lending itself to either exhibition or garden uses with equal success.

JEAN KERR—A lovely show dahlia, and probably the most popular white dahlia grown. It is very similar in type to the Darlene, flowers being uniform and perfect and produced on long stems well above the foliage.

Postpaid prices: 20c each; 6 for $1.00; $2.00 per dozen. You may specify mixture at the quantity price.

DARLENE—An exquisite shade of live shell-pink with a dainty blending of white at center. It is an early and continuous bloomer, excellent for florists' use. Flowers very uniform and perfect; are produced on long stiff stems well above the foliage. We can recommend this decorative dahlia highly for cut flowers and garden purposes.

PRIDE OF STRATFORD—The best orange decorative dahlia. A wonderful bloomer, holds its large size and perfect form throughout the season and does well in any kind of soil.

Postpaid prices: 15c each; $1.50 per dozen. You may specify mixture at the quantity price.

Tuberose.

Tuberoses

Native of this section which produces a beautiful wax-like flower of heavy fragrance. Harvest your bulbs very late in the fall after they have died down and separate before replanting in the spring. These bulbs flower from June until frost. Tuberoses stand more drouth than almost any bulb of which we know, and we recommend them unqualifiedly. **Postpaid prices: 2 for 15c; 50c per doz.; $3.00 per 100.**

Caladiums

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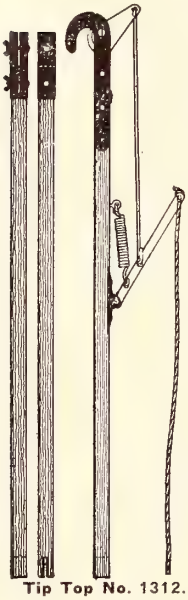


Tip Top No. 1312.

Tip Top Tree Trimmer

A strong light aeroplane spruce pole, stained green, with simple, positive rugged joints that can be set up or taken down easily and quickly. Has hardened and tempered cutlery steel blades —nothing to get out of order. A pull on the rope cuts a branch and a spring opens the pruner, for the next cut. Can be used as a 4, 8 or 12 ft. pruner, and additional 4 ft. section can be added to make it even longer. The only practical joint pruner selling at so low a price. Cuts one-inch limbs easily. Removes worm nests, trims climbers, prunes young fruit trees, high shrubs, berry briars and bushes, also picks high growing flowers.

No. 1312—Tip Top Tree Trimmer; with 2-4 ft. sections in carton. Shipping weight, 6 lbs.
Postpaid **$2.50**
No. 13-S—4 Ft. Section Pole for above. Shipping weight 2 lbs. **Postpaid** **60c**

Owasco Hand Scythes

These hand scythes have dozens of uses. The Owasco is tempered, ground and whetted to a sharp keen edge, just what you need for cutting weeds, tall grass, etc. **Postpaid** **45c**

Free Yourself From Chigger Bites. Use Chigger Chaser and Chigger Choke. See Page 38.

Hand Scythe.

Grass Shears

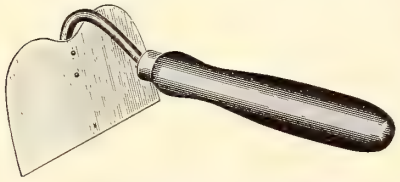
A very efficient proven type of grass shear much superior to the old sheep shear type. Nothing to wear out; easily sharpened and clean easy cutters. Malleable iron handles, hollow ground cutlery steel blades, beautifully finished. The easy adjustment stays just right, and the shear will give years of good service. Blades 6 inches long.
No. 017—Ring Clasp; green enameled finish.
Postpaid **65c**

No. 017.

Ezy-Cut Lopping Shears

A powerful and extremely strong pruner for heaviest cutting. Heavy tool steel forgings, heat treated and accurately ground, joined with bolt and nut and fitted with heavy slick ash handles with long strapped ferrules.
No. 26—30-in. handles. Postpaid. $4.25

No. 26



Hoe

No. 250 — This convenient hand tool is made with wood handle and bright steel hoe. Very convenient for close work. Every gardener should have one.
F. O. B. Dallas... 15c

Garden Trowel

No. 80 — 6-inch blade, galvanized or black enamel finish. Blade and handle all in one piece.
F. O. B. Dallas **10c**

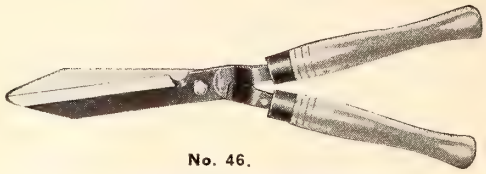
Claw Weeder

No 115—Hand weeder, very useful. Black enamel finish, 9½ in. long.
F. O. B. Dallas **10c**

Wire Plant Labels

We can furnish these in wood or copper. Wood can be marked with ordinary pencil—copper with sharp wire nail. Size ⅝x3½ inches.

	Doz.	50	100
Wood Label	$ .10	$ .25	$ .40
Copper Label	.25	.75	1.50



No. 46.

Hedge Shears

A popular priced general purpose shear that will cut the average household hedge easily, and do a perfect job. Designed for light trimming of small hedges and very efficient considering their low cost. The shear is properly balanced, cuts clean and easily, handles are hard wood, shaped to fit the hand, and fitted with heavy ferrules. This tool is light weight, but plenty strong for light work.
No. 46—6-inch blade. **Postpaid** **95c**
No. 24N-8—8-inch blade. **Postpaid** **$1.75**

Pruning Shears

No. 06.

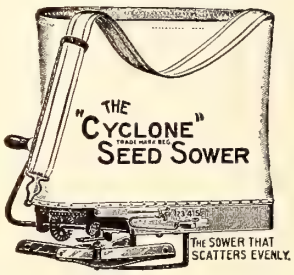
Everyone must have a good pruning shear, even though you only have one or two shrubs. One of the two offerings below will fit your needs.
CALIFORNIA PATTERN — A low priced shear for light pruning, which will give very good results. Large cast iron handles with hardened polished blade, well made and a good value.
No. 06—Green enamel finish. **Postpaid** **45c**

SNAP CUT PRUNER—It out-cuts all other pruners on the market. The thin keen blades cut on to the soft metal anvil with a powerful drawing or sliding action that cuts a ¾-inch branch with surprising ease. Makes a perfectly clean cut on large or small branches. The small size light weight handles fit the hand of either man or woman and makes pruning easy. Handles cannot pinch the hands, they are rust-proof chrome finish. All-steel construction—cannot break or bend. Blade is easily honed and will stay sharp. The soft anvil does not dull it.
No. 119—8 inches long. **Postpaid** **$1.75**

No. 119.

Cyclone Seed Sower

BROADCASTS SEEDS EVENLY.



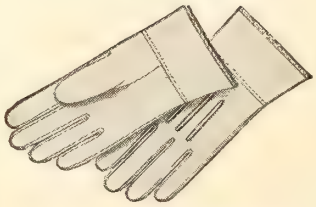
This sower will handle practically every type of seed, and is especially recommended for alfalfa, clover, bermuda and all of the small seeds so generally sown in pastures. Comfortable to carry and operate. Patent double feed makes it superior to all others on the market. Keeps two streams of seed flowing smoothly and steadily on to the distributing wheel. Set according to scale which has been scientifically worked out. Full directions and scale with each machine. Shipping weight 5 lbs. **Price, $2.50; delivered to you.**

Corn and Pumpkin Seed Planter

A splendid time saver. Pumpkin seed attachment operates about every fourth hill. Segmented slide is of steel. Stripper made of clock spring steel. No brushes to wear out. Hopper conveyor tube and jaws are made of special rolled stock. Handles of beech or maple finished in red enamel. Will plant up to six acres per day. Operates automatically, easily and accurately. Adjustment on slide varies the corn dropped per hill.
No. 307, shipping weight 5 lbs. **F. O. B. Dallas** **$1.95**

EEZY-WEAR GLOVES

All Leather—Dirt Proof—Soft as Kid—Extra Pliable



Permit almost barehand freedom, with perfect comfort, yet insure complete protection from dirt scratches, bruises and stains. Economical— will outwear six pairs of fabric gloves. Washable. Sizes for women—Small, medium and large; for men, medium and large.
Price: 75c per pair, 2 pairs, $1.40; postpaid.

These Hand Sprayers Also Spray Dusts Very Satisfactorily

Cracker Sprayer

This sprayer has a measured discharge so that the user can apply a given amount of spray material in a predetermined length of time. It will discharge 4/5 of one cubic centimeter per stroke, 2 ounces per minute, or approximately one quart in 16 minutes. Tank holds slightly more than a quart. Shipping weight each 2 lbs.

No. 334—Cracker Sprayer, F. O. B. Dallas, each **40c**

Mosquito Sprayer

A fine little sprayer, designed for household use. Has a detachable glass container, with large opening for easy filling. Pump is at an angle so tank may sit flat and not tip over. Very convenient for spraying potted plants, sink drains, etc. 3½ ounce capacity. Shipping weight, 2 lbs.

No. 353—Mosquito Sprayer, F. O. B. Dallas, each **20c**

Diamond Sprayer

CONTINUOUS.

The Diamond Sprayer is built by practical engineers. The discharge is measured to deliver 28 cubic centimeters (approximately one ounce) per minute, which is the average amount required for the greatest number of uses. This sprayer is very easy to operate. There is no spitting or dripping at the beginning or end of the stroke. Do not fill this sprayer more than ¾ full for best results. Full capacity, one quart. Shipping weight, 2 pounds.

No. 322 Diamond Sprayer, F. O. B. Dallas, each **75c**

Compressed Air Sprayers

Coyote—Self-Filling

Coyote

The Coyote is a self-filling compressed air sprayer—in a class entirely alone. This entirely eliminates spilling and waste. Quick, clean and easy to use. Notice the built-in, funnel shaped top. Saves your time in addition to the spray material. You'll be glad you bought this model every time you use it.

This is a general purpose sprayer, satisfactory in the field, factory, or around the home for whitewashing, disinfecting, creosoting, all kinds of staining, cold water paints, etc. It delivers one gallon of spray material in six minutes.

3½ Gallon tank, 21 inches high, made of heavy galvanized steel, top and bottom terne plate. Pump 1¾ inches by 14 inches, made of seamless brass tubing. Fitted into top of tank. Equipped with automatic nozzle, all brass, and all brass extension packed 1 in heavy fiber shipping carton. Shipping weight 10 lbs.

No. 505-G—Coyote Sprayer, Galvanized, F. O. B. Dallas .. **$4.25.**
No. 505-B—Coyote Sprayer, Brass, F. O. B. Dallas ..... **$6.25.**

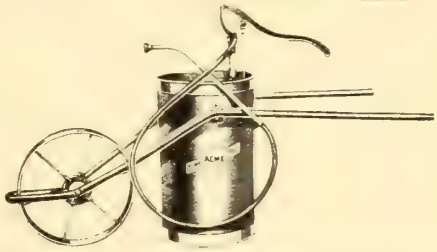
Beaver

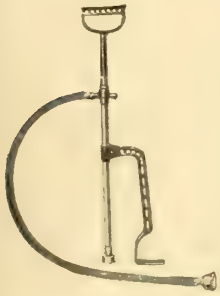
Beaver 2½ Gallon

This little sprayer will develop an exceptionally high pressure and will handle all general purpose spraying in the garden, field or around the home. It delivers one gallon in six minutes and may be used for all kinds of liquids.

The tank is 17 inches high, same general construction as the Coyote. Pump 12 inches by 1¾ inches, made of seamless brass tubing. Fitted into top of tank by patented safety locking device. Packed 1 in heavy fiber shipping carton. Shipping weight 9 pounds.

No. 546G—Beaver Sprayer, Galvanized, F. O. B. Dallas **$3.95**
No. 546-B—Beaver Brass, F. O. B. Dallas **$5.75**





Bucket Pump

This high pressure bucket pump is acknowledged to be the most powerful sprayer of its type. It is especially recommended for orchard, vineyard or shrub spraying. Generates a pressure of over 200 pounds, with very little effort on the part of the operator. Pump is all brass with malleable iron foot rest and handle. Equipped with non-clog nozzle and solid stream nozzle. Hoze 3/8 inches, 5 ply, extra heavy. Shipping weight, 4 pounds.

No. 6—Bucket Pump, F. O. B. Dallas, each **$2.95**

Green Mountain Wheelbarrow Sprayer

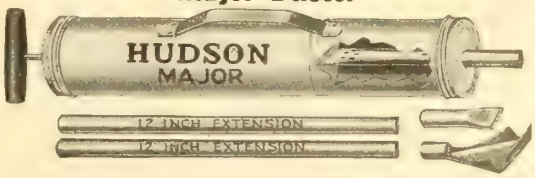
This sprayer was designed for the requirements of gardeners, nurserymen, farmers and greenhouses. It is sufficiently powerful to develop up to 150 lbs. pressure with a very fine spray discharge of two quarts per minute, or a coarse spray discharge of 30 gallons per hour. By removing inner braker disc in the nozzle, a forceful solid continuous stream may be maintained. Pump cylinder 6½ inches long, air chamber 25 inches long, dasher agitator. Tank 12 gallon capacity, galvanized steel. 5 ft. of 3/8 inch 5 ply high pressure spray hose and 2 ft. extension rod. Wheel 16 inches, 2-inch tire. Shipping weight 42 lbs.

No. 3170—F. O. B. Dallas, Each **$11.95**

Carbola Dust Gun

This is a very fine duster, made from heavy rolled tin, with baked on red enamel finish. Will last a lifetime with ordinary usage. Large screw cap, easy to open and close. Especially designed for dusting all dry powders and insecticides. Length 17 inches. Capacity 1 lb. Carbola Duster, shipping weight 2 lbs. **F. O. B. Dallas. Each** **85c**

Major Duster



Hand type. Powder reservoir 5 in. long, 2¾ in. in diameter Special strainer prevents clogging. Comes complete with two 12-in. extensions and two tips, as illustrated. Shipping weight, 2 pounds.

No. 665—Major Duster; F. O. B. Dallas. $1.00 each. No. 665-A—Major Duster (equipped with 12-inch flexible hose for Cyanogas use), **F. O. B. Dallas, $1.15 each.**

STOP Climbing Insects with

Tree Tanglefoot

Expands with growth of plants.

This is a sticky material for applying in bands around the trunks of trees and vines to combat the clinging and creeping type of destructive insect pests. It remains effective three to four months, outlasting ten to twenty times any other material. Easily applied with wooden paddle. One pound makes fifteen or more lineal feet of bands.

1 lb. can, F. O. B. Dallas—65c; 5 lb. can, F. O. B. Dallas—$3.00

Peach Tree Borers Can be Killed with

Paradichlorobenzene

This is an effective and permanent control of the Peach borer which may be applied either of two ways:

First: Clean gum away from tree trunk and clean ground around base of the tree. Encircle the tree two inches away from the trunk, with one ounce of Paradichlorobenzene and cover with fine earth. Pack down firmly.

Second: Made an emulsion of 2 lbs. of Paradichlorobenzene, 1 gallon of Crude Cotton Seed Oil with enough Potash Fish Oil Soap to emulsify the mixture. Dilute one pint of the mixture with 1 gallon of water for spraying. Apply around the base of the tree and on the lower part of the trunk. It requires approximately one gallon of spray to cover a medium peach tree efficiently. **Prices, F. O. B. Dallas: 1 lb. 75c; 5 lbs. $3.25.**

Control Tree and Plant Scales with

Oil Emulsion

Another government-recommended control for the spraying of orchards and shrubbery. It controls camphor scale, San Jose scale, white fly, purple scale, mealy bugs and other scale insects; also plant-lice and red spider. **Prices: Qt. 35c; ½ gal. 65c; gal. $1.00; 5 gal. $4.50; 55-gal. drum, 50c per gal. F. O. B. Dallas.**

SPRAYING PAYS

ACME Insecticides and Fungicides

A RELIABLE BRAND

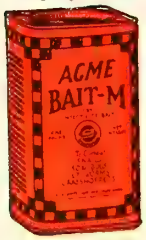
ANT-KILL

is a sure kill for either sweet or grease loving ants IN THE NEST. Used according to directions, there is no exposed poison. It is poured into glass containers and placed conveniently for the ants who carry the poison to their nests. Easy to use, and adapted to any size home or garden. For the small grease-loving ants simply add a small piece of bacon to the bait. **Complete set, F. O. B. Dallas, each.....60c**

ALL ROUND SPRAY—For flowers, vines, shrubs, roses, vegetables. All Round Spray contains the three leading remedies used by all large growers. Arsenate of lead. Nicotine Sulphate and Bordeaux Mixture. **Prices, F. O. B. Dallas; ¼ lb. 35c; lb. 80c.**

APHIS SPRAY — An improved nicotine spray combining a soft fish oil soap with Black Leaf 40, suitable for the control of all kinds of aphis (plant lice), thrip, leaf hopper and many more hardy insects infesting rose bushes, flowers, shrubs, vines bushes and trees. Mixes easily with any kind of water. Complete directions found with every package. **Price: 3 oz. collapsible tube 35c**

ARSENATE OF LEAD—Most favored arsenical insecticide. Safe to use on tender foliage and sticks well on the leaves. Recommended for fruit trees, vegetables, bushes and tobacco. Can be used as dust or spray. **Prices: ½ lb. 20c; lb. 30c; 4 lbs. 70c; F. O. B. Dallas.**



BAIT-M—An effective insecticide bait which will throw a ring of protection around shrubs, flowers and plants in garden and lawn. For use against snails, slugs, cutworms, ear-wigs, sow bugs, grasshoppers and many other insects which migrate along the ground. **Prices: Lb. 35c; 3 lbs. 70c; 15 lbs. $2.75; F. O. B. Dallas.**

BORDEAUX MIXTURE — Prevents large losses caused by blight, rot, mildew, scab, anthracnose and certain other fungous disease. It stimulates plant growth and greatly increases harvests. **Prices: F. O. B. Dallas, 1 lb. 30c; 4 lbs. 65c.**

CALCIUM ARSENATE—Cheapest Arsenical insecticide on the market but efficient for certain purposes. Accepted as best for boll weevil poisoning on cotton, also recommended to combat chewing insects on potatoes, vegetables, cotton and certain fruit trees. **Prices: F. O. B. Dallas, ½ lb. 15c; 1 lb. 25c; 4 lbs. 50c.**

DUSTING SULPHUR—Keep your roses free from mildew, black spot, leaf spot and other hideous fungous diseases. Acme M-S-R Dusting Sulphur is a tonic for roses, chysanthemums, phlox, delphiniums, sweet peas, lilacs, snapdragons and carnations—to make these flowers and many other plants yield their full measure of sweetness and beauty. **Price: 3 lb. sifter carton, 45c each; F. O. B. Dallas.**

ACME LONDON PURPLE—A favored insecticide for 50 years. Now stronger and better than ever. London Purple is one of the lightest and fluffiest powdered insecticides on the market, assuring complete coverage and greatest adhesion to foliage. For use on potatoes, cotton, tobacco, sugar beets and many other shrubs and vegetables affected by leaf chewing insects. **Prices F. O. B. Dallas: ¼ lb. 15c; 1 lb. 30c; 4 lbs. 60c.**

GARDEN GUARD—An insecticide and fungicide for use as a dust. Use on practically all forms of vegetables. Sifter carton. **Price: Lb. 35c; F. O. B. Dallas.**

SPRAY SOAP — Ideal for use with insecticides needing a spreader, and also used as a wash preventing spread of scale. **Prices: Lb. 30c; 5 lbs. $1.25; F. O. B. Dallas.**

TWO WAY SPRAY—A combination of Arsenate of Lead and Bordeaux Mixture. Two results with one application. **Prices F. O. B. Dallas; ½ lb. 25c; 1 lb. 45c.**

LIME AND SULPHUR — Lime and sulphur converted into a dry powder. For use in dormant spraying against scale, peach-blight, leaf-blight, leaf-curl and twig borer. Summer spray against scab, soot, blotch, red spider and mite. **Prices: Lb. 35c; 5 lbs. $1.45; 25-lb. drum $4.00; F. O. B. Dallas**

PARIS GREEN—A powerful poison carrying sure death to insects of the eating type **Prices: ¼ lb. 20c; lb. 50c; F. O. B. Dallas.**

ADD POSTAGE FOR MAIL DELIVERY.

ATLACIDE CHLORATE WEED KILLER IS Efficient Safe to use Harmless to Soil

Atlacide in contact with living plant sap, acts like blood poisoning in the human body and kills the entire plant system. It is compounded particularly for weed killing purposes and is slightly acid in reaction. Its moist condition eliminates fire hazard. Sodium Chlorate has proven unsatisfactory as a weed killer because it dries immediately and is dangerously inflammable.

Atlacide has been used with entire satisfaction for killing weeds on thousands of farms throughout the country. Full results will not appear until the spring following application as chemical continues to work through the winter. Treated land may remain partially sterile during the summer following treatment, but Atlacide does not permanently affect soil fertility. Full instructions with each shipment.

DELIVERED PRICES

1 lb. Sifter Top Cans (kills 100 to 450 sq. ft. of weeds) . . . 50c each
3½ lb. Sifter Top Cans (kills 350 to 1500 sq. ft. of weeds) $1.50 ea.

NEW EVER GREEN KILLS

90% of the various kinds of insects destroying gardens

It protects the beauty of your garden. Simplifies insect control. It does away with complicated and confusing instructions. Provides you with **one** product that will take care of 90% of the insect troubles in home gardens. All you have to do is add water and spray.

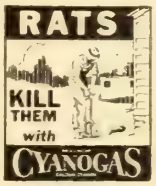
The deadly pyrethrum content of New Ever Green kills insects on plants such as aphis, leaf-rollers, rose beetles and many others of the more resistant insects—both chewing and sucking. It won't injure tenderest blossoms. It is non-poisonous to men and animals.

Postpaid prices: 1 oz. 35c; 6 oz. $1.00; 16 oz. $2.00; 1 gallon $11.00

Black Leaf 40

A highly concentrated nicotine solution for spraying. Does not injure foliage and is unquestionably one of the most effective poisons on the market against aphis, thrips, leaf-hoppers and many other insects. Used and endorsed by experiment stations and leading growers.

Prices: Oz. 35c; 5 oz. $1.00; lb. $2.25; 2 lbs. $3.25; 5 lbs. $5.85; 10 lbs. $10.60; F. O. B. Dallas



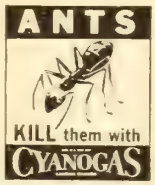
Cyanogas-A-Dust

kills rats, mice, all kinds of burrowing animals, and anything else exposed to its deadly fumes. Pump dust deep into burrows, or fumigate out-houses with it. Rats can keep clear of baits and traps but they cannot escape Cyanogas.

F. O. B. Dallas, ½ lb. 45c; 1 lb. 75c; 5 lbs. $3.00.

Cyanogas Ant Killer

does not rely on feeding habits. It kills them with gas. Especially effective against big red and black ants which are so hard to exterminate. The spouted 4 oz. can (enough to kill a million ants) is especially designed for treating ant nests in gardens and lawns. **F. O. B. Dallas, 4 oz. can 30c.**



Exterminate Household Pests with these Effective-Guaranteed Killers

Manufacturer's $1,000.00 Guaranty—"We guarantee that our line of killers will kill whatever is claimed for them on their container, when used as directed and agree to forfeit $1,000.00 in gold to anybody who can prove to us that it cannot do this."

$1,000 Fly Killer

Kills House Flies, Mosquitoes, Gnats and many other winged insects that invade houses. It is a contact spray, for indoor use. Will not stain fine textiles nor wall-paper. Agreeable odor. **Pint size, F. O. B. Dallas 50c**

$1,000 Moth Killer

Kills clothes moths, carpet beetles, their eggs and larvae. Does not stain and may be used on furs, garments, rugs, carpets, pelts, robes, etc. Full directions on container. **Pint size, with special sprayer, F. O. B. Dallas 75c**

Exterminating Roaches

is comparatively simple—but it may take either of two courses. Most roaches will eat $1,000 Roach Killer, which is the simplest way to exterminate. There are some, however—especially the brown and white Australian Roach, which is becoming more and more prevalent, bedding all over the house, which must be killed by a contact dust.

$1,000 Roach Killer

protects against water bugs, roaches and black beetles, all of whom eat this powder. Most kinds of roaches eat it — the only exception of which we know being the brown and white Australian roach which must be killed by contact powder described below. Where ordinary roaches exist, however, this killer is the simplest and easiest to use. Odorless and clean

3 oz. Package, F. O. B. Dallas 35c
7 oz. Package, F. O. B. Dallas 65c

Red Seal Roach Powder

is an absolutely effective dust, which clogs the respiratory tract, suffocates and kills every roach with which it comes in contact. Be sure to dust thoroughly every possible crevice in which a roach can hide—in door hinges, under furniture, under any bulging wall-paper, and repeat the process in 10 days for a complete extermination. It does the work, if you are thorough

8 oz. Can, F. O. B. Dallas 50c
Small Dust Gun 10c

$1,000 Bed Bug Killer

Means sure death to the bed bugs it reaches. It is a contact spray, non-explosive and can be sprayed freely over a room without injury or stain. Use a hand sprayer for best results. **Pint can, F. O. B Dallas 40c**

$1,000 Ant-Bane

rids buildings of ants when used according to directions. Ants are really difficult to get rid of, as most people know—and this product certainly does the work when properly applied. **3 oz. can, F. O. B. Dallas 35c**

Killing Rats

is no easy matter. Their nature is to be suspicious as to the cause of death whenever any of their kind die. Therefore, where reinfestations of premises occur, we recommend exchanging methods of extermination from time to time

$1,000 Rat & Mouse Killer

is a bait exterminator, use as instructed to get a complete kill. Use plenty, because it is a known fact that rodents are very suspicious and refuse to eat baits after several of their number have died. This produces a burning thirst, which drives them out-of-doors to die, if care is used to prevent their securing water indoors. **3 oz. can, F. O. B. Dallas 35c**

Rat Scent

is a poisoned grain—and grain is the natural food of rats. The odor of Rat Scent attracts rats. They find it good and eat it greedily. In a short while they begin to feel suffocated, and run toward fresh air until they drop. Rats therefore will be less able to realize what is poisoning them than when the ordinary baits are used. Rat Scent is harmless to chickens, and dogs and cats are not attracted to it because it is a whole grain. Very simple to use.

7 oz. box, F. O. B. Dallas 35c
13 oz. box, F. O. B. Dallas 50c

A Beautiful Lawn Must be Fed!

Nothing can live without food—and the habits of men are not conducive to feeding plant life, for we remove everything from our lawns that might replenish the plant food in the soil. We simply, therefore, have to supply our plant food if we expect our lawns to be beautiful.

Vigoro does this in the most simple and pleasant manner possible. Vigoro contains all of the plant food elements necessary to produce plant life—and in the right balance. It should be fed three times annually, early in the spring at the rate of 4 lbs. to the 100 square feet; in midsummer at the rate of 2 lbs. to the 100 square feet, and in the fall of the year at the rate of 4 lbs. to the 100 square feet. That will give you a year-round, beautiful lawn, if you have it seeded right.

Delivered Prices:
100 lbs. $4.00; 50 lbs. $2.50; 25 lbs. $1.50; 10 lb. Carton, 85c; 5 lb Carton, 45c

Small Vigoro Spreader

Capacity 10 lbs. Spreads evenly and easily. **F. O. B. Dallas $1.95**

Chigger-Free Lawns

Protect yourself, your children and your friends from annoying pests on your lawn. One application of CHIGGER CHOKE, according to the instructions on the box, will free your lawn for a season. Interest your neighbors in ridding their lawns of these pests—and often reinfestation can be avoided for many years.

CHIGGER CHOKE positively chokes chiggers to death. One 5 lb. package is enough for the average 50 ft. lot.

5 lb. package, delivered to you.....$1.25

DAWG-GONE — Protect your evergreens — keep dogs away. Remove cap and hang tube of Dawg-Gone (opening down) in the lower branches of trees at the points of approach. Not necessary to place tube in every tree unless standing alone.

The odor slowly emanating from the open tube will keep dogs at a distance—replaces unsightly wire screens or mechanical contrivances. **Tubes, 35c each; 3 for $1.00.**

You Can Avoid Chigger Bites

by dusting yourself and your clothing with CHIGGER CHASER. It is no longer necessary or pardonable for people to scratch chigger bites. They don't even make good conversation any more, because they are needless. CHIGGER CHASER is an absolutely harmless powder to the most sensitive skin—yet it positively keeps chiggers off.

Come in sifter top cans—postpaid to you. 2 oz. 25c; 5 oz. 50c

Decorative Garden Birds

Beautiful garden ornaments to be used on lawns, trees, vines, plants and fences. Serve admirably as plant supports.

Birds are natural size and colored on both sides with weatherproof enamel. Swivel mounted on strong 22-inch green enamel stakes. Their swinging movement and life-like appearance attract song birds to your garden and lawn. Very decorative. **Postpaid: Each 25c; 2 for 40c; 6 for $1.00.**

MULCH PEAT MOSS LITTER

IMPORTED GRANULATED TORF MULL

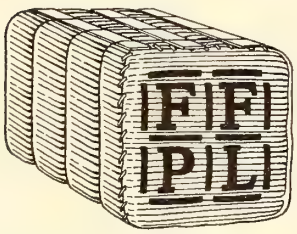
MAGNOLIA FIBRE-FREE LITTER

As a mulch, peat moss is ideal. It loosens soil and is very practical for use on bulbs, roses and lawns. It also holds moisture.

As a litter, it has proven its entire practicality. It saves labor, is sanitary and prevents dampness. It aborbs offensive odors, keeps houses warm in winter and prevents the spread of disease. It provides a light springy mat for poultry and after use in the poultry house, it is a very valuable fertilizer.

Our Litter is selected from the highest grade of peat. It is dug from the central beds of the peat deposit belt in Europe. After drying in the sun for 12 to 15 months, practically all fibre is removed and it is ground and graded over screens. The portions best suited for litter are put up into well compressed bales. When opened and broken up, this moss increases greatly in volume and one bale is sufficient to cover a floor area of at least 80 square feet, three inches deep.

Magnolia Fibre-Free Litter, because it is free of fibre, absorbs better, can be used longer, is practically fire-proof and makes a splendid fertilizer.



That part of the peat moss which is too small for litter is then ground very fine, compressed in bales and used for mulching purposes and is known as Granulated Horticultural Mulch.

MAGNOLIA FIBRE FREE POULTRY LITTER or MAGNOLIA GRANULATED HORTICULTURAL MULCH
(Specify which is wanted)

Per bale of approximately 20 to 22 bu.....$3.50 bale
Small bales, approximately 10 to 11 bu..... 1.95 bale
F. O. B. Dallas.

GLASS CLOTH

Genuine has Red Edge and Name on Every Yard

FOR HOT BEDS COLD FRAMES POULTRY HOUSES SLEEPING PORCHES OR A SUBSTITUTE FOR GLASS ANYWHERE

Glass Cloth holds in warmth and does not chill as quickly as window glass. It lets in the violet rays of the sun. Superior to glass for hotbeds, cold frames and poultry houses.

Baby chicks thrive under Glass Cloth. They grow fast and are healthy, feathering into plump frying size several weeks earlier than when kept under glass. This was definitely proven at the Iowa State College. Of an equal number of chicks placed under glass and under Glass Cloth. 25% of the chicks under glass died while all lived under Glass Cloth. The remaining 75% under glass gained 180% on their original weight while those under Glass Cloth gained 250%.

F. O. B. Dallas Prices

1 yard (9 sq. feet). 3 ft. long, 36 in. wide. Per yard.....**30c**
10 Yards (90 sq ft). 30 ft. long, 36 in. wide. Per roll.....**$2.80**
15 Yards (135 sq. feet). 45 ft. long, 36 in. wide. Per roll.... **4.10**
50 Yards (450 sq. feet). 150 ft. long, 36 in. wide. Per roll....**12.50**

Crystol Fabric

is a lighter weight fabric than Glass Cloth—and not nearly so durable, but where use for only a short time is required, this will give satisfaction—and it is superior to anything in the same price range.

F. O. B. Dallas Prices

1 Yard (9 sq. feet)..... **20c** **15 Yards** (135 sq. feet)...**$2.70**
10 Yards (90 sq. feet)....**$1.90** **50 Yards** (450 sq. feet)... **8.50**

Seed Disinfectants

BOOKS SENT FREE ON REQUEST

Increase Yields • Control Disease • Hasten Germination • Improve Crop Quality

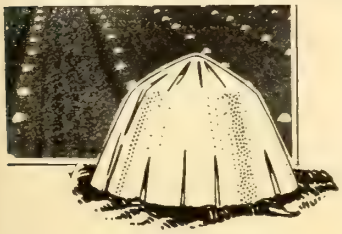
SEMESAN—For vegetable and flower seeds. Absolutely harmless to seed and plant life, but extremely poisonous to disease and parasitic organisms. Controls damping-off, rots and scabs on roots and bulbs, as well as other seed-borne diseases. 1 oz. treats 15 lbs. to 30 lbs. of seed by dust method, or from 40 to 60 lbs. by liquid method. Full instructions with each package. **Price: 2 oz. 50c; delivered to you.**

SEMESAN BEL—For Seed Potatoes. One of the most important disinfectants. 1 lb. treats from 60 to 80 bushels of potatoes. **Prices: 4 oz. 50c; 1 lb. $1.65; 5 lbs. $7.00; delivered to you.**

SEMESAN JR.—For Seed Corn. Dust at the rate of 2 ounces to each bushel of seed corn. Protects from rotting in ground and makes possible earlier planting. **Prices: 4 oz. 35c; 1 lb. $1.00; 5 lbs. $4.75; delivered to you.**

2% CERESAN—For cotton, millets, peas and sorghum. Prevents rotting in cold wet soil; kills surface anthracnose, angular leaf-spot, certain boll-rots. Use 3 oz. per bu. of cotton seed; 2 oz. per bu. of wheat, millets, peas and sorghums. **Prices: 1 lb. 75c; 5 lbs. $3.00; 25 lbs. $12.50; 100 lbs. $49.00; delivered to you.**

For Early Crop Maturity Use HOTKAPS



HOTKAPS protect growing plants against rain, wind, cold, frost, birds, insects and other destructive forces Each one is a miniature hothouse, forcing growth and development. Crops mature 2 to 3 weeks earlier and yield is 10 to 25 per cent greater. Used on all kinds of small plants in every state of the Union.

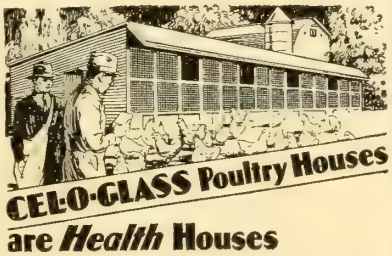
HOTKAPS are patented waxed paper cones, easily set out with a convenient steel setter. One man can place 3,000 or more a day. You can be sure of your crops if you use HOTKAPS—they pay for themselves many times over.

Weight: 1,000 package HOTKAPS, 28 lbs.; 250 packages, 9 lbs; Steel HOTKAP Setter, 3 lbs.

Prices: 1,000 lots, $10.25; 5,000 lots, $10.10 per M; 10,000 lots $10.00 per M; 250 Trial Package, including Gorden Setter with tamper, $3.75; Germaco HOT-KAP Steel Setter, $1.50 F. O. B. Dallas.

Cel-O-Glass Maintains EGG PRODUCTION

Don't let your egg production drop way down when the weather gets cold. Use CEL-O-GLASS, and instead of fewer eggs, you'll have stronger, healthier hens that keep on producing just when egg prices are highest.



CEL-O-GLASS is the only window material with a wire mesh base with published scientific proof that it increases egg production. Back of CEL-O-GLASS is a 10-year record of performance on farms from coast to coast. Many experiment stations have proved the value of CEL-O-GLASS. Use CEL-O-GLASS and you not only increase egg production, you practically eliminate thin-shelled eggs.

CEL-O-GLASS also keeps houses warmer, and pays for itself over and over again. Moreover, properly installed CEL-O-GLASS will last for years.

Other Uses for CEL-O-GLASS

CEL-O-GLASS in brooder houses prevents chick mortality, raises healthy chicks—in hog houses prevents weak legs. Good for dairy barns, cold frames, hot beds, back porches, storm windows, storm doors, and sleeping porches. It lets in the sunlight and keeps out the cold.

Write for free CEL-O-GLASS blueprints. Valuable whether you plan to build, remodel or install in present buildings.

F.O.B. Dallas

Rolls, 100 ft. long by 3 ft. wide (300 square feet). 42 lbs... $40.50
Per sq. yd.—3 linear feet by 3 ft. wide..... 1.35

All experiments have proven conclusively that inoculating seed with legume germs not only increases yield for the year such seeds are planted, but vastly increases the fertility of the soil for future crops.

YOU CAN NOW AFFORD TO INOCULATE ALL YOUR LEGUMES WITH DATED, HIGH COUNT NITRAGIN.

Full value guaranteed in every package of NITRAGIN—packed with Billions of live, fresh and efficient Legume Germs. For your protection every package of NITRAGIN bears the Expiration DATE, Germ COUNT when packed and the PRICE.

NITRAGIN EASY TO APPLY

NITRAGIN is a granular MOIST soil-like culture packed in tins. Easy to apply. Directions on every can.

NITRAGIN INOCULATION PRICES, POSTPAID

When Ordering, Always Specify Kind of Seed to be Inoculated. Size Package Indicates Quantity of Seed Package Will Inoculate.

A—Alfalfa, Sweet and Bur Clover.
B—Crimson, White and Yellow Clover.
L—Lespedeza.

½ bu.	$ .35
1 bu.	.60
2½ bu.	1.25

C—Vetches, Canada, Austrian and Garden Peas.
D—Field and Garden Beans.

½ bu.	$ .30
1 bu.	.45
*1 2/3 bu.	.70
5 bu.	2.00

S—Soy Beans.
E—Cow Peas, Lima and Velvet Beans, Peanuts.

1 bu.	$.35
2 bu.	.60
5 bu.	1.25
10 bu.	2.60
25 bu.	3.75

Garden NITRAGIN for Peas, Beans, Sweet Peas

Inoculates from 1 oz. to 8 lbs. seed. **Price**.....25c

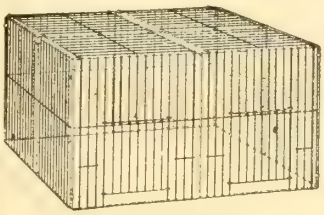
*"100 lb. size" packed only for Vetch and Peas.

Farmers Caponizing Set

A simple, easy set of caponizing instruments which has proven thoroughly practical. With each set of instruments you will receive a book containing instructions for caponizing and care of capons. Shipping weight, 1 lb. **Price per set, postpaid**.....$3.50

Exhibition Coops

The kind that show your birds to the best advantage. Made from best galvanized steel wire. Each of the wire sections has a frame electrically butt welded at the joint, making it a continuous piece. Cross wires are electrically welded to the frame.



Exhibition Coops.

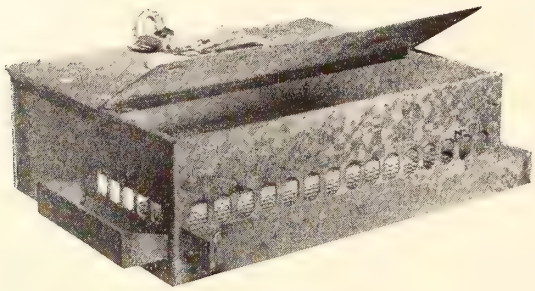
SINGLE—Size, 22x22x27 inches; weight, 12 lbs... $1.85
DOUBLE—Size, 48x24x27 inches; weight, 20 lbs... 2.95
TURKEY—Size, 36x36x36 inches; weight, 30 lbs.. 3.95
PARTITIONS—Weight, 3 pounds ..... .40

(Prices F. O. B. Dallas)

Feed and Water Cups

A practical convenient and durable cup for exhibition coops. Drawn from one piece of heavy terne plate, a rust-resisting metal. No seams or solder. Dimensions, 4½ in. long, 3 in. wide and 2 in. deep. Capacity, about ½ pint. Packed 6 dozen in a carton. Shipping weight, 17 lbs. per carton.

No. 61—Exhibition Cups. Each, F. O. B. Dallas 10c



Magnolia's Little Mother

The ideal small brooder. Will care for from 40 to 45 day old chicks. Scientifically built. So durable that it will last for years—yet so reasonable in price that no one can afford to use make-shift brooders.

Inside dimensions 18x22 inches; 7½ inches high, with inside head room of 6 inches. 15 feed holes, 5 water holes. Ample feed and water capacity. Ample ventiliation through top holes, which may be covered when desired. Legs come with the brooder, although their use is not generally recommended, and the illustration does not show them. Brooder can be set up in five minutes. All sides slide together, and are held by end pieces, bolted at the bottom. End pieces also provide base on which a high grade mesh floor is placed.

Brooder comes complete with extension cord for attachment to socket. May be used either with heating element or heat globe, which must be provided extra. Shipping Weight 12 lbs.

LITTLE MOTHER BROODER, Each, F. O. B. Dallas.....$3.50
Violet Heat Bulbs, F. O. B. Dallas.....Each 50c; Dozen 5.75

Electric Heating Elements

The very thing you need for a small brooder. Shaped like a thermostat wafer, 7¾ inches in diameter. Made of the finest non-glowing "Chromel" wire coils in woven asbestos fabric insulation, installed in tight die drawn welded steel housings, approximately 1 inch thick. These elements are virtually one piece units, equipped with necessary lead in wires. For alternating or direct current at 110 volts, 40 watts. Shipping weight, 2 lbs.

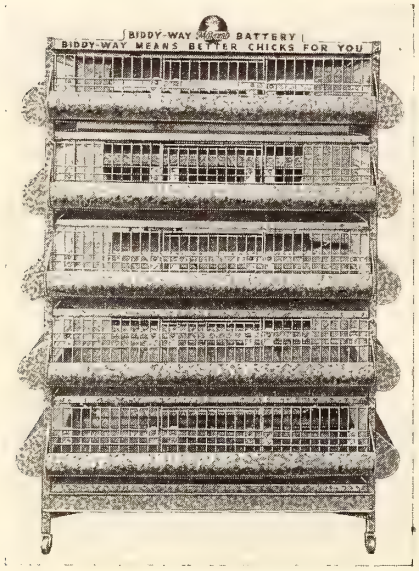
EL-1, Electric Heating Elements, F. O. B. Dallas, Each....85c

Heating Element for Small Brooders

May be used in Battery brooders instead of bulb. Puts out more heat and uses very little more electricity. 110 volts. Can furnish in heaters.

60-watt or 600-watt—the latter being used principally for small room

		Each	Dozen
A- 25—	25-watt heating element. **F. O. B. Dallas....**	$ .75	$8.75
A- 60—	60-watt heating element **F. O. B. Dallas....**	.75	8.75
A-600—	600-watt heating element. **F. O. B. Dallas....**	.75	8.75



Biddy-Way Starter and Display Battery

A very practical starting battery and one which offers unusual display. Every chick can be readily seen and reached.

Each deck has its own heater, which is adjustable for height from the outside. Use only 60 watts per drawer. Battery is designed for use in moderately warm room.

There is perfect balance between total era, feed and water space and brooding area and this battery will handle more chicks per square inch of floor than those not so well proportioned.

Heater is 16x28 inches and they may be bought separately if desired for other battery heating or window display purposes. This heater has proven to be very satisfactory. It tilts readily and is therefore no hindrance to removal of chicks.

Overall height 71 inches; width 50 inches and depth 32 inches. 5 decks. Shipped with sides assembled so erection is easy. Floors new size mesh ½ inch by ¾ inch, found superior to the old ½ inch square. Tinned after fabricating. The entire construction is sturdy, **built to last.** Battery will roll through an ordinary door. Capacity over 600 chicks under 7 days old.

P5-95A has automatic control in each heater, but this is really not necessary. Usually the current can be turned off in all but perhaps lower section after the room warms up in the morning.

	Shipping Wt.	F. O. B. Dallas
P6-95—Electric, not automatic	347 lbs.	$72.50
P6-95A—Electric, automatic	350 lbs.	77.50

C6-30 — Biddy-way, heater only; Shipping wt. 9 lbs. F. O. B. Dallas **$4.75**

C6-3 — Biddyway, heater with legs. Shipping wt. 10 lbs. F. O. B. Dallas **$4.75**

Hen Batteries

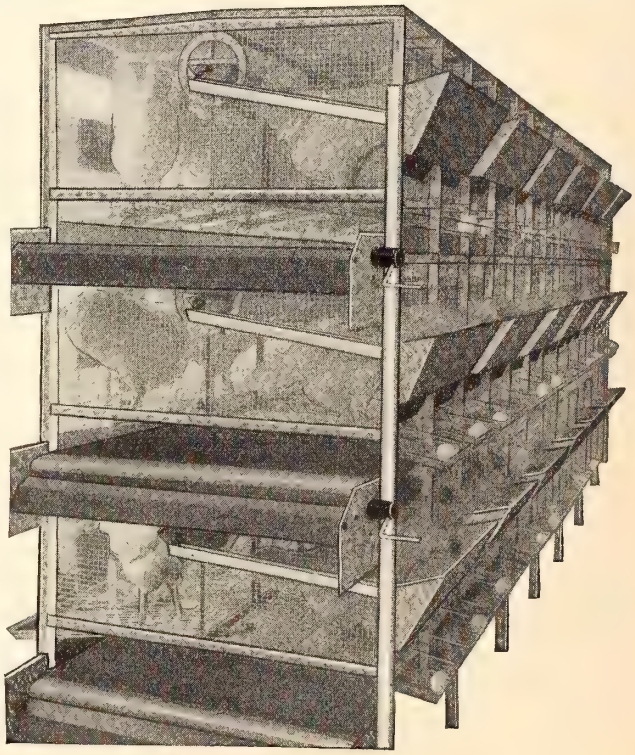
THE MAKOMB HEN BATTERY is really a splendidly constructed piece of equipment—with additional improvements for 1936. Cages are 12 inches wide, 17½ inches long, 18 inches high—ampel room, even for heavy breeds. The following features are attractive to the operator—Shell box in each feeder; card holder on each feeder; non-waste cross wires in feeder keep feed off floor; solid lower half on doors keeps droppings inside, away from eggs, feed and floor; floor wires spaced so all droppings go through.

New belts are of a high grade electroplated screen cloth, filled with a special paint so that the meshes are closed. This belt wlil not tear, rolls easily and cleans very satisfactorily.

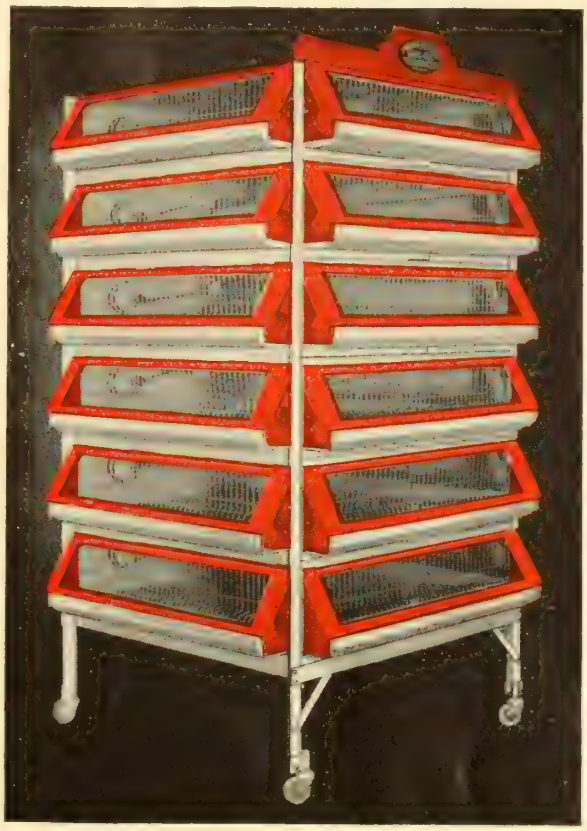
Lack of space prevents our giving all details in connection with these batteries, but if you are interested, write us and we will send you a factory catalog, giving all information—and will also gladly answer any questions you may care to ask. We stock the 12 hen size in Dallas, but larger sizes must come from factory.

No.	Shipping Wt.	F. O. B. Dallas	F. O. B. Factory
P6-112—12 hen battery	101 lbs.	$23.75	$ 22.00
P6-160—60 hen battery	470 lbs.		110.00
P6-172—72 hen battery	580 lbs.		130.00

60 and 72 hen batteries are equipped with belts and running water; 12 hen battery with dropping pans and stationery waterers.



The DeLuxe Silent Salesman Will Sell More Chicks for You in 1936



Chicks have a fascination for almost everyone, but in the past they have been so poorly displayed that people haven't been able to watch them. The DeLuxe Silent Salesman has overcome this problem. Your chicks are right out in the open all the time, right where everyone can see them, admire them and buy them. Modern equipment for proper display is not only beneficial—it has become absolutely necessary to increase sales.

OTHER USES

This is a new era in merchandising—a condition where quality, appearance and salesmanship predominate. The DeLuxe "Silent Salesman" is ideal for hatcherymen to use in establishing a chain of chick dealers. The best feed man in any community would be glad to handle your chicks if you furnished this attractive display and easy method of handling for them. One hatcheryman reported that ten of these brooders placed with chick dealers sold approximately 110,000 chicks for him in 60 days; 11,000 chicks per brooder. Figure it out for yourself. Isn't that cheap advertising and selling? Just around 20c per 100 chicks.

The DeLuxe Silent Salesman also broods satisfactorily—each deck has its own heating unit, automatically controlled. The glass doors surrounding each deck, may be adjusted to allow proper ventilation, or may be removed entirely if desired. Tinned floors ½ x ¾ inch mesh.

COLORS AID SALES

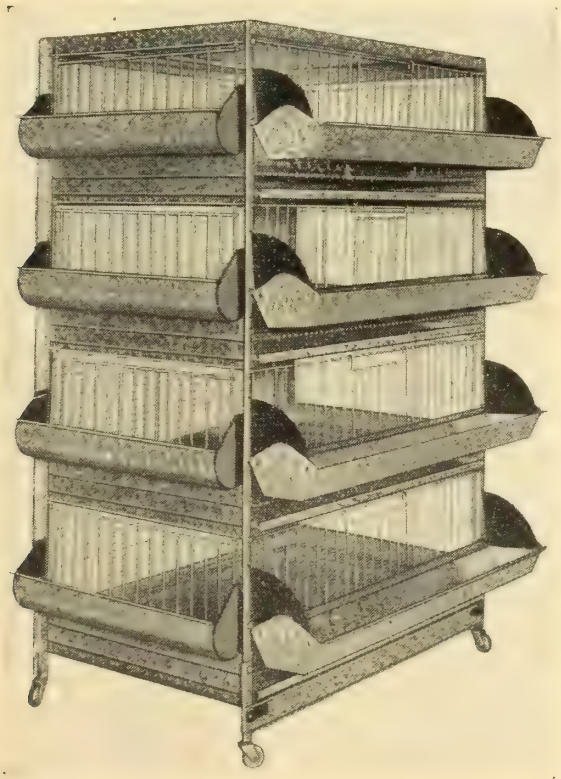
The paint job is handsome enamel finish—grill wires are in red, frames for glass doors in royal blue and the framework ivory.

SPECIFICATIONS AND PRICES

M-8004—Capacity 660 chicks, 4-deck "Silent Salesman," 4620 sq. in. of floor space, height, 65 in., width, 42 in., depth, 40 in. Shipping weight approximately 310 lbs. **F. O. B. Factory, $78.50; F. O. B. Dallas, $83.50.**

M-8006—Capacity 1000 chicks, 6-deck "Silent Salesman," 6930 sq. in. of brooding space, height only 75 in. Width, 41 inches, depth, 40 inches, shipping weight, approximately 425 lbs. **F. O. B. Factory, $99.50; F. O. B. Dallas, $107.25.**

Factory delivery takes from a week to ten days, but you will make some saving in freight if you can await delivery.



Finishing Battery

A battery designed especially for the commercial broiler producer, to raise chicks from five weeks to eight or ten weeks or older. Should not be used for handling young chicks.

It may be rolled through the ordinary door and can be stripped in a few minutes to a skeleton frame work for thorough cleaning. Being a moderate size it insures better ventilation. Its construction is so sturdy it overcomes the difficulties usually experienced with Battery Brooders in the way of leaning one way or another. Dropping pans are standard two-piece steel. Both halves pull out together from front and are instantly detachable. Two pans are naturally much more convenient to handle than one large pan, and of course far less likely to buckle under continuous handling. Floors are of heavy ¾-inch mesh over a steel rod frame. Tinned after fabrication. A battery must have good floors, and all of our batteries do have good floors.

Check these points of difference against the illustration:

Head room is 13 inches as required for older birds. Front and side grids have larger openings so fowls 3 months old feed readily. Floors are of ¾-inch mesh, tinned after fabrication. The single feeder, 42½ inches long, mounted on front, is extra large, 6¾ inches wide by 3½ inches deep, with non-billing grid as a feed follower. There is no need for more feed space. Water pans should be cleaned daily so greater capacity is of no benefit. When a number of these are installed in a compact row, the new design becomes particularly valuable. Then all the birds can be handled quickly, with a minimum of fuss and disturbance. Capacity 100—2 lbs. broilers. Overall height 71 inches, width 34 inches, length 47 inches.

P6-44—Finisher. Weight 210 lbs. **Price, F. O. B. Dallas.....$35.00**

Little Putnam Stoves

A most satisfactory heater for poultry fountains and home-made oat sprouters. May be used under any can, crock or fountain. Plans for making a home-made oat sprouter packed with every stove.

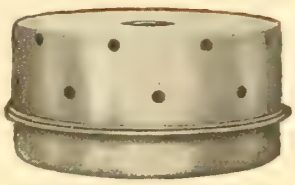
Price delivered to you.....$2.00

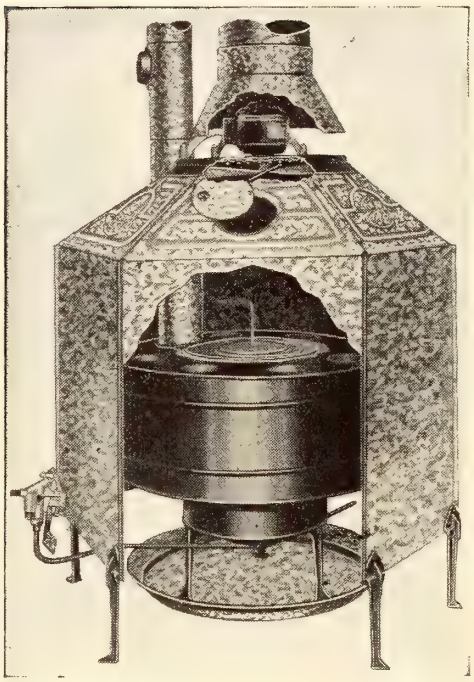
Wicks for above: **Each.....3c**

Dozen.....20c

Wicks and Holders: **Each.....10c**

BURN A MONTH WITHOUT ATTENTION





The Temp-O-Stat Battery Room Heater

SOLVES ROOM HEATING AND HUMIDITY PROBLEMS.

Makeshift contrivances for heating battery rooms have resulted in very heavy losses to many hatcherymen, both in time and money, and there is no further need for such makeshifts, for the Temp-O-Stat has proven, during the past four years, that it can handle the job. It will heat an insulated room of 4,000 cubic feet to 90 degrees readily; and will equalize, so there isn't over 2 to 4 degrees difference anywhere. It will ventilate perfectly, and humidify the air.

Super Oil-O-Stat, with seven 4-inch tubes and 3900 sq. in. of radiating surface, supplies the heat. This most powerful of Brooders is perfectly qualified. Super-efficient by virtue of its own exclusive design, with the fan above forcing air through the tubes and around the heater, the efficiency steps still higher.

The galvanized steel Housing supports in a cast iron bracket a Black and Decker motor, 110 volt A. C., 1/20 H. P., speed 1750 R. P. M. driving a 16 inch four bladed fan. Blows the air swiftly down through the tubes to the floor where it spreads out to every corner. Moves 2000 cubic feet of air per minute. Uses only 3.4 K. W. H. in 24 hours. The fan is screened above and below. One section of the housing is removable.

Humidity is secured with the 30-inch galvanized water pan beneath the heater. Normal evaporation 6 gallons in 24 hours, but can be stepped up to 11 by simple expedients.

The air intake pipe ending above the fan is not included. It controls the amount admitted; is not affected by winds. Temp-O-Stat eliminates any ventilating system. Let it pull air down from a loft above, or any other place of intake. It will preheat and force it to all corners. Perfect ventilation alone is worth the price of Temp-O-Stat. As for convenience, run it six months continuously and do nothing save refuel, adjust the Automatic Valve occasionally, and turn the patented Easy-Clean Handle.

47 inches high, not including fan; 40 inches in diameter across the flats of the hexagon.

Where some large heating plant is already in use, use Temp-O-Stat as a "booster".

		Shipping Wt.	F.O.B. Dallas
T6-4	Temp-O-Stat, Complete	204 lbs.	**$61.25**

The Super Oil-O-Stat Room Heater

is built of 22 gauge and heavier fine Blued Steel, cast iron legs finished in red enamel. The seven tubes are triple locked into the drum, absolutely gas tight for all time. In mechanical perfection, this is the finest brooder heater ever built. Main drum full 30 inches in diameter and **double seamed** top and bottom. Overall height is approximately 28 inches. The screen guard encircles the base to exclude litter. Six feet of copper tubing, overflow pipe, valve, nine gallon tank and draft adjuster are furnished. And, of course, the Easy-Clean Burner.

		Shipping Wt.	F.O.B. Dallas
A6-23	Super Oil-O-Stat Heater Only	96 lbs	**$25.75**

Magnolia Ker-O-Stat Brooder

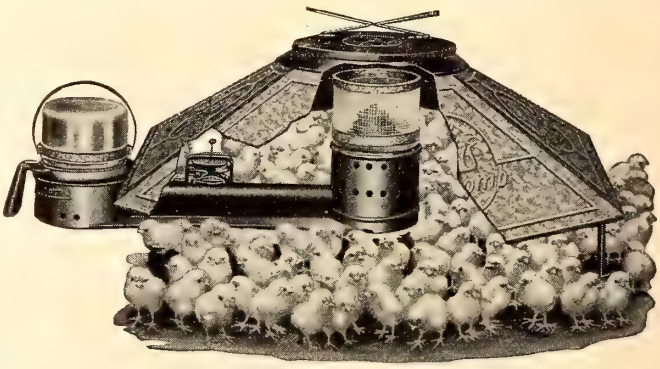
ENTIRELY AUTOMATIC BLUE FLAME BROODER

This brooder has an automatic pilot light with thermostatic control offering complete automatic operation with no danger of flame going out. On warm days, only the pilot light burns, but it will relight the burner the minute outside temperature drops. Burner completely guarded by heavy steel sheet with steel burner shield and heat diffuser. A drip pan below the burner catches any oil that might overflow and protects the floor from the burner's heat. High quality wire-woven asbestos lighting ring makes it possible to light the Ker-O-Stat without dangerous gasoline priming.

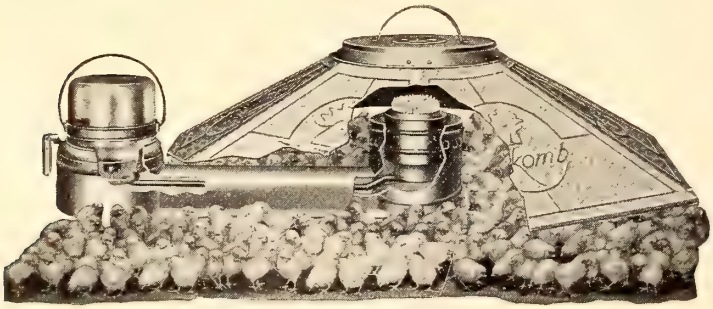
The ⅜-inch oil pipe line is a solid, one piece brazed unit, including the reservoir, connecting pipe and burner bowl. A drain plug at one end and two-way feed into the burner bowl gives safety from clogging.

This brooder is simple, positive and sturdy and you will be entirely pleased with it.

Canopy Size	Burner Size	Chick Capacity	Shipping Weight	Heater Only	Canopy Only	F. O. B. Dallas Complete
45-inch	3½-inch	300	47 lbs.	$ 9.00	$3.75	$11.25
55-inch	5- inch	500	53 lbs.	10.45	4.40	12.95



Magnolia Ker-O-Stat-Brooder.



Magnolia Simplicity Brooder.

Canopy Size	Chick Capacity	Shipping Weight	Heater Only	Canopy Only	Complete
45-inch	300	40 lbs.	$6.25	$4.00	$ 9.95
55-inch	500	49 lbs.	7.25	4.25	10.95

Prices, F. O. B. Dallas.

Magnolia Simplicity Brooder

A SPLENDID VALUE AT THE PRICE.

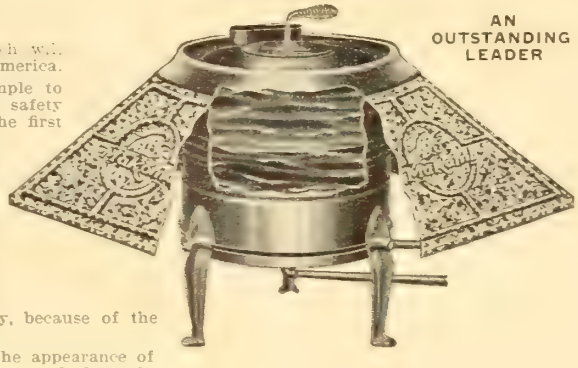
This brooder is simple to operate, very sturdy and durable. It maintains the flame at the point set, without valves, floats, or sliding joints. A ⅜-inch oil pipe line, with cleanout plug at end, is brazed from one end to the other to make it permanently leakproof.

Wire weave lighting ring eliminates bother and danger from gasoline priming. The "Never-Out" pilot light permits brooder to be turned off during warm days and started again at night without relighting. The heat deflecting shield protects the floor. A die drawn steel body, finished in lustrous enamel encloses and protects all parts of the 45 and 55-inch brooders; the 32-inch brooder is a smaller frame, without the steel body.

Parts for Ker-O-Stats or Simplicities.

Lighting Rings (be sure to state size wanted), each	$ .15
Pilot Wicks, each	.15
Oil Reservoir	1.25
Bail for Reservoir	.30
Oil Valve for Reservoir	.40
Band for Reservoir	.30

1936 OIL-O-STAT



AN OUTSTANDING LEADER

Further improvements have been made in the Oil-O-Stat this year which will unquestionably maintain its position as the largest selling oil brooder in America.

In actual brooding ability, the Oil-O-Stat is unsurpassed. It is so simple to handle that more and more poultrymen are realizing their freedom and safety from its use—and demanding this superior type of equipment. Some of the first Oil-O-Stats built are still in active use—giving the same high class service that has consistantly marked their use. We know of no case where comparative tests have been made with other types of brooders, that the Oil-O-Stat has not been declared the best.

The heater is made of heavy blued steel, mounted on sturdy cast iron legs. Canopy is a sturdy hexagon of embossed, galvanized steel, mounted into a rich die drawn of heavy steel. Five feet of flexible copper tubing between valve and nine gallon oil tank.

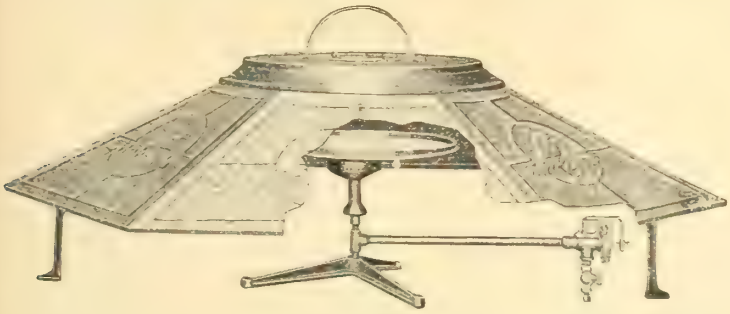
The oil inlet pipe is now brought straight up into the bottom of the burner, resulting in much improved services from the burning of very light oils, and the overflow tube will be eliminated as no longer necessary, because of the improvements in the burner inlet.

The heater walls will carry vertical corrugations this year to improve the appearance of the brooder, and the top, instead of the bottom, will be left loose when packed at the factory, simplifying assembly. The lid in the baffle plate will be eliminated by a removable inner drum or tube inserted through the top opening and resting on the baffle.

As always, the burner is easily cleaned—no need to even lift the top door.

This is unquestionably the most practical drum type brooder on the market. The two smaller sizes are equipped with drums 18 inches in diameter, 15 inches deep, while the A6-2056 is equipped with a 21 inch diameter drum.

Stock No.	Canopy Size	Day Old Chick Capacity	Actual Chick Capacity	Ship. Wt.	F.O.B. Dallas
A6-21—Heater Only				41 lbs.	$12.90
A6-2130	30-inch	600	300	50 lbs.	13.95
A6-2145	45-inch	600	300	54 lbs.	15.95
A6-20—Heater Only				50 lbs.	14.50
A6-2056	56 inch	1000	500	69 lbs.	18.75



Prices, F. O. B. Dallas.	Chick Capacity	Shipping Weight	Price Each
45-in. Gas Brooder Automatic	250	25 lbs.	$ 9.50
55-in. Gas Brooder Automatic	500	32 lbs.	10.85
Automatic Gas Valve, only		2 lbs.	2.75

Magnolia Gas Brooder

Where gas is available at reasonable cost this brooder is among the most satisfactory of all brooders. It does the job with remarkably little attention.

The cast iron burner has an adjustable air shutter. Each brooder is equipped with two machined brass burner orifices, one for natural and the other for artificial gas. You can, therefore, burn either gas satisfactorily.

The automatic valve is one of the finest ever offered the poultry industry. The body is an alloy die casting, the valve stem carefully machined brass and the action extremely smooth. This cannot leak, has pilot adjustment with screw cap and is ideal for use on gas burning brooders.

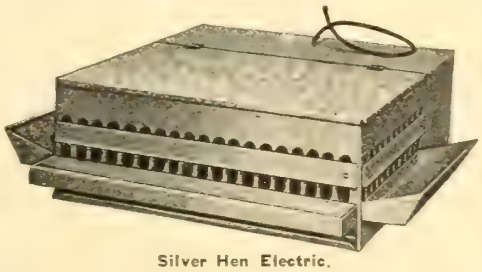
The improved canopy is a rigid Hexagon with heavy steel ring, adjustable ventilator and sturdy legs. A cast iron tripod base firmly supports the burner and the heat deflector bolted to it. This brooder gives you a perfect gas installation.

Magnolia Silver Hen Brooder

This brooder will take care of your chicks with greater ease than any similar brooder on the market.

It is the result of some years of experimenting and the last word in brooder efficiency.

There is a heavy, well braced dropping pan under the finest wire screen, rust-proof floor we can secure. The feed holes are four inches long, with full turned edges and are fully adjustable so chicks, even the smallest, spryest leghorns, cannot escape. The adjusting slides perform double duty, as they support the feed and water pans and conveniently elevate them as needed. Feed pans are big, non-wasting. There is a chick exit in one side. The cover is handily hinged, and the back part bolts to the side walls. Built of heavy prime galvanized steel throughout.

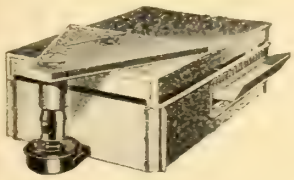


Silver Hen Electric.

This brooder will care for 80 day old chicks, but the quantity placed in the brooder should be reduced regularly, as the chicks grow.

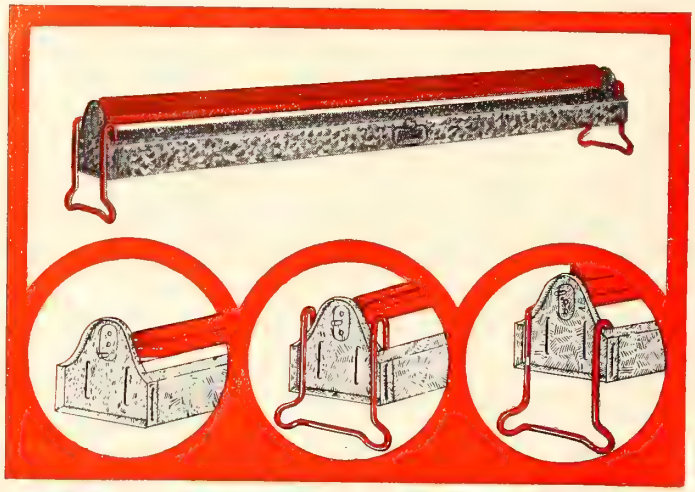
A rack for six units is available at mederate cost and makes up a reasonably satisfactory battery brooder. Inside dimensions, 24x30 inches.

Electrical equipment for 110 volt current includes thermostatic control and strip element, 10 feet cord and plug. Bulb type comes with 10 feet of cord and plug, but without bulb. Lamp heated equipment is slightly different in construction, being adjustable as to head size, and is thermostatically controlled.



Back View—Oil Heated Silver Hen.

No.	Type	Shipping Weight	F.O.B. Dallas Price
C6-1330	STRIP ELEMENT ELECTRIC	34 lbs.	$ 8.50
C2-1335	BULB HEATED ELECTRIC	31 lbs.	7.50
C6-1430	OIL HEATED	44 lbs.	8.75
C2-16	RACK FOR 6 SILVER HENS	83 lbs.	12.25
	VIOLET HEAT BULBS FOR BROODERS	Each 50c: Dozen	5.75
	HEATING ELEMENTS, Specify Voltage Wanted (See page 40)	Each 75c. Dozen	8.75



Adjustable Leg Feeders

This feeder has been designed to include all of the features and provide for the sanitary conditions that heretofore have been available only in the Magnolia Adjustable Reel Feeder, but at the same time sell for considerably lower prices.

The ends are rigidly seamed to the trough which is shaped with wide inturned lips to prevent waste of feed. The large four fin reel is adjustable to any size desired. Wire legs enable you to adjust the trough to any desired height to care for chicks from baby to broiler size. Reel and legs are finished in bright red baked enamel.

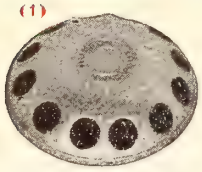
This feeder is secondary only to the Magnolia Adjustable Reel Feeder. Durability considered, we believe the Magnolia Adjustable to be more economical, but the first cost of this feeder is considerably less.

Insets illustrate three adjustments of reel and legs; the first adjustment for starting baby chicks, the second for chicks from two to four weeks old and the third for chicks up to the broiler size.

No.	Size	Shipping Wt.	Price Each F. O. B. Dallas
410	24 inch	2½ lbs.	$ .50
420	36 inch	3 lbs.	.65
430	48 inch	4 lbs.	.80

Round Chick Feeders

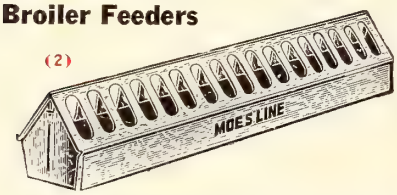
(1)



No.	Holes	Shpg. Wt. Lbs.	F.O.B. Dallas Ea.
GALVANIZED			
G- 8	8	2	10c
G-12	12	3	15c
CHARCOAL TIN			
T- 8	8	2	15c
T-12	12	3	20c

Broiler Feeders

(2)



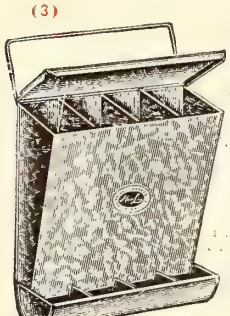
This feeder is intended for growing fowls and full grown birds. Made of galvanized steel or charcoal tin, with slotted hinged covers, easy to fill and clean. Feeder holes are exactly the right size and shape to give easy access to the feed and prevent waste.

Length of feeder, 32 inches; width, 8 inches; depth of pan, 3½ inches; total height, 7 inches; capacity, 12 quarts of feed. 34 feeder holes, 17 on each side. Packed 6 in a carton. Shipping weight (six), 27 lbs.

No. 154—Galvanized. **Each, F. O. B. Dallas** $1.00

No 155—Charcoal Tin **Each, F. O. B. Dallas** $1.35

(3)



Grit and Shell Boxes

Feeding of grit, ground shells and charcoal is now recognized as an essential part of the diet to keep fowls in healthy, prime condition.

Our boxes are exceptionally economical and practical.

No. 45 — For baby chicks, 2 compartments. Height 8 in., width 5 in., weight 2 lbs. **Each, F. O. B. Dallas** 40c

No. 9—3-compartment. Height 13 in., width 8½ in., weight 4 lbs. **Each, F. O. B. Dallas** 65c

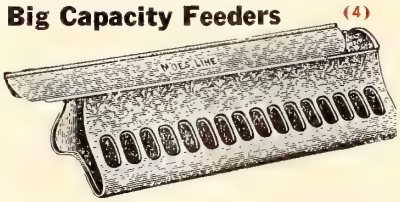
No. 90—4-compartment. Height 13 in., width 11 in., weight 5 lbs. **Each, F. O. B. Dallas** 80c

Leader Chick Feeder

No.	Length	No. of Holes	Shipping weight	F.O.B. Dallas Each
GALVANIZED				
520	13 in.	16	1 lb.	$ .12
521	23 in.	32	2 lbs.	.25

Big Capacity Feeders

(4)



No. 141—Feeder capacity, 17 quarts; length, 35 inches; width, 8½ inches; height, 7 inches. 27 openings on each side, so that 54 chicks can feed at one time. Packed one in carton. Shipping weight, 8 lbs. **Each, F. O. B. Dallas** $1.35

No. 148—Extra hopper to fit No. 141, increasing capacity to 25 quarts. Shipping weight, 4 lbs. **Each, F. O. B. Dallas** 10c

(5) **Big Boy Feeders**

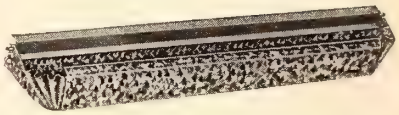
For growing stock, three to four-week-old chicks, and up to full-grown mature fowls. Makes an excellent feeder for turkeys. Holds about 75 lbs. or 65 qts. of dry mash, with 17 openings on each side, or a total of 34 openings. Length 33 inches, width 16½ inches, height 14 inches. One in a carton.

No. 160—Moe's Big Boy Feeder, with sliding cover. Shipping weight 16 lbs. **Price each, F. O. B. Dallas** $2.25

SPECIAL NOTICE!

Items (1) to (7) are priced at close-out prices—REAL BARGAINS.

Economy Feeders

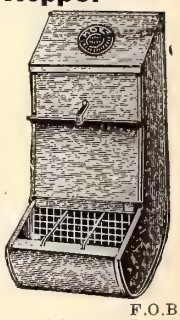


One piece trough with "Z" shaped reel. A quality feeder at very low prices.

No.	Size	Shipping Weight	Price Each F. O. B. Dallas
70	10 inch	1 lb.	$ .10
71	15 inch	1½ lb.	.15

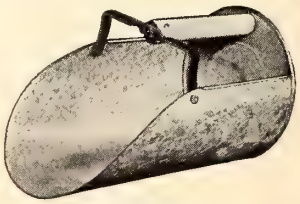
Dry Mash Hopper

(6)



At the prices quoted, this hopper exceeds in value practically anything we have to offer. Taper shaped, wide at the bottom, so that the mash cannot clog. Wire grid and cross wires, also turned-in flanges at edge of feeding trough prevent billing out and wasting feed. When both covers are closed, feed is protected from rats, mice, rain and weather. 19 inches high.

No.	Width	Capacity	Weight	F.O.B. Dallas
35	8½ in.	10 qts.	5 lbs.	$ .85
36	12 in.	14 qts.	6 lbs.	.95
13	18 in.	22 qts.	8 lbs.	1.00
37	24 in.	32 qts.	10 lbs.	1.10



Feed Scoop

Made of heavy galvanized steel, with wood handle extending from center of back with bolt through entire handle, and reinforced in front with band steel which is riveted on scoop. The position of this handle gives a balanced lift and avoids losing grain or feed when removing scoop from the sack. Suitable for handling seed also.

No.	Grain Capacity	Lgth. In.	Width In.	Hght. In.	Wt.	F.O.B. Dallas
1009	2½ lbs.	9	4½	3¼	2 lbs.	50c
1010	3½ lbs.	10	5¼	3¾	3 lbs.	60c
1011	5½ lbs.	11	6½	5	3 lbs.	80c

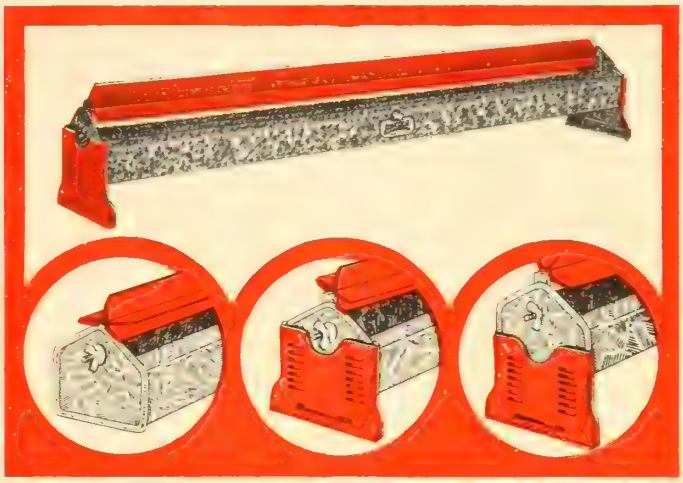
Magnolia Adjustable Reel Feeder

CONTINUES TO LEAD.

Because it is absolutely free from sharp edges, making it easy to handle and keep clean. Troughs are shaped to prevent waste of feed and are water tight. Ends are seamed to the trough, eliminating spot welds. Edges of ends are rolled leaving them perfectly smooth. Legs are made of heavy galvanized iron and can be adjusted to any desired position. Large four fin reel, revolves on case hardened pins and can be adjusted to any position by means of slides and wing nuts. Bolts and wing nuts that hold the reel slide in position are Parkerized rust proof.

Note adjustments illustrated in picture. First adjustment, with legs removed, for starting baby chicks. Second, reel adjusted and legs adjusted low for chicks two to four weeks old. Finally reel adjusted high and legs adjusted high, for chicks to broiler size. Considering its use and durability this feeder is the outstanding, most economical feeder on the market today.

No.	Size	Shipping Weight	F. O. B. Dallas Price Each
140	24 inch	3 Pounds	$ .65
142	36 inch	4 pounds	.85
143	48 inch	6 Pounds	1.10



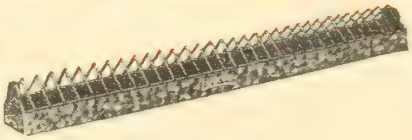
Lincoln Reel Feeder

Z Shaped Reel.

Another very economical and practical feeder which sells at exceptionally low prices. Reel bright red baked enamel. Trough has inturned lip that prevents waste of feed. Ends high and perfectly smooth. Reel may be adjusted to three positions.

No.	Size	Shipping Wt.	Price Each F. O. B. Dallas
41	24 inch	2 lbs.	$ .35
42	36 inch	3 lbs.	.45

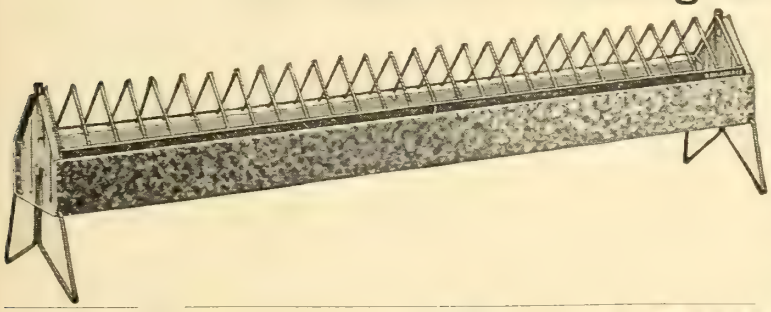
Grill Top Chick Feeder



There is a growing demand for a grill feeder for baby chicks, and those who prefer this type, will be more than pleased with our grill feeder. The trough is the same as on the No. 41. The heavy wire grill is securely welded together and is hinged to the feed trough. It is, therefore, both easy to fill and easy to clean

No.	Length	Shipping Weight	F. O. B. Dallas
52	36 inches	3 lbs.	$ .70
53	48 inches	5 lbs.	.85

The Latest in Growing Chick Feeders



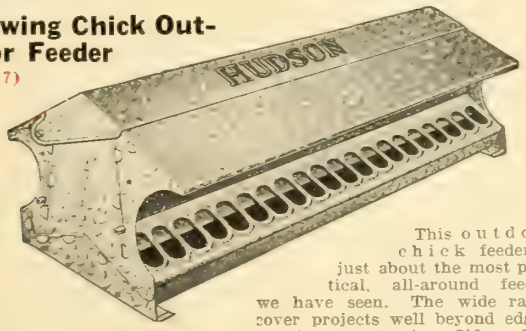
Growing Chick Feeder

This is one of the finest feeders we have seen, practical from every viewpoint. This feeder is 6½ inches wide by 3½ inches deep. Made of 26 gauge heavy galvanized steel with welded ends. Adjustable legs are of very heavy wire. Wire grid is so made that it rests above the feeder edge and greatly discourages birds from perching on the edge. Edge carries an extra wide flange that is turned downward to reduce feed waste. A big labor saver—this feeder.

No.	Length	Capacity	Shipping Weight	F.O.B. Dallas
H6-2030	30 inches	8.7 qts.	5 lbs.	$1.10
H6-2048	48 inches	14 qts.	8 lbs.	1.60

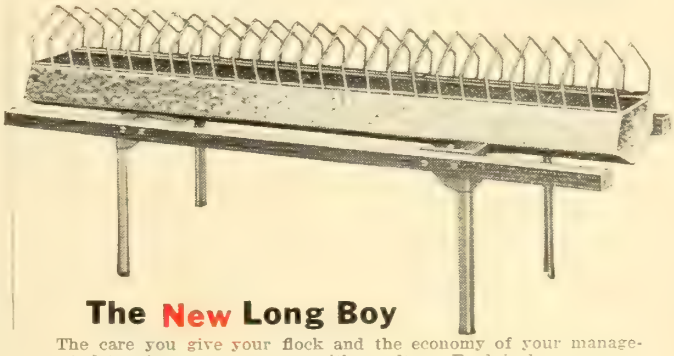
Growing Chick Outdoor Feeder

(7)



This outdoor chick feeder is just about the most practical, all-around feeder we have seen. The wide rain cover projects well beyond edge of feeding trough, protecting contents from most rains. Side wall of feeder and rain cover are a one-piece construction, and come to you set up, ready for immediate use. A most sturdy feeder, with a pleasing appearance. Dividing partitions form convenient carrying handles. Hinged cover. Grills can be raised and locked in upper position.

No.	Length	Height	Width	Weight	F.O.B. Dallas
CF24W	24 inches	8 inches	11½ inches	9 lbs.	$1.00
Same Feeder Without Rain Cover.					
CF21	21 inches	8 inches	11½ inches	6 lbs.	.90
CF36	36 inches	8 inches	11½ inches	8 lbs.	1.40



The New Long Boy

The care you give your flock and the economy of your management determines your success with poultry. Feed is becoming increasingly expensive and the wise poultryman permits no waste of feed. The fact that some other feeder is as long as the Long Boy means nothing. The trough of the Long Boy is 10½ inches wide by 5½ inches deep and its non-wasting shape (as shown at the end) reduces your feed bill to a minimum, yet provides your flock with ample food so long as any remains in the trough. Fowls prefer this shape since no sharp edges press against their breast. Stand is constructed of heavy angles and channels, strong perches 16 inches above the floor.

No.	Size	Shipping Wt.	F. O. B. Dallas	Price
H6-105	5 ft. Feeder	26 lbs.		$4.75

Large Capacity Founts

Your egg production is dependent upon hens having available at all times, ample water supply. One hundred hens will drink from four to five gallons of water per day and egg production will stop within forty-eight hours if the water supply is cut off. Water should be kept fresh and clean and for that reason, large capacity containers are desirable. When the weather is cold, you must have protection from freezing. Our large capacity founts are most practical for all purposes.

No. B-16

FLOAT AND VALVE CONTROLLED

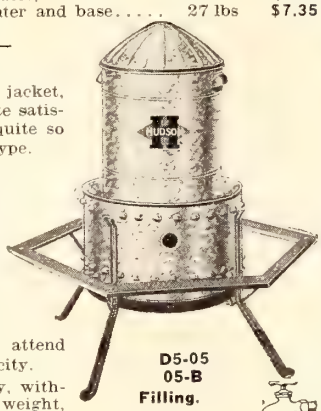
They are made of high grade galvanized rust resisting steel sheets, controlled by an improved adjustable float and valve arrangement, keeping the water at exactly the right level in the drinking pan. Drinking pan has two small round flues coming up to bottom of water container, allowing circulation of warm air and preventing water from getting too warm in the pan. This also prevents water from freezing in the large container. Easily cleaned and can be kept in an absolutely sanitary condition, with a minimum of labor. Lamp has 60-hour capacity.

No.	Item	Shipping Weight	F.O.B. Dallas
16	5 Gallon Fount, with heater, without base	14 lbs.	$4.95
B-16	5 Gallon Fount, with heater and base.....	27 lbs	$7.35

VACUUM CONTROLLED—LAMP HEATED

This fountain is of the double jacket, vacuum control type, and is quite satisfactory, although probably not quite so efficient as the float and valve type.

Water feed is automatic. Inner tank may be used for carrying water. Automatic shut-off valve prevents water from running from supply tank, while being filled. Cover locks onto inner jacket so that fountain can be lifted whether cover is in place or has been removed. Fountain is lifted from base to attend lamp. Lamp has 60 hour capacity.

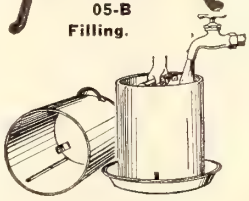


D5-05
05-B

No. D-5—5 Gallon Fountain only, without heater or base. Shipping weight, 13 lbs.
F. O. B. Dallas.....$3.15

No. 05—Fountain with heater but without base. Shipping weight, 15 lbs.
F. O. B. Dallas.....$4.50

No. 05B — Fountain with heater and base. Shipping weight, 28 lbs.
F. O. B. Dallas.....$6.75

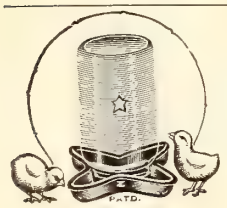

Filling.

Handy Fill Chick Fountain

A high grade chick fountain. Holds large supply of water. Easy to clean and fill. Handle is reversible, forming a pail for convenience in filling. Will not overflow. Stand 2 inches high to prevent small chicks from scratching litter into trough. Nested for shipment. F.O.B. Dallas

No. C-2—2 gal., wt. 4 lbs.....$1.20
No. C-3—3 gal., wt. 5 lbs..... 1.50

Famous Star Founts



A single piece of heavy, non-rusting metal. No seams, solder or loose parts. Can't leak; chicks can't drown. Fits any Mason jar in 1-pint, 1-quart and 2-quart sizes. Shipping weight, 1 lb.

No. 32—(Jar not included.) Price F. O. B. Dallas, each, 10c; Dozen.....$1.00
No. 133—Charcoal Tin. F. O. B. Dallas, Each, 10c; Dozen.....$1.20

3-Gallon Top-Fill Chick Fount

DOUBLE WALL

An improved model which will please the most exacting of poultrymen. The steep cone top has flutes brought out above the edge to prevent roosting. Top is double seamed, as well as soldered and pan is spot welded and soldered to the inner can.

Edges of pan and can are full rolled. There is an inner handle for carrying and a sure acting rubber valve with brass spring to shut off the flow when the outer can is withdrawn to refill. Use this fount for chicks from 1 week to 5 months old. Shipping weight, 6 lbs.

G6-23, 3 Gallon Fount, F. O. B. Dallas, Each.....$1.50

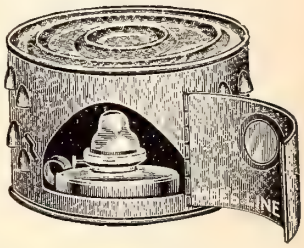
12 Quart Float Fount

A real chick fount. Uses a double acting float valve control. When the fount is picked up for refilling, the valve action automatically shuts off the flow. Float controls the flow and maintains the proper level in the drinking pan. Control is all brass, mounted under the fount. Pan is loose for better sanitation. Upper edge of fount overhangs pan so droppings fall outside. No. danger of chicks drowning.

G6-1 float fount, F. O. B. Dallas....$1.75

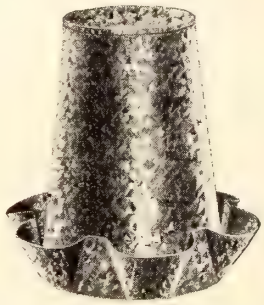
Fountain and Brooder Heater

Can be used with all styles of fountains and effectively prevents water from freezing. Solves problem of uniform supply of fresh, clear water at all times, no matter how cold the weather. Is also an excellent heater for small brooders. Lamp fount holds sufficient oil to burn continuously for 7 days. Height, 7 in.; diameter, 11 in.; shipping weight, 6 lbs.



No. 10—Price each, F. O. B. Dallas.....$1.95

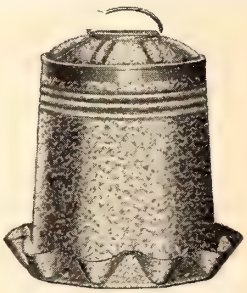
Bottom Fill Fount



This is a real bargain and a mighty satisfactory fount. Made of high quality galvanized steel, easy to fill and keep clean. It has an extra deep scalloped drinking pan which prevents crowding and keeps the chicks out of the water. Has a capacity of approximately one gallon. Shipping weight 2 lbs.

No. 65, Bottom Fill Fount, F. O. B. Dallas, Each.....35c

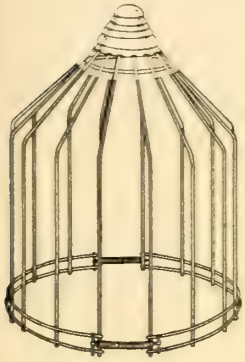
Magnolia Easy Fill Fount



This is a splendid sanitary fount. The pan snaps on easily and snugly over the mouth. Scalloped edge waters all around, yet keeps chicks out of the water. Has a comfortable handle. Built of non-peeling Tite-Cote galvanized steel. Ten cups in the pan.

F. O. B. Dallas.

No.	Capacity	Packed	Shipping Weight Per Carton	Price Each	Price Dozen
G6-15	5 quart	9 to carton	12 lbs.	.55	$6.00



Crock Guards

These heavy wire crock guards are securely welded together with a new roost proof cap at the top. At the bottom they are equipped with a coil spring on each side so they will clamp tightly onto the crock. They are made with 3 spacings: Growing chick spacing, 1⅜ inches; hen spacing, 2 inches; and turkey spacing, 3 inches, and sizes to fit all standard crocks.

No.	Spacing	Size	Shipping Weight	F.O.B. Dallas
412	1¾ in.	12 in.	4 lbs.	$ .65
414	1⅜ in.	14 in.	4 lbs.	.70
212	2 in.	12 in.	3 lbs.	.55
214	2 in.	14 in.	4 lbs.	.60
314	3 in.	14 in.	3 lbs.	.65

Reliable Float

Brass automatic float valve. Release 2½ qts. of water per minute if desired. Opens and shuts off automatically at level wanted. Provides fresh drinking water at all times. May be attached to regular water pipe, barrel or tank; ½-inch and ¼-inch pipe connection. Positively guaranteed. **Postpaid, each** **$1.00**

Glass Fount

No. 21 Drinking Saucer is of heavy glass. The strong clip into which the jar screws snaps on to the glass dish. Ideal for feeding, water, buttermilk or medicine. (Jar not included.) Shipping weight 1 lb. each. **Price, F. O. B. Dallas: 15c each; 3 for 40c**

Galvanized Fount

Pan made of high quality rust resisting galvanized steel. The correct drinking space of this pan has made it popular from the standpoint of sanitation. There is ample space for chicks to drink, yet not enough for them to get into the water as is so often found with this type of dish.

No. 20, Galvanized Fount, F. O. B. Dallas, 10c ea.; 3 for **25c**

Mason Jar Fount.

Mason Jar Fount

An abundance of water is always in the pan, and yet it will not overflow. Screw cap electrically welded to pan, fits standard Mason jar.

No.	Metal	Shipping Weight	F.O.B. Dallas Each	Doz.
G-25	Galvanized	1/3 lb.	$ .10	$1.00
T-25	Charcoal Tin	1/3 lb.	.10	1.20

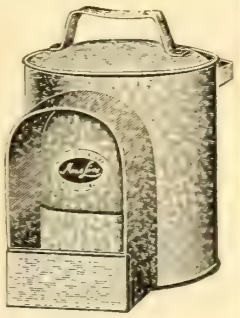
Pigeon Fountain

ABSOLUTELY SANITARY

A fountain which protects the water from droppings and also from the frequent bathing done by pigeons. Keeps out dirt and rubbish. The cover lifts off and the fountain can be kept absolutely clean and sanitary at all times.

This fountain is made of prime galvanized steel and comes in either 1 or 2 gallon capacity. It is a good, practical fountain and very popular with pigeon raisers.

No.	Capacity	Shipping Weight	F. O. B. Dallas Each
98	1 Gallon	4 lbs.	$ .40
99	2 Gallon	6 lbs.	.50



Pigeon Feeder

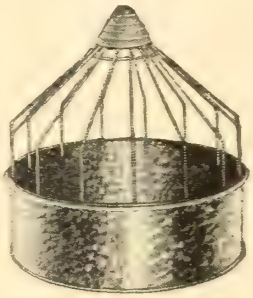
Special attention is directed to the growing chick outdoor feeder listed on page 45 which has proven to be an especially suitable pigeon feeder because of its protection from rain. Every pigeon raiser to whom this feeder has been shown has been enthusiastic about it, and those who try it out, equip their entire lot with this type.

Magnolia Grill Top Water Pan or Feeder

An inexpensive, yet modern, sanitary drinking pan or feeder for grown birds. The heavy wire cone-shaped grill prevents roosting on the pan and keeps birds from getting into the pan. Capacity of pan: 4 gallons; diameter, 15½ in.; depth, 5¼ in.; packed 3 to carton; shipping weight of carton, 21 lbs.

This pan is in especial favor for use with large flocks. May be used with the Magnolia Automatic Fountain, or any satisfactory valve control.

No. 114—Price each, $1.60. Price per dozen, $18.00 F. O. B. Dallas.



Magnolia Automatic Fountain and Trough

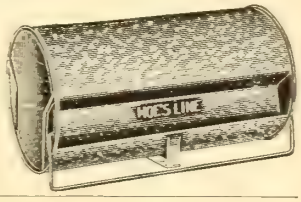
Your water troubles are all over when you install a Magnolia Automatic. There are a quarter of a million now in use and you will hear them praised wherever they are installed. Any kind of pans or crocks may be used with this fountain with the best results. They are operated by gravity and the pressure of the water system should govern the size of the trough. They are **frost-proof** to the extent that they cannot be damaged by freezing.

	F. O. B. Dallas Each	Dozen
Magnolia Fountain, Weight, 2 lbs.	$1.50	$16.50
Magnolia Galvanized Trough, Weight 4 lbs.	.75	8.25

Horizontal Founts

For baby chicks, growing stock and especially fine for pigeons. Water feeds automatically. Conveniently carried. Comes in 1 and 2 gallon sizes:

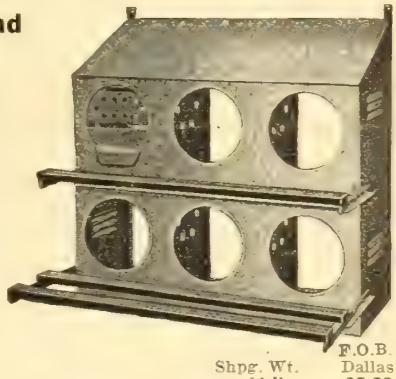
No.	Length	Shipping Wt.	F. O. B. Dallas
134	6-inch	2 lbs.	30c ea.
135	12-inch	4 lbs.	50c ea.



Laying Nests and Trap Fronts

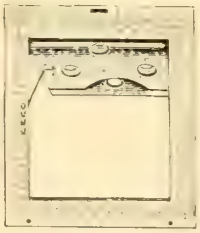
Made of heavy galvanized steel. Rigid floors. Made backless for easy cleaning. Ventilators are provided on both ends of nests and between compartments.

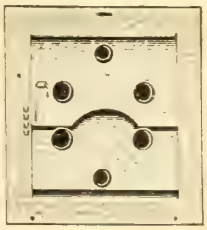
The trap front is of simple trouble-proof construction, automatically locks to prevent other hens from entering until trap is reset. Trap fronts are included — Very satisfactory construction.



No.	Size	Shpg. Wt.	F.O.B. Dallas
H-6	6 Section Nest	41 lbs.	$7.75
H-10	10 Section Nest	65 lbs.	11.25

Trap Nest Fronts



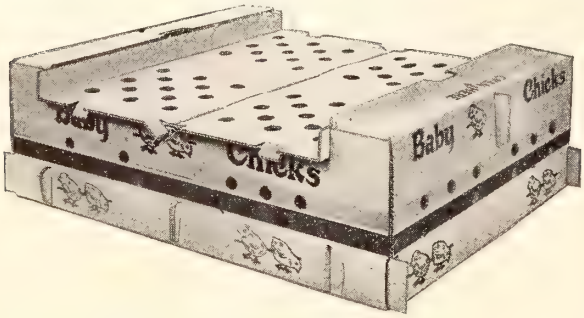


No. 63 Trap Nest Front

No. F59

No. F-59—(12 in box.) To be attached to an ordinary wood box, or any other kind of nest. Opening, 9x10½ inches. Front is 12½x 15½ over all. Plenty of ventilation. Shipping weight, 20 lbs. dozen. **Each, F. O. B. Dallas** **30c**

No. 63—Easily fitted to any orange or ordinary wood box or coop and gives the breeder the opportunity to use a size nest best adaptable to his birds, with uniform automatic trap feature. Effectively traps the hen, yet allows ample ventilation. Easy to remove hen or clean the nest. 11 inches wide by 12 inches high. Size of opening 8 inches by 9 inches. Packed 12 in box. Weight, per dozen, 16 lbs. **Each, F. O. B. Dallas** **60c**



Stickless-Staples Shipping Boxes
Save Time, Money and Space

Attractively Printed In Red and Blue—With Deep Blue Inner Liner.

THESE ARE REAL FACTS ABOUT THIS BOX:

1. **Extra Strength**—due to double thickness at all corners.
2. **Positive Ventilation**—because of unique punching arrangement.
3. **Greater Separation of Boxes**—because of end turrets.
4. **Protecting Extensions**—further insurance against shipping troubles.
5. **Easier Packing**—due to lid arrangement you have absolute control of box contents. Simply slide cardboard size of one-half of box under lid turning end lip of lid down instead of up and you can limit opening to room for one chick, if desired.

Freight allowed to destination in 100 lb. shipments. Packed 25 to bundle. No bundles broken. Smaller quantities F. O. B. Dallas.

Outside measurements same as Magnolia Shipping Boxes, but turret ends are 2 inches higher.

Its design enables you to set up the entire box in just about one-third the time it takes to set up, staple and glue sticks on the standard types of box. The **only** box on the market which cares for every requirement of postal authorities, without staples or sticks.

	Shipping Weight	Up to 100 Each	100 to 500 Each
100 Chick Standard	64 lbs.	$ .19½	$ .17½
50 Chick Standard	40 lbs.	.13½	.12
25 Chick Standard	26 lbs.	.09½	.08
100 Chick Summer	74 lbs.	.21½	.19½

WRITE FOR PRICES IN LARGER QUANTITIES.

Magnolia Shipping Box

MAGNOLIA BOXES help you to build permanent customers by pleasing your customer at first sight, and by protecting your chicks so that they are in good condition when received.

Our box is printed in 2 colors—corners are slotted so as to make assembly more attractive; partitions are scored so that they turn in one direction on one side, and in the reverse direction on the other; partitions are punched for more satisfactory ventilation; top of box contains four holes in the center for better ventilation; and insides are slightly scored where partitions attach to box, for increased ease and speed in setting up.

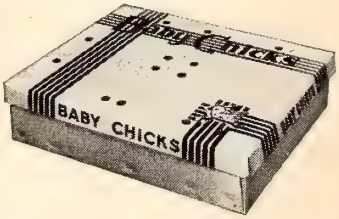
The boxes are made of high grade, strong corrugated board, weather-proofed kraft outside and dark blue chip liner. All holes semi-punched, permitting complete control of ventilation.

All boxes wrapped 25 to the bundle, without staples. We do not break bundles.

Delivered to Destination in 100 lb. Shipments; Smaller Quantities F. O. B. Dallas.

Size	Shpg. Wt. Per Bdle.	Up to 100 Each	100 to 500 Each
100 Chick Standard 22x18x5½	54 lbs.	$ .18	$ .16
50 Chick Standard 18x11x5½	32 lbs.	.12½	.11
25 Chick Standard 12x9x5½	20 lbs.	.08¾	.07¼
100 Chick Hot Weather 24x18x6	64 lbs.	.20	.18

WRITE FOR PRICES IN LARGER QUANTITIES.



Magnolia Counter Box

The new type Magnolia Counter Boxes are sure to please you. All of the boxes are one piece—except the 50 size, which comes with a partition. The board is heavier than in the past—amply heavy to care for its chick capacity, and special attention is directed to the side pieces which are different from others being offered today. These longer side pieces reinforce the sides of the boxes and make them much stronger. Boxes are light grey color, attractively printed in blue ink, holes semi-punched. When ordering counter boxes, check your sealing tape also, since it is very convenient to seal these boxes with tape for easy handling. This is not absolutely necessary, however. Come 100 to bundle and we do not break bundles.

Shipping Prices per 100 F. O. B. Dallas

	Size	Weight	100 to 500	500 and up
15 Chick	11x6x4	28 lbs.	$2.35	$2.25
25 Chick	11x9x5	42 lbs.	3.25	3.15
50 Chick	11x18x5	87 lbs.	5.25	5.15

15 Chick Bags

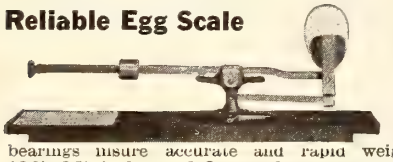
These bags are made of tough paper, 12x14 inches in size and make an ideal bag for carrying baby chick in quantities of from 1 to 15. The bags are ventilated, have slotted hand holds, and are economical on small deliveries. Packed 250 to the bundle. Weigh 15 pounds per bundle. **Prices F. O. B. Dallas; Less than 250, $1.50 per 100; 250 to 1,000; $3.38 per bundle of 250; 1,000 and over, $12.50 per thousand.**

Chick Box Supplies

	Shipping Weight	F. O. B. Dallas
Hatchery Glue, 1 gal.	12 lbs.	$ .85 gal.
Hatchery Glue, 5 gal.	60 lbs.	2.75 can
Sisal Twin, hard twist, 2-ply, 10-lb. balls	10 lbs.	.25 lb.
Jute Twine, 4-ply, ½ lb. balls	½ lb.	.35 lb.
2-in. Paper Sealing Tape, 600-ft. to roll.	3 lbs.	.50 roll
Ventilating Strips, Bags of 1,000	100 lbs.	2.60 bag
Wood Wool, Fine Pine	100 lbs.	2.65 cwt.
Wood Wool, Medium Pine	100 lbs.	1.95 cwt.
Wood Wool, Cottonwood	100 lbs.	3.50 cwt.

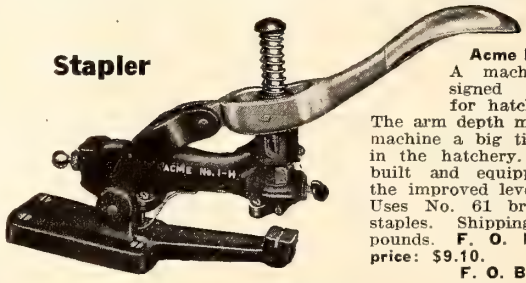
Wood Wool Pads—	9x12	9x11
50 to bale	.50 bale	.45 bale
20 bales or more, weight per bale, 7 lbs.	.47 bale	.42½ bale

Reliable Egg Scale



This Egg Scale is the most suitable for hatchery use because of its speed as well as efficiency. Being a beam type there are no loose weights to become lost. Its knife edge steel bearings insure accurate and rapid weighing. Wooden base is 12¾x2⅝ inches and fits on the egg case. Cast iron stand supports brass beam on a steel knife edge with brass weight arranged so that it cannot come off of the beam. The accuracy of this scale is indisputable. **Postpaid price** **$1.50**

Stapler



Acme No. 1-H

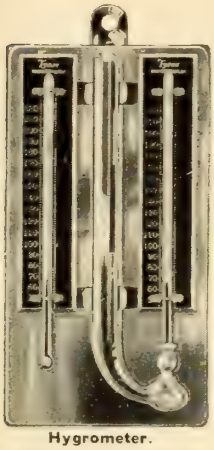
A machine designed especially for hatchery use. The arm depth makes this machine a big time saver in the hatchery. Sturdily built and equipped with the improved lever action. Uses No. 61 broad wire staples. Shipping wt. 8 pounds. **F. O. B. Dallas price: $9.10.**

Staples

No.	Leg	Packed	F. O. B. Dallas 1 to 5 Boxes Per Box	5 Boxes and up Per Box
XX	5/16-in.	5,000 to box (Cohered)	$1.55	$1.50
61	3/8-in.	5,000 to box (Cohered)	1.75	1.65
TIN HAND STAPLES, 1,000 to box			.85	.80

STAPLE TOOL, tin hand staple guide ..... **Each .60**

Hatchery, Incubator and Brooder Supplies



Hygrometer.

Special Hatchery Hygrometer

A splendid and scientific device for determining moisture in an incubator. Has metal mosture-proof back. A most practical instrument for determining moisture content of large area, such as the Mammoth incubator. The manufacturers guarantee its absorbent accuracy for the purpose intended.

Each, postpaid $4.50
Extra Wicks, per dozen ..... .75
Extra Reservoir, postpaid ..... .45

Wake-O Temperature Alarm

This alarm gives a continuous signal when the temperature rises or drops beyond the point at which the controlling contacts are set. Can be adjusted to any desired range of temperature, permitting the use of the signal in many other places than incubators and brooders. Accurate and dependable. Once the contact screws are set, the device requires no further adjustment.

This affords good fire insurance. Should fire break out in or near the incubator or brooder, warning is given immediately by the ringing of the bell.

Each alarm is furnished with bell, switch, ½-pound of wire, insulated staples and screws. Standard dry cell is not furnished.

Wake-O Temperature Alarm, F. O. B. Dallas $3.75

Hatchery Fumigants

More and more hatcheries are realizing the value of fumigating incubators at times recommended by the manufacturers. Before fumigating, be sure to get specific intructions from the manufacturer of your particular machine.

FORMALDEHYDE: Pints 45c; quarts 75c; gallon $1.75; 5 gallons $8.00; F. O. B. Dallas.

POTASSIUM PERMANGANATE: 1 lb. 50c; 5 lbs. 38c per lb; 10 lbs. 35c per lb.; 25 lbs. 32c per lb.; F. O. B. Dallas.

AMMONIA, Double Strength: Quarts 50c; Gallons $1.00; F. O. B. Dallas.

Chimneyless Lamp Burner

A "No-Chimney" burner for incubators, brooders, fountain heaters, etc. Perfect combustion without chimney. 12 in box. Each

No. 1—Wick, ⅝. Weight, dozen, 2 lbs.. $ .45
No. 2—Wick, ⅞. Weight, dozen, 4 lbs.. .65
No. 3—Wick, 1½. Weight, dozen, 5 lbs. 1.00

F. O. B. Dallas.

Chimneyless Lamp Burner.

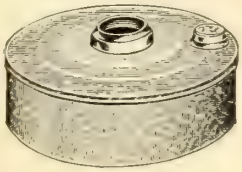
"Sun" Hinged Lamp Burners

"Sun" Hinged Lamp Burner.

For incubators and brooders. So designed that perfect combustion is insured. Easily cleaned and trimmed. Packed 12 in box. Each

Size 1—Wick, ⅝. Weight, dozen, 3 lbs... $ .35
Size 2—Wick, ⅞. Weight, dozen, 4 lbs..... .45
Size 3—Wicks, 1½. Weight, dozen, 5 lbs... .60
Size 3—Double Wick, 1½. Weight, dozen, 5 lbs.; **F. O. B. Dallas**..... .75

Lamp Bowls



Heavy galvanized iron bowls. No give or spring to top, a common fault with ordinary bowls. Each

No. 100—Size 1 burner, 1½x6 in. $ .55
No. 101—Size 2 burner, 2¼x6¾ in. .65
No. 102—Size 3 burner, 2¾x8 in. .80

F. O. B. Dallas.

Metal Lamp Chimney

Made of sheet steel with round mica window. Mica easily replaced if it should be accidently broken. Made in three sizes to fit Nos. 1, 2 and 3 burners. **Each, F. O. B. Dallas** 25c

Red Felt Lamp Wicks

High grade felt wicks. A big improvement over loosely-woven cotton wicks. No loose threads to burn uneven and smoke. Packed 1 dozen in a bundle. **F. O. B. Dallas**—Each Per Doz.

No. 1—Width, ⅝; for burner No. 1..... $ .03 $ .30
No. 2—Width, ⅞; for burner No. 2..... .05 .45
No. 3—Width, 1½; for burner No. 3..... .05 .55

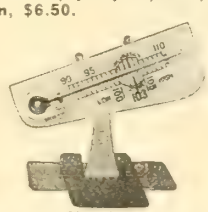
Incubator, Brooder, Room Thermometers

No. 5776—Genuine Tycos Incubator Thermometer. Black graduations on white scale make this thermometer easy to read. Scale ranges from 90 to 110 Fahrenheit. **Each, postpaid** 75c

No. T-5792—S A Tycos Brooder Thermometer for insertion through hole in canopy type brooder. The bulb is in the actual brooder temperature and the scale outside for easy reading. Thermometer well protected against breakage. **Each, postpaid, 80c.**

No. T-5794—S A Brooder and Home Thermometer to be hung under the canopy. A white enameled surfaced with black figures. Temperature range 25 to 135. **Each, postpaid, 60c; per dozen, $6.50.**

No. 5794.



No. 5776.

No. 5792-S

Patterson & Young Moisture Guide

Solves the moisture problem for smaller incubators.

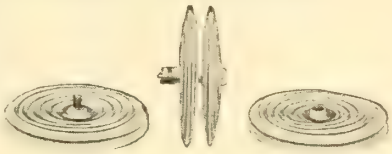
The holder is fastened to the egg tray and the guide is filled with water to the top line. The graduated scale shows how much moisture should evaporate from the egg each day. If evaporation is too fast, moisture should be added; if too slow, more air should be given. Full directions come with each guide. Attachments are included for all turning trays. Every owner of a small incubator should have this moisture guide. **Each, postpaid** $1.00

Tubes for Moisture Guide, postpaid 65c

Patterson and Young Moisture Guide.

Double-Unit Wafer Thermostats

We carry varieties shown below in Dallas stock. If the kind you need is not shown, send in your old wafer for replacement at prices listed below. These are made of the finest materials and are sensitive and accurate.



3-INCH

5-16 inch Coal Brooder post one side, plain other side.
5-16 inch C. B. post one side, cup other side.
5-16 inch Screw Post one side, plain other side.
5-16 inch screw post one side, cup post other side.
5-16 inch screw post one side, plain post other side.

4-INCH

Plain post both sides (Buckeye Mammoth).
One-inch screw post one side, cup post other side (Wishbone)
One-inch plain post one side, short plain post other side (Queen)
5-16 inch screw post one side, cup post other side (Newton and Blue Hen).

5-INCH

5-16 inch screw post one side, cup post other side.
5-16 inch screw post one side, other side plain; incubator button on side, plain other side.

	Each	Doz.
3-inch Wafers—Postpaid	$ .30	$3.30
4-inch Wafers—Postpaid	.40	4.50
5-inch Wafers—Postpaid	.50	5.50

Lamps---Complete

Each

No. 1—With sun-hinged burner and chimney..... $1.20
With chimneyless burner..... 1.05
No. 2—With sun-hinged burner and chimney..... 1.40
With chimneyless burner..... 1.30
No. 3—With sun-hinged burner and chimney..... 1.65
With chimneyless burner..... 1.80

All Prices F. O. B. Dallas.

Egg Farm Supplies

Eagle Egg Boxes

Weight per 1,000, 100 pounds.

50-250, per 100	90c
250 to 1,000, per 100	75c
1,000 and up, per 100	70c

Prices, F. O. B. Dallas

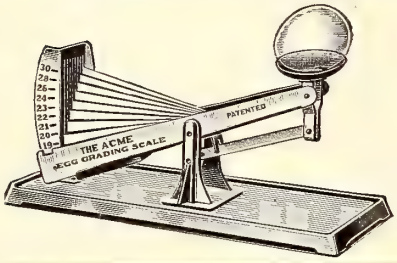
Write for prices on larger quantities, or for special printing on Eagle Egg Boxes.

Egg Case Fillers and Flats

We can furnish either the regular plain fillers and flats or the Mapes, indented flats. All packed separately.

	Shpg. Wt. Bdl.	1 to 9 Bdls.	10 Bdls. or More
Plain Fillers (10 sets to bundle) Per bundle	23 lbs.	$1.35	$1.25
Plain Flats (50 lbs. to the bundle—approximately 11 flats to pounds). Per bundle	50 lbs.	1.85	1.75
Mapes Flats (250 to the bundle). Per bundle	20 lbs.	2.25	2.15

Improved Acme Egg-Grading Scales



Graded Eggs Mean More Money.

Acme Egg-Grading Scales will accurately grade all eggs ranging from 19 ounces per dozen to 30 ounces per dozen. Made entirely of aluminum. New model much more easily read. Shipping weight, 3 lbs.

Price, each.....$2.35
F. O. B. Dallas.

Egg Stamps

A rubber stamp for guaranteeing eggs. Furnished in standard style for associations, or individual style, with name and address of stamper, and one word additional. Care should be used that too much copy is not furnished.

Specimen of Imprint

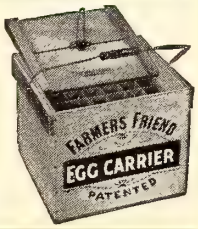
Egg Stamp **All Prices F. O. B. Dallas**

Quantity	Price for Change of Number Only Each	Quantity	Price for Change of Name Only Each
1 to 5	$1.00	1 to 10	$1.00
5 to 10	.90	10 to 20	.95
10 to 20	.80	20 to 30	.92
20 to 25	.70	30 to 35	.90
25 to 50	.65	35 to 50	.89

SELF-INKING PADS

GEM—Size, 2¼x3½. **F. O. B. Dallas**, each.....25c

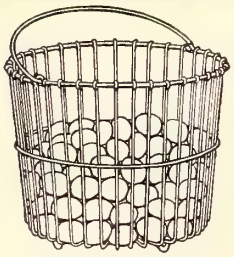
Farmers' Friend Egg Carriers



Well built and durable. Adjustable cover. Complete with fillers and flats. Can be used for shipping eggs by parcel post or express, or for delivering eggs to the stores, hatcheries, etc.

12-Dozen Egg Carrier, complete	$ .95
6-Dozen Egg Carrier, complete	.75

Prices, F. O. B. Dallas.



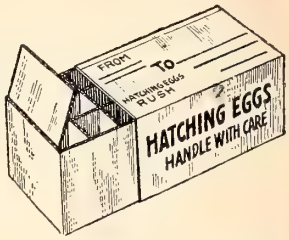
PATENT PENDING

Egg Cooling Basket

A practical galvanized wire egg basket, designed for gathering and cooling eggs. Very sturdy construction—will last a lifetime. ¾ inch legs permit air to enter all around. 9 inches high, 14 inches in diameter at top and 10 inches at bottom. Hold from 12 to 15 dozen eggs. Shipping Weight 3½ lbs. **F. O. B. Dallas, each** 75c

Superior Hatching Egg Boxes

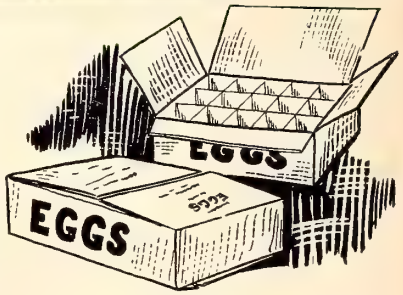
For Chicken or Turkey Eggs



Strong corrugated paper, 175-lb. testboard reinforced by an interlining which thoroughly protects the entire box. An exceptionally heavy and practical box, which can be used for shipping either chickens or turkey eggs. This box is stronger than the standard hatching egg box and is much larger in size.

Size	Dozen, Weight	F. O. B. Dallas Per Doz.
15-Egg Size	15 lbs.	$1.75
30-Egg Size	23 lbs.	2.50

Standard Egg Boxes



Made of heavy corrugated board throughout, satisfactory for shipping hatching eggs. Space on lid for address of customer and yours. Especially designed for shipping by parcel post or express, no danger of chilling or becoming broken enroute. Very easily set up and packed.

Size	Dozen, Weight	Prices F. O. B. Dallas Per Doz.
15-Egg Box	11½ lbs.	$1.50

Nest Eggs

Will not break easily. Weight, per dozen, 2 pounds.

China—Fine grade porcelain. **Each**.....5c
Dozen 30c

Prices F. O. B. Dallas..

Blood Spot Eggs Reduce Your Grade and Displease Your Customers

They can be easily removed with this simple candler. Increases speed of candling and is one of the most practical instruments devised. Comes equipped with lamp. **Each, postpaid**.....$1.30

Oat Sprouters

Help Keep Up Winter Egg Production.

The frame is of steel, well braced and neatly painted. Has six heavy galvanized iron pans. Five of the pans have perforated bottoms to secure the proper drainage, and the bottom pan is solid to hold the drippings. Pans are interchangeable. Sectional frame can be quickly taken apart and stored in a small space.

The best results are obtained if the sprouter is placed in a cellar near the furnace or in a room with a temperature of 65 to 70 degrees. Use good oats and soak them in water for about 12 hours, then fill the trays to a depth of about 1 inch. Sprinkle and stir with a paddle EACH DAY until they sprout. Then discontinue stirring, but continue to sprinkle daily.

No lamp or heater required. Total height of frame, 3 feet. Size of pans, 16 inches by 18 inches. Packed knocked down, one in crate **No. 110—Oat Sprouter. Each, F. O. B. Dallas**.....$4.50

Grit Oyster Shell and Charcoal

Laying hens need about three times as much lime and mineral matter as is furnished in grain and meat food. If this is not supplied there will be fewer eggs or soft-shelled eggs. Grit is the hen's teeth; oyster shell helps furnish lime for egg shells; charcoal is an absorber of gas. It aids digestion, sweetens the digestive tract and helps keep the bowels in good condition.

	10 Lbs.	50 Lbs.	100 Lbs.
GRIT (Designate fine or coarse)	$ .20	$ .85	$1.50
OYSTER SHELL (Fine or coarse)	.20	.65	1.10
CHARCOAL (Fine or coarse)	.30	1.50	2.50

Prices F. O. B. Dallas.

Magnolia Flea-Kill Positively Exterminates Fleas

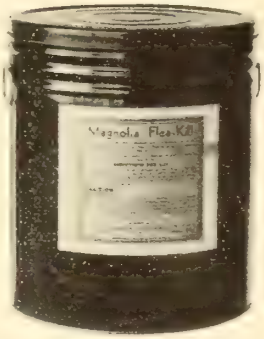
in houses, garages, kennels, stables, barns, poultry houses or, wherever they may be found other than on animals. **It is guaranteed to exterminate them when used according to instructions.** It is not water soluble, and retains its full strength in drenching rains.

ORIGIN OF FLEAS

Fleas always breed in a somewhat limited space, and it is necessary to locate the breeding ground. The length of life of the flea varies according to species and under different atmospheric conditions from five days to one month. Dogs, cats, chickens, and sometimes hogs start flea infestations that may spread over the entire premises.

THEIR EFFECT

Many species of fleas are disease carriers and for that reason, flea bites often result in infections. Fleas materially reduce egg production in fowls, retard their growth, often kill young chickens, and even older fowls succumb to heavy infestations. They are also harmful to turkeys and other fowls.



How to Use
MAGNOLIA FLEA-KILL

Flea-Kill is applied much as you would apply a floor sweep — under buildings, on wood floors, in garages, under homes or wherever fleas are found breeding. The application must be at the rate of 4 pounds of Magnolia Flea-Kill to the 100 Square Feet. Lesser quantities will not produce a complete kill. Spread over infested area evenly and leave on at least 24 hours. When left on indefinitely, no re-infestation has been known to occur.

Magnolia Flea-Kill is harmless externally to animals or poultry when applied to breeding places as instructed, but should not be applied directly to their skins.

COST

Magnolia Flea-Kill comes mixed ready for immediate use, and is economical to use for complete extermination. Coverage and delivered costs as follows:

Amount—Coverage	Cost
4 lbs.—100 sq. ft. (10x10 feet)	$1.00
12 lbs.—300 sq. ft. (10x30 feet)	2.00
24 lbs.—600 sq. ft. (20x30 feet)	3.00

Use Pulvex for Fleas on Animals

This popular Flea Powder always kills all the fleas and lice on the animal. Pulvex not only kills the fleas and lice but keeps them off for 7 days or longer. Absolutely harmless, even if swallowed; non-irritating to the skin. Pulvex is ideal for cats and birds as well as dogs. Odorless, easy to use, economical. Pulvex will absolutely protect dogs, cats and birds against the discomforts and dangers of fleas.

2-oz. shaker can; postpaid **50c**

What User Says About Magnolia Flea-Kill

Mr. Homer Weaver, Navasota, Texas, June 5, 1935, writes as follows:

The Flea-Kill has done wonderfully, I think. It was applied about a month ago to the hen house where there were lots of fleas. Results were immediate, and as far as I can tell there are no fleas in the house at all. Evidently the killing power is still there, preventing a reinfestation, and nearly all the head fleas are gone from the hens. To say the least, I am thoroughly satisfied, and the price is very reasonable. If I need any more for other houses, will surely know what to get, as other methods of flea control are out of date after using Magnolia Flea-Kill.

The Newest Leg Band

KWIK-ON Aluminum Leg Band.

These bands are made of aluminum in six colors: red, green, blue, orange, yellow and black. They are light in weight, extremely easy to put on and very durable.

These bands are tough—not brittle—and with any reasonable care they will last indefinitely and they will not come off. They are packed 100 of one color in a box.

DELIVERED PRICES

Size	25	50	100	500	1000
4	.15	.25	.35	$1.45	$2.40
6	.20	.30	.50	2.00	3.50
8	.20	.30	.50	2.20	3.80
9	.20	.30	.55	2.30	4.00
10	.25	.35	.60	2.30	4.00
11	.25	.35	.65	2.50	4.50
12	.25	.40	.75	3.00	5.50

Victor Show Bands

Made of aluminum with celluloid number pates, adjustable to fit any size leg. 4 colors: Red, blue, green, yellow. Numbered 1 to 200. **Postpaid prices.**

Boxes of 12	$ .40	Boxes of 50	$1.45
Boxes of 25	.75	Boxes of 100	2.75

Colored Leg Bands

Made of celluloid, in fast colors. Keep their shape. Light in weight and very durable. Quickly put on or removed. Put up regularly 50 bands of a size and color in a bundle. Colors: White, black, red, green, blue and yellow. **Postpaid prices:**

No.	For	Size	25	50	100	500	1000
4	Baby Chicks	¼ in.	$ .15	$ .20	$ .35	$1.45	$2.40
5	Pigeons	5/16 in.	.15	.20	.35	1.50	2.50
6	Growing Chicks	⅜ in.	.15	.25	.45	2.00	3.50
8	Leghorns and Anconas	½ in.	.20	.30	.55	2.20	3.80
9	Large Leghorns	9/16 in.	.20	.30	.55	2.25	4.00
11	Rocks and Reds	⅝ in.	.25	.35	.60	2.40	4.40
12	Orpingtons, etc.	¾ in.	.25	.40	.70	3.00	5.50
14	Turkey Hens	⅞ in	.30	.55	1.00	4.00	7.50
16	Turkey Toms	1 in.	.40	.75	1.40	5.50	10.00

Bandettes

Made in 4 colors: Blue, red, yellow, green. Three sizes: No. 4 for baby chicks, No. 9 for Leghorns, and No. 11 for Rocks, Reds, etc.

Sold only in unbroken sets of 25 in one color: 1-25, 26-50, and so on. Numbers to 200 in yellow and green; 600 in red and blue. Special orders above those numbers.

POSTPAID PRICES:

No.	25	50	100	500	1000
4	$ .40	$ .70	$1.25	$5.35	$10.00
9	.60	1.00	1.80	8.50	16.50
11	.60	1.00	1.80	8.50	16.50

Reliable Show Bands

Made of aluminum with celluloid plates. Adjustable. Same colors as Victor. Numbered 1 to 100.

	Postpaid
Box of 12	$ .25
Box of 25	.50
Box of 50	.95
Box of 100	1.75

Wing Bands

Numbered or unnumbered, packed 100 to the package, no packages broken. Numbered 1-100; 101-200, etc.

½ inch in diameter.	100	500	1000
	Postpaid Prices		
Sealed Wing Bands, Numbered	$1.00	$4.00	$7.00
Sealed Wing Bands, Unnumbered	.95	3.75	6.50
Double End Clinch, Numbered	.60	2.40	4.60
Double End Clinch, Unnumbered	.55	2.15	4.10

Aluminum Leg Bands

No. 130
POSTPAID PRICES

Made of sheet aluminum with large raised numbers, easy to read. Adjustable for any size fowl. Numbered 1 to 4,999, as wanted. Come 100 to box in numbers above 100. Do not break boxes.

12 bands	$ .15	100 bands	$ .65
25 bands	.25	500 bands	2.65
50 bands	.40	1000 bands	4.75

Poultry Punches

No. 38—PETTY'S—A popular and practical punch for marketing baby chicks. Punches a clean hole and will not bruise foot. Shipping weight, 3 ounces.
Each, postpaid **15c**

No. 39—IDEAL PUNCH—Improved scissors type. Works easily, cuts clean and does not pinch foot. Length, 3½ inches. Shipping weight, 3 ounces.
Each, postpaid **35c**

No. 38 No. 39

Pigeon Bands

Colored celluloid with aluminum back; ½ inch wide. Double numbers on Red, Blue, Green, or Yellow; secure tongue and slot fastener. Come 25 to the set, 2 sets to pair

	25 pairs	50 pairs	250 pairs
Postpaid Prices	$ .65	$1.25	$6.00

Sanitation Control Eliminates Diseases

Avoid poultry diseases—and thereby poultry losses—by controlling the sanitation of your houses—yards—and insect pests on the poultry themselves. The listings below will aid you in keeping your premises clean and sanitary. They will also aid you to overcome diseases which do attack your flock.

Kills Poultry Lice

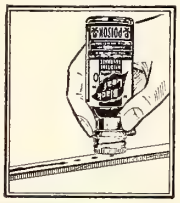
in the simplest way known. Just paint it on the roosts shortly before fowls go in for night. The heat from their bodies causes a slow release of fumes which penetrate the feathers and kill all lice and feathermites without discomfort to your fowls.

Cheaper Delousing with New "Cap-Brush" Roost Applicator

The "cap-brush" is an extra bottle cap with a tiny hole of exactly the correct size, for "Black Leaf 40" factory sealed bottles. Unlike paint-brush, the "Cup-Brush" absorbs no liquid. It spreads a thinner film, enables one to use full strength "Black Leaf 40", but less of it. "Black Leaf 40" has plenty of reserve strength and the "cap-brush" employ it with little waste.

Treats four times as many birds as does paint-brush method.

With its "cap-brush", the 1 oz. bottle now treats about 90 fowls on smooth roosts, for body-lice. The 5 oz. bottle treats about 450 birds. The 1 lb. bottle treats about 1440 birds. Black Leaf 40 can now be sent by mail.



Postpaid Prices

1 oz.	$ .35	2 lbs	$ 3.25
5 oz.	1.00	5 lbs.	5.85
1 lb.	2.25	10 lbs	10.60

B-K Kills Germs and Deodorizes

It is absolutely dependable in helping to prevent the spread of infectious diseases—and it is inexpensive to use. B-K is a powerful non-poisonous disinfectant, easy to apply, and has proved its efficacy as a germ killer for 20 years. Especially effective in cases of roup, colds and respiratory diseases. Full directions come with every bottle.

Postpaid Prices

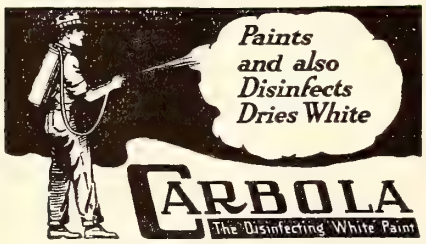
4 oz.	$ .30
10 oz.	.50
1 qt.	.90
1 gallon	2.00
5 gallons	8.50

B-K Powder

kills germs of roup, colds, etc., at the lowest possible cost. Use it in dust form for respiratory diseases. Control is much easier and cheaper than other means. B-K Powder contains 50% available chlorine—it is the cheapest germicide on the market today, as you will find by comparing available chlorine content of B-K with that of other germicides. Full directions for its use come with each bottle.

Postpaid Prices

9-1/3 oz. Bottle ..... 75c **1¾ lb. Bottle** $1.50



Made from white mineral pigment, finely ground and combined with a disinfectant twenty times stronger than Carbolic Acid, but neither poisonous nor caustic to man, beast or bird. Kills germs, spiders and insects.

A disinfecting white paint, easily mixed with water, which can be applied WITH A BRUSH or sprayed on. Paints and disinfects, giving a smooth, white, creamy finish. Adheres to any surface and does not blister, flake or peel.

Can also be used in powder form as a dry disinfectant without causing moisture. In this form, it can be used in winter when it is not practical to disinfect livestock building with liquids. When mixed with water, one pound of Carbola is sufficient to cover 100 square feet.

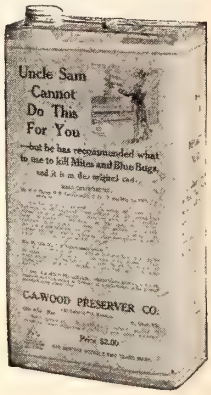
Carbola is the very thing for every house with a cellar.

Size	Postpaid
5 lb. package	$ .75
25 lb. package	3.00
50 lb. package	5.25

Carbolineum

(C-A WOOD PRESERVER)

Kills Mites and Blue Bugs



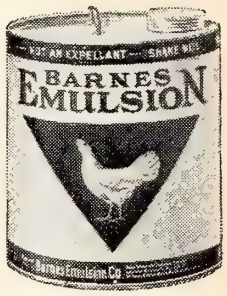
The United States Government recommends a high boiled anthracene oil, known as carbolineum, for the extermination of mites and blue bugs. There are many grades of carbolineum offered the public and many of them are not carbolineum at all but simply a creosote oil. The value of carbolineum depends upon the slowness of evaporation and the carbolineum we are offering has the lowest point of evaporation that we are able to get. It evaporates so slowly that one application each year of C-A Wood Preserver will absolutely protect your fowls from mites and blue bugs, providing the application is made according to directions which come on each can. It will pay you to use C-A Wood Preserver one time each year and insure yourself against blood sucking mites and blue bugs. One gallon is sufficient for an 8x12 house.

Delivered Prices:

1 Quart	$ .60	1 Gallon	$1.75
½ Gallon	1.00	5 Gallons	7.50

Barnes Emulsion

A vitality builder and worm control.



Barnes Emulsion aids digestion and assimilation of food. This means huskier chicks and greater freedom from all bowel troubles.

We recommend feeding Barnes Emulsion to your flock from the day-old chicks through the pullet stage and continously as laying hens. Proper handling in this way invariably produces healthier fowls which reach maturity early and result in sound, healthy, high-production hens.

The cause for non-development is malnutrition, due to worm infestation. The worms absorb the nutrients and the bird is slowly starved. It is a well known fact that pullets should be free from worms before being placed in the laying house. It is also a fact that they should not be treated with poisons to free them from round worms. Barnes Emulsion is not a poison. It cannot harm your poultry and will assist assimilation of food nutrients and promote normal development.

Make a comparative test of Barnes Emulsion, feeding 10 baby chicks Barnes Emulsion the first three weeks of their lives and ten days each month thereafter and feed 10 more baby chicks of the same hatch, all other conditions identical without Barnes Emulsion. We are confident you will be a consistent Barnes Emulsion user from that time forward.

Delivered prices: Qt. $1.00; gal. $3.00; 5 gals. $12.50.

Other Barnes Remedies

BARNES CHICKEN POX REMEDY—An effective remedy for Chicken Pox, used in the drinking water. **175 tablets, 50c; 465 tablets, $1.00; postpaid.**

BARNES COLD REMEDY—Powerful and quick. You should have this on hand for emergency flock treatment at all times. **2-oz. bottle, 50c; 6-oz. bottle, $1.00; 16-oz. bottle, $2.00; postpaid.**

BARNES DIARRHEA REMEDY—Has proven to be exceptionally effective. For use either in water or mash. **Pints, 50c; gallons, $2.00; postpaid.**

BARNES EMBROCATION—This is a remedy to be applied direct in cases of roup, colds, swelled heads, cankers, chicken pox, sore eyes, scaly legs, pick-toe, rump picking and feather pulling. It is a thick fluid, which has proved to be a real boon to those who keep it handy for quick treatments. **2-oz. bottle, 50c; 4-oz. bottle, $1.00; postpaid.**

Germo Remedies

CHOLERINE TABLETS—Poultry Iron Tonic. Keep flock strong and healthy. **50 tablets, 50c; 120 tablets, $1.00; postpaid.**

GERMO-CHOLERINE — Poultry Iron Tonic in convenient liquid form. By improving health of your flock, it increases egg production and reduces death loss, both in chicks and older flocks. **8 oz. bottle, 35c; 16 oz. bottle, 50c; 1 quart bottle, 85c; ½ gallon bottle, $1.50; 1 gallon, $2.50; postpaid.**

GERMO-FORM SPRAY—A germicidal liquid spray and counter-irritant for infectious poultry ailments of head, throat and respiratory organs, which, if not relieved may lead to roup. **8 oz. bottle, 50c; 16 oz. bottle, 90c; postpaid.**

Walko Poultry Remedy

One of the best known and most generally used diarrhea remedies on the market. Good for roup and cholera. **Price: Boxes 50c and $1.00; postpaid.**

Maintain Poultry Health the Lee-Way

Leemulsion and Vapo-Spray

For Colds and Roup.

These "twin remedies" have been used with best success for many years by thousands of flock owners. Simply spray Vapo-Spray in the air of the poultry house. Its soothing, germicidal oils, in vapor form, are breathed down through head, throat and wind-pipe. Leemulsion, fed in the mash allays cough and reduces temperature. ONE WORKS FROM THE INSIDE OUT AND THE OTHER WORKS IN FROM THE OUTSIDE. A common sense treatment.

LEEMULSION

12 oz. bottle $1.00

LEE'S VAPO-SPRAY

1 quart can 75c; ½ gallon can $1.25. Postpaid prices.

Lee's Pickpaste

A Cannibalism Control.

A blood-colored paste, extremely repulsive to a fowl's taste, which thereby teaches birds not to pick at one another. Adheres well to wounds and is highly antiseptic, protecting wounds from dirt. In addition to treating wounded birds, put a few daubs on wings, back or toes of 15 or 20 out of every hundred left in the flock to break this vicious habit.

2 oz. tube, postpaid 25c
6 oz. jars, postpaid 60c

Germozone

A Life Saver for Chicks.

This is one product you should by all means give your baby chicks in their water. Full instructions comes with each package.

Postpaid prices:

4 Oz. Bottle	$ .40
12 Oz. Bottle	.75
32 Oz. Bottle	1.50
1 Gallon Bottle	4.50

Lee's Louse Powder

Delousing many birds by hand would be a tedious task. But a good powder is convenient for dusting setting hens. Lee's Louse Powder is one of the best.

1 lb. Can, F. O. B. Dallas Price 25c

Lee's Lice Killer

1 Quart Can	$ .60
½ Gallon Can	.90
1 Gallon Can	1.50

Lee's Dip and Disinfectant

1 Quart Can	$ .60
½ Gallon Can	.90
1 Gallon Can	1.50
5 Gallon Can	6.00

Syringes

Poultry Dosing Syringe, 1 oz. capacity .. 25c
Poultry Nasal Syringe, for head colds .. 75c

The 1936 Edition of LEE-WAY Poultry Book
is a Practical Textbook on Poultry Diseases, Prevention and Treatment.
Sent FREE on Request.

GETS ALL 3 KINDS OF WORMS—ROUND, PIN, TAPE.

Most effective against every kind—because it does not depend upon only one drug but has two or more drugs for each kind of worms. And its medicine is carried through to the gizzard in the patented **INSOLUBLE** coating. Safe, and sure of best results.

	Chick	Postpaid Pullet	Adult
GIZZARD CAPSULES			
50 Capsules	$ .40	$ .50	$ .75
100 Capsules	.75	1.00	1.35
250 Capsules	1.75	2.50	3.00
500 Capsules	3.25	4.50	5.50
1000 Capsules	6.00	8.50	10.50

Cod Liver Oil

For use in the feed. "Bottled Sunshine", high in vitamin content. We have a guaranteed vitamin content of 500 Vitamin A and 250 Vitamin D. This is a splendid bone-builder.

1 Qt., F. O. B. Dallas. Shipping weight 3 lbs.	$ .50
1 Gallon, F. O. B. Dallas. Shipping weight, 10 lbs.	1.75
5 Gallons, F. O. B. Dallas. Shipping weight, 50 lbs., per gal.	1.50
30 Gallons, F. O. B. Dallas. Shipping weight, 275 lbs., per gal.	1.25

Epsom Salts

A home remedy with which everyone is familiar. When tobacco dust is used for worming, salts should be fed afterward. Salts should be kept clean and dry at all times. We recommend that it be fed one pound to 125 fowls over six months old; one pound to 150 fowls from five to six months old; one pound to 300 fowls three to five months old; one pound to 400 fowls two to three months old, and one pound to 500 fowls six to eight weeks old.

4 lbs., F. O. B. Dallas	$ .25
12 lbs., F. O. B. Dallas	.75
100 lbs., F. O. B. Dallas	5.00

Sodium Fluoride

A POSITIVE LICE CONTROL.

This frees poultry from lice when used as a dusting powder or dip. Also protects your home from roaches, flies, ants, etc. Whether this powder is dusted on your flock or the birds are dipped, you will find it will kill all the lice, provided the work is done right.

Size	F. O. B. Dallas
½ lb. can	$ .25
1 lb. can	.35
5 lb. bags	1.25

Sulphur

Another home remedy which is quite effective. A preventive of sorehead and chicken pox and often fed to remove lice. Many patent remedies for the removal of lice and mites are nothing but sulphur and water. We do not recommend this, since it does not destroy the pest and as soon as the remedy is discontinued, the fowl is back in the same condition. Sulphur is good for the prevention of sorehead and chicken pox, however. Feed 2 lbs. to the 100 lbs. of mash.

4 lbs., F. O. B. Dallas	$ .25
12 lbs., F. O. B. Dallas	.75
100 lbs., F. O. B. Dallas	5.00

Tobacco Dust

This is a proven expellent, frequently recommended by State Experiment Stations. It is fed in the mash, 2 lbs. to the 100 lbs. of mash, for three days; then discontinued for three weeks; fed again for three days, discontinued for three weeks and a final three day feeding follows: After each feeding, some epsom salts should be fed for a day to remove the effects of the tobacco dust.

Guaranteed 1% Nicotine. Prices: 3 lbs. 20c; 10 lbs. 65c; 100 lbs. $5.95; F. O. B. Dallas.

PAR-I-NOX gets LICE and gets them NOW!

This lice destroyer will save many times its small cost in increased egg yield and it will positively demonstrate to your entire satisfaction in fifteen minutes. **LOUSY HENS COST MONEY — DON'T WAIT,** but rid your flocks now of these blood-sucking pests.

PARI-NOX costs only two cents per hen per year and with this economical lice destroyer you eliminate spraying, dusting and dipping, hours of needless work. Just sift a small amount of **PAR-I-NOX** in the dust wallows, nests, dropping boards, and on the floor and then watch the dead lice start dropping off your hens. **F. O. B. Dallas: 12 oz. 15c; 1½ lbs. 30c; 3 lbs. 50c; 6 lbs. 85c**

Double D Flock Wormer

AN EFFECTIVE ECONOMICAL WORMER

which is fed in the drinking water, and gives the entire flock treatment without the labor of handling each bird. This wormer gets the worms, cuts down your feed cost, and enables you to get more eggs. 8 oz. bottle treats 3½ gallons of water. **8 oz. 40c; 16 oz. 75c; F. O. B. Dallas.**

Double D Tonic

It is a preventive of roup, colds, white diarrhea, and coccidiosis. Very beneficial to feed baby chicks, economical to use, as hens require it only once a week to keep in tip-top condition. Be sure to feed this tonic after worming your birds. **8 oz. 40c; 16 oz. 75c; F. O. B. Dallas.**

STERILAC

Kills Germs
Deodorizes
Disinfects

STERILAC has overcome all disadvantages of other chlorine disinfectants and germicides. It comes in powder form—and you do not have to pay heavy freight charges on water which can be added just as well by you as by anyone else. It may be used in either hot or cold water.

STERILAC is 45 times stronger than carbolic acid as a germicide, yet it can be used without danger of poisoning.

STERILAC is especially effective for colds, roup, chicken pox and infectious bronchitis.

A one-pound bottle of **STERILAC** will make 480 gallons of sufficient strength for most purposes. Each gallon of solution will cost about one cent.

Post paid prices: 2 oz. bottle 65c; 8 oz. bottle $1.95; 1 lb. $3.50.

Better Permanent and Temporary Pastures For More Profitable Farming

Better management and improvement of pastures is one of the most important needs of farming. Pastures not only furnish cheap, healthful food for all kinds of livestock, but help to revitalize the land and keep down erosion of the valuable top soil.

A Profitable Permanent Pasture.

"A scrub pasture, a scrub cow and a scrub owner are closely associated" is an old saying.

On the other hand, a good pasture, a good cow and other livestock—indicate a thrifty farmer.

Practical Suggestions on Building Profitable Pastures

By the use of pastures, animals harvest their own feed, chores are reduced, the manure is left on the land, animals have a better choice of feed, and livestock gains are cheaper. Fertilization, reseeding, judicious grazing, weed control, and harrowing to spread droppings are essential practices in a pasture improvement program.

FERTILIZATION: Pastures, like other crops, can produce only in proportion to the quality of their soil. Where there is absence of lime, phosphorus, potash and nitrogen, the growth will be proportionally poor. These should be supplied by treatment with manures, commercial fertilizers and turning under green cover crops. A firm seed bed is essential to grasses and clovers.

RESEEDING: Reseeding to improve worn out pastures, without first correcting mineral deficiency and preparing the soil, is to invite poor stands or failure. Building one good acre of pasture is better than two acres half done. Variety planting gives continuous grazing.

JUDICIOUS GRAZING: Turning stock onto pasture that has not been given time to get a good start, allowing stock to trample over the pasture too much in wet weather, keeping a pasture too constantly in use to allow for regrowth—these are some of the reasons for poor pastures. Cross-fencing and rotating the use of your pastures will pay you in better grass crops.

WEED CONTROL: Clear the ground properly, sometimes burning off, discing or plowing under and rolling level before reseeding. Then plant SEED FREE FROM WEEDS. Mow weedy pastures just before the weeds go to seed.

HARROWING: Pastures should be harrowed from time to time, in order to spread droppings, prevent the growth from becoming patchy, and keep the soil more uniformly fertile. However, harrowing or discing are not substitutes for fertilization and good seeds, nor can they make up for their lack in building good pastures.

SOD BOUND PASTURES: When pasture plants remain stunted in growth and go to seed early, the cause is sometimes a "sod bound" condition. The pasture has either been grazed to death, lacks soil fertility, or needs discing. Sometimes it is a combination of all three. However, discing cannot cure starvation, make poor seeds grow or overcome too intense use of the pasture. Where the turf is thin, discing is not recommended. Suitable fartilization can usually bring such pastures to life, if the seed foundation is there.

TO SUM UP: Select pasture locations easily accessible to barns and water supply. . . Fence and cross fence for rotation. . . Drain or terrace before seeding. . . Prepare your seed bed. . . Use fertilizer to increase production. . . Plant with GOOD seeds suitable to your soil. . . Graze lightly until plants take root. . . Keep weeds down by mowing. . . Reseed often enough to keep pastures producing. . . Treat your pasture as a valuable CROP.

Square Brand Permanent Pasture Mixtures

Select The One Best Suited To Your Soil And Climate

During the past few years, we have made an intensive study of grasses and clovers which produce best pasturage results for the various locations in Texas and the Southwest. These vary considerably and we recommend careful study of your requirements before you buy your seed. The pasture mixtures listed below are the result of numerous conferences with farmers, stockmen, county agents and our own experiments.

NORTH AND CENTRAL TEXAS—Bermuda, in North and Central Texas, should be sodded in clumps and since it spreads very rapidly, you will get a good stand quickly. At the same time you sod, or if you already have a Bermuda stand, you should plant our Pasture Mixture for North and Central Texas. This consists of Rye, Dallis and Rescue Grass, Black Medic, Spotted Leaf Bur and Sweet Clover, which should be sown at the rate of 20 to 25 pounds per acre.

GULF COAST—This pasture mixture consists of Carpet, Rescue, Rye, and Dallis Grass, and Lespedeza, White Dutch, Melilotus Indica and California Hulled Bur Clover, to be sown at the rate of 20 pounds to the acre.

BOTTOM LANDS IN SOUTHEAST TEXAS—Our pasture mixture for this territory consists of Bermuda, Rye, Dallis and Carpet Grass, and Lespedeza, Hop, White Dutch and Black Medic Clover to be sown at the rate of 20 to 25 pounds to the acre.

EAST TEXAS SANDY UP-LANDS—In this section, also, it is very desirable to have a Bermuda base. Our pasture mixture for East Texas Sandy Up-Lands consists of Rescue, Dallis and Rye Grass, and Black Medic, Lespedeza and Spotted Leaf Bur Clover, which should be sown at the rate of 20 to 25 pounds per acre.

EAST TEXAS BLACK LANDS—Our pasture mixture for this territory consists of Bermuda, Rescue, Rye and Dallis Grass, and Black Medic, Hop and Sweet Clover, which is to be sown at the rate of 20 to 25 pounds per acre. Where a stand of Bermuda is already had, the mixture may be ordered without the Bermuda Grass Seed.

EAST TEXAS MOIST LANDS—Our Pasture Mixture for East Texas Moist Lands consists of Dallis, Rescue, Carpet and Red Top Grass, and Lespedeza and White Dutch Clover, which is to be sown at the rate of 20 pounds to the acre.

SEE SPECIAL LIST FOR PRICES.

Square Brand Pasture Grasses

ITALIAN RYE (American Grown) — Recommended as one of the best for winter use. Is easily grown and makes splendid winter grazing for all kinds of stock. Also produces a good early spring hay crop. A perennial, reseeding itself if allowed to go to seed, making it fine to mix with other grasses and clovers for permanent pasture. Sow in September or October, using 20 to 30 pounds per acre, if sown alone.

BERMUDA GRASS—See Page 1.

JOHNSON GRASS—Is hard to eradicate in the South, continues to grow year after year from the roots, except in climates with zero temperature. Makes the very best quality of hay, withstands drouth and very prolific.

RESCUE GRASS — This grass grows wild in some parts of Texas, makes a fine winter and early spring pasture, dying when hot weather arrives. It reseeds itself and will come up the following fall. Very good in permanent pasture mixtures. Broadcast in September and October, 20 to 25 pounds per acre.

DALLIS GRASS—Called the "King of Southern Pasture Grasses. A perennial, which grows continuously except in freezing weather. Stands heavy grazing especially on moist ground and will gradually choke out Johnson grass and weeds. Especially good for stopping washes and gullies. Can be planted any time except in drouthy hot summer. 5 to 8 lbs. per acre.

RED TOP OR HERD'S GRASS — Is recommended for heavy, moist lowlands as it withstands wet weather but also does well on most any good rich soil. Sow broadcast 15 to 20 pounds per acre.

Sudan Grass

Is similar in appearance to Johnson Grass, but is an annual, requiring reseeding every year. Produces well on all kinds of soil. Is drouth-resistant but does not blast with excessive rainfall. A dependable hay crop, with splendid feeding value for all kinds of stock. Also good for silage. In semi-arid regions is planted in drills 36 inches apart, using 5 pounds per acre if seed crop only is wanted, and 8 to 10 pounds for hay. With sufficient season will produce more, and a finer hay if sown broadcast, 30 to 40 pounds per acre. Can get two to three cuttings, depending on length of season and rainfall. Cures easier than sorghum and produces a large tonnage per acre.

SQUARE BRAND SUDAN—Grown from Selected Seed by experienced growers Double recleaned.

CARPET GRASS — A perennial, doewell on land lacking in lime. Makes splendid permanent pasture and its creeping habit of growth enables it to stand close grazing without injury. It is not a pest. One plowing will kill it. The Government recommends it more highly than Bermuda grass for coastal plains. Also good for lawns and golf courses. Plant in September and October; also February, March, and April, 5 to 10 pounds per acre.

KENTUCKY BLUE GRASS — A good grass for inclusion in pasture mixtures. We do not recommend planting alone in Texas, since it does not stand extreme heat well. Good results are obtained when planted in shady places. Plant 35 pounds to the acre, in the fall of the year.

Sudan Grass.

MESQUITE or VELVET GRASS—A hardy long-lived perennial with soft broad leaves, never getting coarse Grows from 8 to 10 inches high. Especially recommended to sow with other grasses or clovers for permanent pasture. Makes the very best quality of hay, but if planted alone does not yield as large tonnage as many other grasses. Sow in September or October; also in March April, 20 to 25 pounds per acre.

SEE SPECIAL LIST FOR PRICES.

Leguminous Crops Enrich Your Land

Square Brand Alfalfa Seed

To Increase Production and Build Your Soil Inoculate Alfalfa Seed with Nitragin.

ALFALFA IS THE MOST VALUABLE LEGUMINOUS PERMANENT CROP GROWN FOR PASTURE AND HAY.

Its hardiness makes it adaptable for almost any climate and type of soil except acid soil, which should be corrected by the use of lime and ample drainage. Alfalfa enriches the soil. Sow 20 pounds per acre on well prepared clean, firm soil, covering about one inch with harrow, followed by roller. Keep weeds clipped down with mower until alfalfa thoroughly covers ground. The Cahoon or Cyclone seeder is recommended for use in sowing. Be sure to inoculate with Nitragin.

SQUARE BRAND COMMON ALFALFA—Carefully selected and double recleaned from the best American Grown seed produced by experienced alfalfa seed growers Bright in color, high in germination and purity. Stands cold weather better than Hairy Peruvian.

HAIRY PERUVIAN ALFALFA—A native of Peru, very popular in the South and Southwest, especially recommended for Texas. May be cut the year round for hay, when winter is mild. Because of the rapid fluctuation in price of alfalfa, we refer you to our Special Price List for prices.

SEE SPECIAL LIST FOR PRICES.

Alfalfa.

PASTURE FOR POULTRY—Every poultryman should plant plenty of green feeds for poultry the year round. Feeding of greens very materially increases egg production and keeps the fowls in better health. Rape, Millet, Swiss Chard, Oats and Wheat are all good, and they should be planted to give constant pasturage.

Profitable Forage and Soil Vitalizing Crops

Square Brand White Blossom Sweet Clover not only produces a wonderful pasture crop, but enriches soil and prevents erosion.

Square Brand Clover Seed

TO INCREASE YOUR YIELD AND BUILD YOUR SOIL INOCULATE CLOVER SEED WITH NITRAGIN

All varieties of Clover have exceptionally high feeding value, containing protein which is needed to build up muscle and beef and to increase the yield of milk. Clovers are soil renovators, being resistant to most insects and fungus disease, making possible a better system of crop rotation. One of the greatest needs of the South is the use of more legumes to build up and improve the soil. Clover cannot be excelled as a gatherer of plant food and accumulator of nitrogen from the air—often adding 200 pounds of nitrogen per acre in a year. Do not use bur varieties where sheep are to be grazed, since burs reduce grade of wool.

SQUARE BRAND SWEET WHITE BLOSSOM SCARIFIED—The most popular variety adapted to practically all Texas soils. A great subsoiler. Roots penetrate deep breaking up hardpan, and decompose, adding humus to the soil. We recommend planting in September and October; also February to April, at the rate of 15 pounds of clover with 1½ to 2 bushels of oats per acre in well settled soil, covering lightly, following with roller. May be planted alone also.

MELILOTUS INDICA (Annual Yellow Blossom Sweet Clover)—Sometimes called Sour Clover. Used extensively as a cover crop, especially in orchards. Very popular in South Texas where it grows all winter and produces a vast quantity of green manure to be turned under in the eary spring. Can be sown in fall or spring, 15 to 20 pounds per acre.

HOP CLOVER—Bears small yellow bloom, of rather upright growth. Grows 12 to 15 inches high. Sow in September and October.

WHITE DUTCH CLOVER—A hardy perennial spreading clover. Too small for hay. Recommended to mix with other grasses for lawn or pasture. Sow 6 to 8 pounds per acre.

SOUTHERN SPOTTED LEAF BUR CLOVER (In Bur)—Very popular in the South for winter pasture. Popular for sowing in Bermuda grass sod for permanent pasture. Disc over your Bermuda grass and sow in the fall, followed with roller. Also fine to sow with other grasses for permanent pasture. Grows well on any type of soil. Sow 40 pounds to acre in August, September or October. Produces early grazing and lasts well.

CALIFORNIA BUR CLOVER—Very similar to the spotted leaf except that leaf is green. Yield and value identical. This particular year the spotted leaf is scarce, but we can furnish an ample supply of California, both in the bur and hulled.

BLACK MEDIC or TREFOIL (Medicogo Lupulina)—A biennial. Has small yellow blossom. Plant is similar to alfalfa except that it spreads more and lays flat on the ground. Sow 15 pounds per acre in September and October; also in February, March and April. When sown with other clovers and grasses, sow 2 to 3 pounds to the acre.

SEE SPECIAL LIST FOR PRICES.

Nitragin on Sweet Clover.

Square Brand Lespedeza

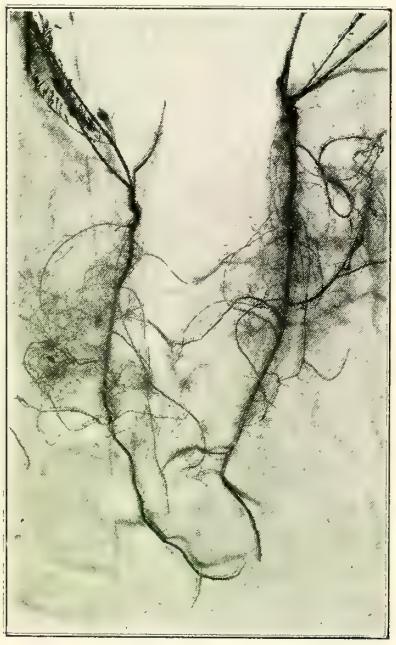
INOCULATE WITH NITRAGIN

KOBE LESPEDEZA—A mammoth late variety also producing well on black land and withstanding heat and dry weather. Matures about the same time as Lespedeza Clover but much larger growth. Sow in spring, 35 pounds to acre.

KOREAN LESPEDEZA—A mammoth early variety, withstanding dry hot weather. Does exceptionally well on black land; is about 30 days earlier than other varieties. Resistant to storm and a heavy seed yielder. Sow in spring, 35 pounds to acre.

SERICEA LESPEDEZA—A most adaptable plant—a twin brother to alfalfa and replacing it in many districts. As more is learned of this most remarkable plant it grows consistently more valuable to the stock raiser and hay grower. In dry 1934 the yield was remarkable, four and five cuttings being reported, despite lack of moisture. The picture shown was made from a plant, seed for which was sown on our trial ground in Dallas County on April 10, 1933. Sericea should be planted in the spring when all danger of frost is over and sown and cared for like alfalfa or clover. Plant 10 lbs. to the acre. It has a very high protein value.

JAPAN or LESPEDEZA CLOVER—A good clover to plant in the South during the spring months; also planted in the fall. Thrives on poor land and is a great soil builder. Sow 20 to 25 pounds per acre on fresh disc or harrowed land, followed by roller.



Sericea Lespedeza—Note the root systems six-months old plants.

Canada Field Peas

For increased yield inoculate this seed with Nitragin

A fine combination legume for grazing, hay, cover crop and table use. Plant in October or November and again in the early spring. Grows from 4 to 6 feet high and can be grazed when 6 to 10 inches high; pasturing makes them stool better. A great soil builder even when grazed or cut for hay, on account of storing nitrogen in the roots. Exceptionally fine when turned under as green manure. We recommend sowing a bushel of Oats, Barley or Wheat with 10 or 15 pounds of peas per acre. If sown alone, use 25 pounds per acre, in rows.

SEE SPECIAL LIST FOR PRICES.

Caring for Square Brand Seeds

When Square Brand Seeds reach the warehouses, each shipment is carefully numbered and retains its identity until sold. Samples are taken from every bag and tested in our laboratories. A record is carefully kept of every test. In hot weather the warehouses are kept to a temperature of less than 80 degrees. Warehouses are gassed regularly to exterminate insects and rodents. Square Brand Seed quality is never allowed to drop.

Five Point Crops for Thrifty Farmers

Forage, Hay, Green Manure, Soil Nitrogen and Table Consumption.

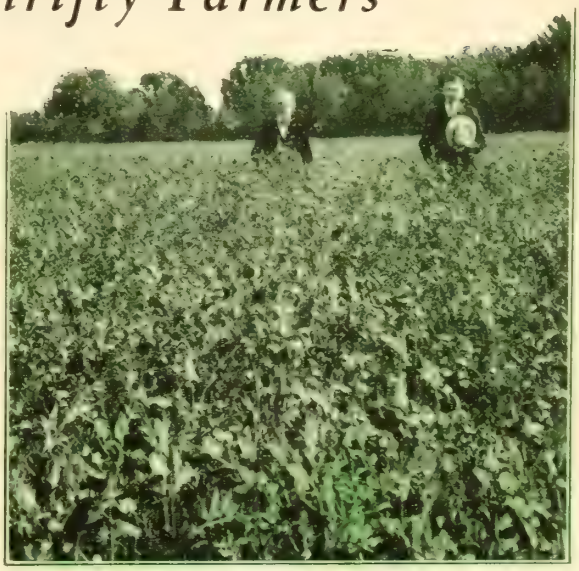
Square Brand Austrian Winter Field Peas

Inoculating this seed with Nitragin increases yield and improves your soil

Austrian Winter Peas are growing in popularity annually. We feel this is due to their proven value to the stock farmers and fruit growers of the country. These peas resemble the English in size of seed, and the Canada pea in character of vine. They cannot be excelled as a winter cover crop thriving after being subjected to zero temperature. They will grow from 5 to 6 feet tall on fertile soil and make excellent hay in addition to furnishing grazing for live stock. The best time to plant is in September and October, but they may also be sown in January and February.

They are especially recommended to the fruit farmers for a green manure crop to be planted between the trees in the fall and plowed under in the spring. Many of our customers report them as delicious food for their tables. This is a leguminous crop which vastly increases the fertility of your soil. If planted following a cultivated crop it is not necessary to plow the ground, using a harrow before and after sowing followed by roller on loose soil. Plant 50 lbs. to the acre when planted alone. We recommend planting 30 to 40 lbs. to the acre with a bushel of Rye, Barley, or Wheat to hold vines off the ground.

SEE SPECIAL LIST FOR PRICES.



A field of Square Brand Austrian Winter Peas—the ideal fall cover crop.

Dwarf Essex Rape.

Square Brand Dwarf Essex Rape Seed

SQUARE BRAND DWARF ESSEX RAPE SEED—Rape is one of the most valuable of all crops. It makes a most delicious green food for humans when cooked like other greens. In addition it is a source of green feed for all live stock, including hogs and chickens. It is surprising how much grazing an acre of this plant will furnish. Plants grow to a height of from one to four feet, depending on conditions of soil and climate. In shape and color of leaf it resembles the rutabaga. Leaves grow very rank and succulent and are sweet and tender. Fall seeding is best, but early spring sowing is successful. The crop is not injured by ordinary winters in the south. It is ready for grazing in from 8 to 10 weeks. Yields of 30 tons per acre, green weight, are not rare. An acre of good rape will pasture 20 hogs two months. Sow in drills, 5 to 8 pounds per acre. Our rape seed is grown in Holland and is entirely different from the Japan-grown rape so generally sold by seedsmen today. Holland-grown rape does not grow weedy and unpalatable as the Japan-grown rape does. Whether you buy your rape seed from us or elsewhere, be sure to require Holland-grown rape

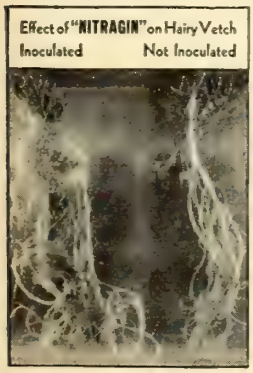
SEE SPECIAL LIST FOR PRICES.

An Excellent Forage for Poor Lands

Square Brand Vetch

Vetch is a very practical forage crop which many farmers are using as a substitute for clover on lands too poor to grow clovers Covers the ground during the winter, preventing the leaching of valuable plant foods. Be sure to plant the Hairy Winter Vetch. There are other Vetches on the market which cost less but are not suitable for this territory. We especially recommend Vetch for grazing and hay. The plant is very hardy; it should be sown in August or September for winter pasture, and may also be sown in early spring for summer pasture It is a splendid nitrogenous soil improver. Increased yields will result from inoculating this seed with Nitragin before planting

Sow 50 lbs. per acre when planted alone. We recommend that equal amounts of Vetch and Oats be sown together so that Vetch will have proper support in growing.



SEE SPECIAL LIST FOR PRICES.

Square Brand Hairy Vetch—a splendid cover crop, ideal for soil building and the prevention of erosion.

Crowder Peas.

Square Brand Field or Cow Peas

INCREASE YOUR YIELD AND BUILD YOUR SOIL BY INOCULATING SEED WITH NITRAGIN.

Cowpeas are the old reliable leguminous crop for the South. Adapted to practically every kind of soil, besides being the cheapest and surest means of improving soil. They add nitrogen to the soil and improve its mechanical condition, besides yielding a prolific crop of nutritious hay. The seed are universally used for human food.

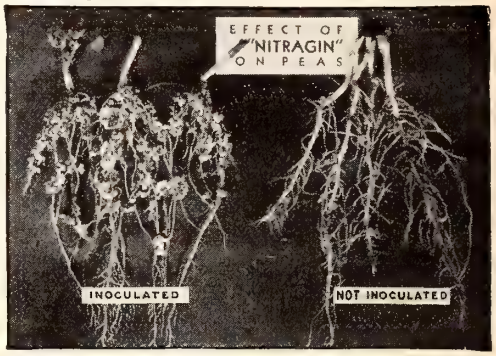
BRABHAM — An early wilt-proof, disease-resistant variety. Very similar to Whippoorwills except much smaller seed requiring less for planting a given acreage. The foliage is valuable for hay.

CLAY—Matures a little late; medium sized seed. Vines long and leafy; exceptionally good as a soil builder.

IRON PEAS — A small brown pea, good for stock and for a soil builder. Very prolific.

SPECKLED WHIPPOORWILL—The most popular and widely grown early variety. Grows upright; easily gathered. Brown speckled seed.

MIXED COWPEAS—A mixture of the principal varieties listed. Are very popular especially for hay and cover crops.



PURPLE HULL PEAS—An old favorite that is increasing in popularity. Especially fine for canning. Peas are large, cream colored, with a purple and brown eye. Hulls are purple and somewhat tough.

HEREFORD (Pole-cat Pea)—Also known as "Calico Pea". A type similar to the crowder pea—and very fine for table use. Speckled red and white in color. One of the most drouth resistant types. Particularly well adapted to West Texas needs.

Velvet Beans.

Table Varieties

BLACK EYE—The most prolific and widely used of any of the varieties. Most popular for home gardens and table use and for market by truck growers. Usually brings better prices than other varieties.

CREAM—Extensively used for table use. Prolific bearer and can be used green or dry; also good soil builder. This variety produces peas in pods that are very tender and of good flavor when young. They can be cooked as a shell pea when dried and shelled.

LADY PEAS—Tiny, true lady peas—the most prolific bearer of all cream peas. Excellent flavor.

BROWN CROWDER—A fine flavored table pea and one of the earliest to mature. Grows upright and very prolific.

WHITE CROWDER—A very popular variety of a delightful flavor for table use.

BROWN-EYE CROWDER — Sometimes called sugar crowders—although the pure white is the real sugar crowder. Bears much larger quantities than the white crowder, however, and is a very desirable pea.

SEE SPECIAL LIST FOR PRICES

Square Brand Field Beans

Increase Your Yield and Build Your Soil by Inoculating Bean Seed with Nitragin.

EARLY SPECKLED VELVET BEAN—Very fine for a forage crop and a good soil builder. Grows very rapidly and is more prolific than more forage plants. Fine for planting in corn. Plant in rows 3 to 5 feet apart, 2 to 3 pecks per acre. These may be planted in May and June and still mature before frost. They are also planted in September to be turned under as a cover crop.

MUNG BEANS—Mung Beans are upright in growth, strong and vigorous, free from disease and make excellent hay, beans suitable for table use, the flavor being quite similar to cowpeas. The beans mature in 90 to 100 days. Plant same time as cowpeas. A splendid soil-builder. Five pounds will plant an acre with a drill in 3½ foot rows. Does well broadcast also.

Mammoth Yellow Soy Beans.

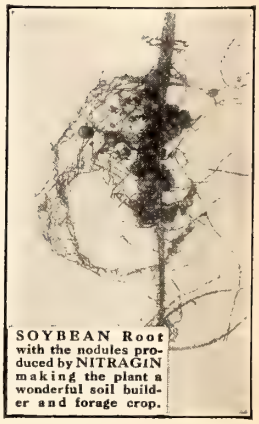
Soy Beans

Soy Beans belong to the legume family, being wonderful soil builders. They take nitrogen from the air and store it in the nodules on their roots. They do well on same soil as corn, but will produce very satisfactorily on poorer soil. Land should be prepared as for cowpeas, and seed planted in drills. If wanted for hay crop, vines should be cut when the upper leaves begin to turn yellow, but if wanted for seed, gathering should be delayed until nearly all the leaves have fallen.

MAMMOTH YELLOW — The most popular and largest yielder. Grows 3 to 5 feet high. Should not be planted until all danger of frost is past. For hay and as a soil builder sow 2½ bushels per acre broadcast; for beans plant from 15 to 30 pounds per acre in drills 3½ feet apart.

NEW LAREDO—A new variety that is a distinct addition to the forage crops of the Cotton Belt. Its value, when compared to other soy beans, is in the fineness of its stems, its yield of hay, its medium early maturity and its heavy yield of seed. One bushel will plant from 8 to 10 acres in 2½-foot rows. Seed should be dropped from 3 to 6 inches apart in the drill and covered 1 inch. It is both wilt-resistant and nematode-resistant.

SEE SPECIAL LIST FOR PRICES.



SOYBEAN Root with the nodules produced by NITRAGIN making the plant a wonderful soil builder and forage crop.

Square Brand Seed Corn

At the low per acre cost, no one can afford to plant inferior seed corn. It is one of our most important crops. Good seed costs only a few cents per acre more than poor seed. Yet the yield can easily double or triple the cash you receive for the crop. We recommend Southern grown seed in most instances, especially on good rich soil. Our Southern grown seed for 1936 was produced under our personal supervision and is exceptionally fine. We handle Northern grown corn for those wanting early maturity.

Southern Grown Corns

Yellow Corn

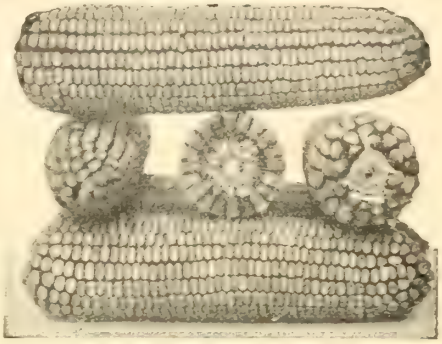
SQUARE BRAND YELLOW DENT—We believe we are offering the very best yellow dent seed corn to be found on the Texas market. Our growers have devoted their best efforts to the growing of this corn for many years—and they know how to do it. That corn which is offered under the name "Square Brand" was grown specifically for us—under our supervision. It has been carefully tipped and butted—the grains are uniform and we know we are offering you something unusually good. Try some of it this year—plant it and compare its growth and maturity with "just corn" grown by your neighbors. You'll find the small additional expense in original cost of seeds will be many times repaid in your crop outcome, and final returns.

Red Corn

RED JUNE—This variety of June corn is growing more popular annually, principally because it has the greatest drouth-resistance of all corns. Its ear is slightly larger than that of the Dwarf Mexican June. It is not as yet so well known on the markets as is the White June but a large demand is being developed on it.

STRAWBERRY — A popular and high yielding corn in Texas and other Southern states. Large ear with strawberry colored kernels; a fine all-purpose corn. Matures in from 115 to 125 days.

SQUARE BRAND BLOODY BUTCHER—Second in vitamin content to Square Brand Yellow Dent. 14 to 18 rows to the ear. Deep grains, producing an enormous yield. Matures in 120 to 130 days. If you try Square Brand Bloody Butcher once you will never plant any other.



Chisholm Red Cob.

Blue Corn

SQUAW SEED CORN—A natural drouth-resisting variety. Grains are a combination of colors mostly blue and white. Large ears, good yield. Plant any time from March to August. Compare favorably with Mexican June Corn for late planting. Matures in from 105 to 115 days.

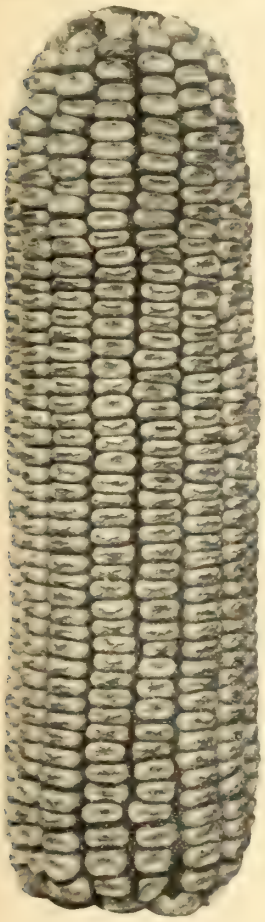
White Corn

SQUARE BRAND DROUTH RESISTANT—A white corn grown to meet the drouthy conditions of Texas. Makes a sturdy, heavy bladed plant, with ears considerably larger than the average corn, slightly dented. Desirable for roasting ears, which are produced somewhat earlier than other varieties. Matures in from 100 to 110 days. A premium was paid by the mills this year for SQUARE BRAND DROUTH RESISTANT corn for corn meal purposes.

CHISHOLM RED COB—A native variety. Large ear, large deep creamy-white grain. Red cob has no equal as a milling corn. It is medium early, maturing in from 105 to 115 days.

HASTINGS PROLIFIC — Texas acclimated. Averages 2½ ears to the stalk. This corn matures late—from 115 to 125 days. It is a very good white corn, used extensively for roasting ears, but equally satisfactory for meal or stock feeding.

SURECROPPER—The most popular early maturing corn. Its drouth resisting qualities make it desirable for summer planting as well as spring. Planted extensively on stubble after grain harvest. Large white grain on white cob. Medium large and well-formed ear. Matures in from 100 to 110 days.



Silver Mine.

Northern Grown Varieties

SILVER MINE — Quick maturing and hardy; also splendid yielder. Pure white kernel, small white cob. Matures in from 90 to 100 days.

YELLOW LEAMING DENT — A standard variety, very popular in South on account of its early maturity. Deep, closely packed yellow grain. Medium sized ears.

EARLY WHITE PEARL—Largely used for roasting ears. Is the earliest maturing corn on the market. Produces large, uniform ears, with pure white kernels — with more fluid than Silver Mine.

REID'S YELLOW DENT—This is one of the most popular corns in the United States, and is much used in the South due to early maturity. The grains are very deep, closely packed, butt and tips almost entirely covered over. Produces a good size ear and matures in from 100 to 110 days.

SEE SPECIAL LIST FOR PRICES.

Use Stanley's Crow Repellent

This repellent protects and insures you against crows and other pests pulling corn while it is germinating, sprouting and rooting. Crows hate it. It saves loss of seed and labor of replanting. Positively will not clog any planter. Protects seed from rotting in the ground. It is non-poisonous and will not injure the seed of any kind of corn. It does not kill birds or animals but will keep them away and prevent destruction.

Easy to use. Economical. Costs only 10c to 12c per acre, depending on the quantity of seed used, in planting.

Postpaid Prices

1 Quart (enough for four bushels seed corn)	$1.75
1 Pint (enough for two bushels seed corn)	1.00
½ Pint (enough for one bushel seed corn)	.60

DWARF MEXICAN JUNE—This is a dependable drouth-resisting corn which may be planted the latter part of May, June and July. It matures in from 100 to 110 days, and is popular for stubble planting and roasting ears. By all means be sure to include Dwarf Mexican June in your garden.

WHITE WONDER—A large ear, with medium large grain and white medium sized cob. Used extensively in South Texas for roasting ears—medium early, maturing in from 110 to 120 days.

HICKORY KING—A good drouth resister and medium yield. Large flat white grain, very small cob and largely planted for roasting ears.

Good seed treated with Semesan Jr. gave 5.4 bushels per acre more than untreated. U. S. D. A. tests.

Plant Healthy Seed Corn

Decayed seed, stunted seedlings, poor stands are indications of corn root rots. Stalks lying on the ground, barren eared hollow stalks, shriveled, lightweight ears are the effects.

Disinfection of seed with Semesan Jr. will help prevent damage by those diseases, and protect from rotting in cool, wet soil. It will cost only about 2½¢ per acre to treat your seed corn with Semesan Jr.

Postpaid prices: 4 oz. 35c; 1 lb. $1.00; 5 lbs. $4.75; 25 lbs. $23.25

Attention Dairy and Stock Men!

Increase Milk Production and Fatten Stock with Root and Green Crops

Mangel Wurzel Beets

Giant Half Sugar Feeding Mangel.

GIANT SLUDSTRUP—This is a variety especially valuable for the dairyman. It produces the highest yield of sugar content of all of the mangels. It is a long reddish-cream root which grows well out of the ground.

Ferris, Texas, Oct. 28, 1935.

Gentlemen:

Last year I had a little over an acre planted in Mangels grown from your seeds and produced 13 wagonloads of roots, each wagonload containing all a team could pull. The crop stood through the summer and at the end of one of the worst drouths we have ever had, it had two leaves left on the roots. When the rains began, the roots began growing and this particular crop saved me. I was the only man in my community that had this kind of winter feed.

This year I have planted them again, and I simply would not be without these Mangels so long as I was on any kind of a stock-feeding program.

Incidentally, I have bought and paid for a $6,000 farm during the past five years, which could not have been done had I not included each year a generous supply of Mangels for my stock. They are splendid feed, whether they are grown for milk cows, hogs or other farm stock.

"You can't Beat—Beets for winter feed."

Yours very truly,
R. W. WEST,
Registered Jersey Breeder.

These beets grow increasingly popular among dairymen and hog raisers. Experiments made by the Texas Experiment Stations show their suitability to Texas soils and their high value to stock raisers. When well grown the root will yield an immense amount of valuable food. They may be grown in almost any soil, but deep loams are necessary for heavy yields of the long variety.

CULTURE—Plow your land deep and prepare thoroughly. Plant early in the spring in drills 2 to 3 feet apart and cover the seed about 1½ inches. Cultivate frequently. When about three inches high, begin thinning and continue at intervals until the roots stand from 8 to 12 inches apart in the rows. Use an ounce to 100 feet or from 5 to 6 pounds per acre.

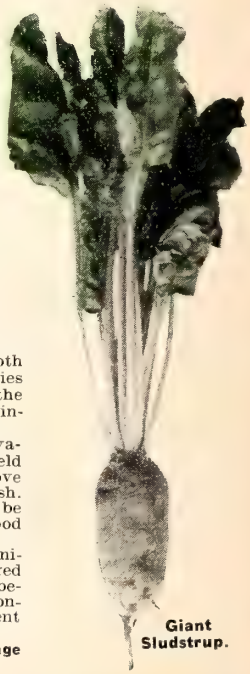
The roots do not grow as long as that of the Mammoth Long Red but by actual test far exceed the other varieties in sugar and feeding value. This is unquestionably the most desirable sort for dairymen since it radically increases the flow and quality of milk.

GIANT HALF SUGAR FEEDING—Another very good variety. It yields a large crop of roots next in sugar yield to the Giant Sludstrup. The roots are light bronze above the ground and grayish white below with white flesh. This beet, growing largely out of the ground, can be harvested earlier than any other mangel crop. Good either for the dairyman or the hog raiser.

MAMMOTH LONG RED—Roots are very large, uniformly straight and well formed. Flesh is white tinged with rose. This variety is preferred by hog raisers because of its enormous tonnage. It yields a greater tonnage per acre than other varieties but the sugar content is lower. Keeps well and is very nutritious.

Pkt. 5c; per oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 25c; lb. 45c; add postage for mail delivery.

See Page 10 for stock feeding carrots.



Giant Sludstrup.

Pasture, Grain and Root Feeding Requirements

FOR COWS—HORSES—HOGS—CHICKENS

Feeding requirements for ONE YEAR of the ordinary farm animals are outlined by feeding authorities to be about as follows:

FOR 1 COW—4½ acres are needed, divided as follows: 2 acres in oats, 1½ acres in corn, head and/or root crops, 1 acre to hay and pasture.

FOR 1 SOW—1 acre pasture sown to Sudan grass, peas, oats, wheat or barley; 7 acres in corn, head and root crops.

FOR 1 BEEF—2 acres corn, head or root crops; ½ acre Sudan grass, peas or alfalfa. Each head requires during a year 10 pounds grain and 9 pounds of hay, per pound of live weight. Calf one year old weighs about 520 pounds.

FOR 2 HORSES—3 acres oats, 2 acres corn or head crops, 3 acres Sudan grass or other hay for pasturage. Total 8 acres per team.

FOR 60 HENS—3 acres oats, 2 acres corn or head crops and one acre of sowed pasture.

If you have the land and the stock, figure out from this table about what your feeding requirements for a year will be—and **raise it yourself.** Why buy feed half the year?

PLAN YOUR FEEDING PROGRAM!

Spanish Peanuts.

Square Brand Seed Peanuts

For medium light, loamy or sandy land, peanuts are one of the most profitable crops that can be grown. Often yield as much as fifty bushels per acre on land too poor to plant corn. Produce ordinarily about a ton of excellent forage per acre in addition to the crop of nuts. In harvesting, plow the peanuts and then stack against stakes stuck into the ground, the roots with the peanuts on them, to the center, and the leaves outside.

SPANISH PEANUTS—This variety grows more compact than Virginia peanuts, making it possible to grow them closer, and easier to cultivate. While nuts are smaller, they are much sweeter and of finer flavor than the larger sorts, and contain a higher per cent of oil. "Pops" so common in large varieties are seldom found in the Spanish. The best crop in the South for fattening hogs, and no Southern farm, where stock is raised, should be without them. Pods usually contain two nuts or kernels and adhere well to plant when digging. Has sticks, trash and foreign material removed.

TENNESSEE LONG RED—Does well on black waxy land as well as sandy soil. Larger in size, with greater number of nuts than most varieties grown in the South. A splendid commercial variety and very productive.

IMPROVED VIRGINIA JUMBO—A standard variety for roasting. Planted almost exclusively by the peanut growers of Virginia. The vines furnish excellent forage. Grows upright and easily cultivated.

SEE SPECIAL LIST FOR PRICES.

Square Brand Field Grains

Winter Barley

You can increase your yield by treating all Barley seeds with Ceresan before sowing.

SQUARE BRAND WINTER BARLEY—Makes a fine pasture and will yield from 30 to 60 bushels of seed per acre. Barley has become increasingly popular in Texas for fall and winter grazing, and one of the cheapest pastures available. It provides a large amount of humus if plowed under for a green manure crop in the spring. Sow about 1 to 1½ bushels per acre.

Because the market fluctuates so greatly on cereal grains we refer you for prices to our current price list. If your list is older than three months we suggest your writing for a new one.

Oats

Ceresan increases your yield of oats.

CERTIFIED PEDIGREED NORTEX OATS—Grown by the Denton County Pedigreed Grain Association, inspected and tested—free from Johnson grass. An oat which will produce the highest possible yield for you.

RED RUST-PROOF OATS—Are grown from exceptionally fine stock seeds by growers who produce strictly for seed purposes. These oats are recognized as one of the finest strains of Red Rust-Proof and are in heavy demand by our customers.

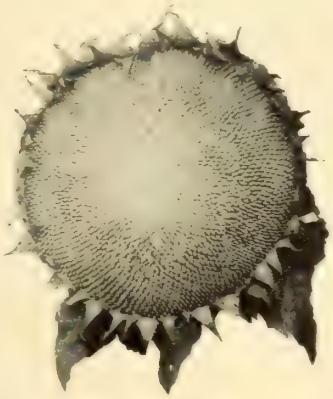
TURF OATS—These oats are extensively planted for winter grazing. Their root system is very extensive, building an exceptionally hardy plant which will regularly produce from 75 to 100 bushels of oats per acre. They take much less seed per acre than ordinary oats—usually 1 bushel being plenty. May be planted in the very early spring, also.

PRICES—Because the market fluctuates so greatly on field seeds we refer you for prices to our current price list. If your list is older than three months we suggest your writing for a new one.

Broom Corn.

Square Brand Sunflower Seed

MAMMOTH RUSSIAN—Produces an enormous head, from 12 to 20 inches in diameter. On light, well drained, well tilled fertile soils yields from 30 to 50 bushels per acre. Plant and cultivate as you would corn. May be planted some earlier, using 8 to 10 pounds per acre. As a poultry food mixed with other grains it has no equal.



Mammoth Russian Sunflower.

Seed Wheat

Increase your yield by treating with Ceresan before sowing.

We offer Mediterranean Bearded Seed Wheat. From experience we know this to be the best variety of seed wheat on the market today. There has been a growing tendency the past few years to buy cheap seed wheat. Unless seeds are bred for vitality and productiveness they will gradually degenerate just as livestock or anything else does. We caution farmers, therefore, to be sure to get good stock, and we offer a seed wheat which is superior to the average wheat on the market.

PRICES—Because the market fluctuates so greatly on field seeds we refer you for prices to our current price list. If your list is older than three months we suggest your writing for a new one.

Square Brand Millet Seed

Plant some of your well-drained upland in Millet. Our Southern Grown Big German Millet is the finest grade obtainable. If grown for seed, drill and cultivate, planting 5 to 10 pounds per acre; for hay sow 20 to 25 pounds per acre.

SQUARE BRAND BIG GERMAN—Now recognized as the finest quality, becoming more popular each year. Extra large heads, grows rank, best variety for hay for which it should be cut when in full bloom. On good soil a yield of five tons per acre is not unusual.

PEARL OR CAT TAIL (Pencillaria)—Especially recommended for continuous cutting forage plant. Grows very tall but if cut when 3 to 4 feet high, will stool repidly and can be cut three to four times in one season. Plant 5 pounds per acre in drills 3 feet apart or sow broadcast 20 to 30 pounds per acre. Do not sow before May.

HOG OR MANITOBA—This variety produces an extra large head and grain; high in feeding value for stock and poultry.

SEE SPECIAL LIST FOR PRICES.

Broom Corn

SCARBROUGH DWARF—Very much in demand because of its fine, smooth brush. Produces less seed, allowing cleaner threshing

STANDARD EVERGREEN—Noted for earliness in maturity. Produces very beautiful green brush of long fine quality and well fibered. It is also a good drouth resister and easy to thresh

Winter Rye

Winter Rye is a very valuable winter pasture crop, and is also frequently used as a winter cover crop to be turned under for green manure in the spring. While it adds a great deal of humus to the soil where cover crop is desired, we recommend a combination of Rye with Austrian Winter Peas or Winter Vetch since both of these crops bring nitrogen into the soil in addition to humus. Sow 1¼ to 2¼ bushels per acre.

PRICES—Because the market fluctuates so greatly on field seeds we refer you for prices to our current price list. If your list is older than three months we suggest your writing for a new one

Buck Wheat

This crop should be more generally grown in the South for poultry feed. It is well adapted and it may be sown in the very early spring or late summer. It matures in about two months, is easily grown, desirable and profitable for large grain yields. The flower is a fine food for Bees and when turned under this is a good soil improver. Buckwheat smothers weeds; it also maks a fine quality of flour and is a good drouth resister.

SILVER HULL BUCKWHEAT—Grains are a beautiful light gray color with thin husks.

SEE SPECIAL LIST FOR PRICES.

Big German Millet.

Non-Saccharine Sorghums

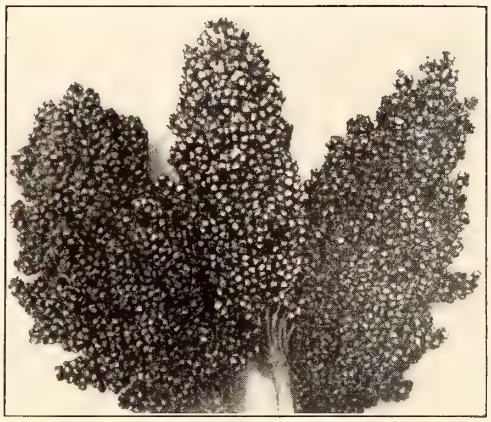
Spur Feterita.

These sorghums produce fine ensilage as well as an abundance of grain feed. Non-Saccharine Sorghums will produce high yields with limited rainfall where corn has made a failure. The heads make good chicken feed and can be fed ground or whole to all classes of live stock. We list the varieties of Non-Saccharine Sorghums best adapted to this section. Bear in mind that the leaves of the stalks have sufficient saccharine to make excellent forage.

Texas Experimental Station says the sorghums are the most important source of roughage from cultivated crops in Texas, because they furnish hay, grain, bundle forage, ensilage and pasture. The grain yield per acre has been an average of 1½ tons, but such a low production can be greatly increased by planting good seeds and the varieties best suited to your locality. The Sorghum Seeds we offer are the best obtainable.

Algeria or Bishop Kafir

A cross between Maize and Kafir. Grows from 4 to 5 feet tall, each plant stooling out making several stalks. Stock eat entire stalk with relish, on account of the heavy saccharine content. The seed are softer and larger than Maize, with much larger heads. Drill 4 to 5 pounds per acre and thin as corn, not working too close to roots, until it has chance to stool.



Black Hull White Kafir.

Darso

A dwarf variety with large stalk and heavy foliage. Has a uniform straight stalk which is very juicy and contains about 12 per cent saccharine, making it especially good for forage. Also a good grain yielder and excellent for silage. Drouth-resistant and somewhat earlier than Kafir.

Spur Feterita

Has almost displaced common Feterita. Was developed at the Agricultural Experiment Station at Spur, Texas. Makes a shorter, stockier stalk with more leaves than common Feterita, making a better forage crop. Especially adapted to black lands in addition to the Western sorghum grain belt.

Grohoma

A new variety becoming very popular on account of its heavy yield of grain. It stools out, each stalk making a full matured large head from 12 to 14 inches long. The grain is light brown and splendid for all kinds of stock. Requires a little longer to mature than Maize or Kafir, but yields much more grain per acre and does not shatter. Drill 2 to 4 lbs. per acre.

Square Brand Hegari

See Opposite Page for Illustration.

Grown by us from certified seed. Hegari originated in Africa. It is a semi-dwarf plant producing a large head of creamy-white grain which is hard to shatter. Is fast becoming the most popular sorghum grain as the stalk makes splendid forage in addition to the large yield of grain. Saccharine content is high and very palatable to stock. A drouth resister. Plant 3 to 4 pounds per acre for seed or grain and 5 to 8 pounds per acre for combination grain and forage.

Dwarf Yellow Milo.

Schrock Kafir or Sagrain

Originated in Oklahoma. Dwarf variety with an abundance of long broad leaves and a large spangled head with light brown grain which is excellent stock and poultry feed. One of the best varieties for combination forage and grain, as the stalk is sweet and brittle. It stools out making 6 to 8 stalks from one seed, all stalks making heads. Mature 10 to 14 days earlier than other varieties, therefore popular for late planting on stubble land.

Black Hull White Kafir

Grows an upright strong stem with broad leaves from 4 to 5 feet high. The stalk makes better forage than any of the non-saccharine sorghums, excepting Hegari and Schrock Kafir.

Square Brand Dwarf Yellow Milo

The most popular non-saccharine sorghum grown in Texas. It is the principal grain crop in Western and Southwestern Texas, on account of its hardiness and dependability under all kinds of conditions and is now grown in all parts of Texas. A heavy yielder of the finest kind of grain for all kinds of stock.

Double Dwarf Yellow Milo

Almost identical with Dwarf Milo except a much smaller, shorter stalk. Matures quicker and will stand more drouth on account of smaller stalks.

Shallu or Egyptian Wheat

A variety which does well in almost every part of Texas. Stools out from root similar to Schrock Kafir. Has large spangled head, a heavy yielder of both grain and fodder.

SEE SPECIAL LIST FOR PRICES.

Head crops make such excellent poultry feed that every poultry and turkey raiser should plant some acreage to these crops. We especially recommend Sagrain, Milo Maize, Kafir and Hegari.

Grohoma.

Saccharine Sorghums

The sorghum is a strong, rapid grower and a greedy feeder, so it succeeds best on a deep, rich, moist soil. Sorghum makes ideal syrup or forage and hay crops, and we offer you the very finest bred-up seeds.

The sorghums cannot yield their best, if planted before the soil is warm in the spring. It is planted in the Southwest from April to July, but practically all of Texas and adjacent States plant in a period of about six weeks in May and June.

Square Brand Red Top Cane. Note Uniformity of Heads.

Cane Seed for Forage

The following varieties are used almost exclusively for forage. To reproduce seed, drill and cultivate, planting 3 to 6 pounds per acre. For forage, drill 5 to 10 pounds per acre or broadcast 100 to 150 pounds to acre.

Black Amber

A very popular Saccharine Sorghum for early green feed or ensilage purpose. It is the earliest sort, and makes fine hay, green or cured, which is relished by all stock. It will yield two or three cuttings each year, stooling out thicker each time it is cut.

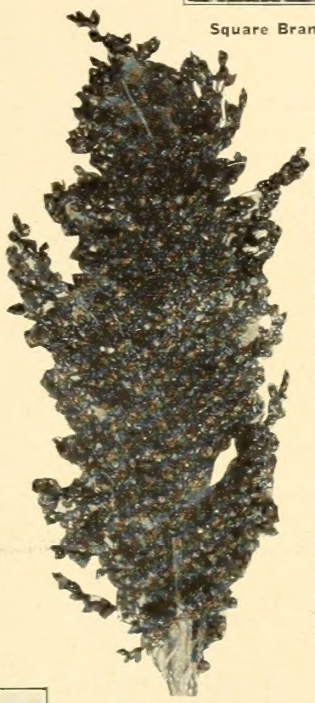
Early Orange Cane

A later variety than the Black Amber Cane which is also used for forage and hay. It is a little taller and the stalks are a little heavier than Black Amber. A splendid producer but not as popular as Black Amber because it is not as early.

Red Top Sumac

This variety is planted more extensively in the Southwest than any other forage crop. The seed is smaller than Amber or Orange Cane, and the plant makes the very finest fodder. Our seeds have been grown especially for us and the grains this year are very fine and plump. Our latest report indicates that we have a good yield of this high-grade seed. We have not, however, planted a large acreage so we suggest that you send your order early to be sure to get Square Brand seeds. If we do not have Square Brand when your order is received we will advise you, and quote on the seeds then on hand.

SEE SPECIAL LIST FOR PRICES.



Amber Cane.

Cane Seed For Syrup

The following varieties used almost exclusively for making syrup but sometimes used for ensilage on account of enormous yields. Should be cut for syrup just before the seed ripens, as there is more saccharine at that stage of growth. Plant 4 to 8 pounds per acre. Cultivate like corn and chop out like cotton, leaving the plants 10 to 12 inches apart.

GOLDEN ROD SUGAR CANE (also known as SUGAR DRIP)—This is a very productive variety which gives from 70 to 75 per cent of its weight in juice, delightfully flavored, producing an enormous yield. This year it has proven especially productive under trying drouth conditions.

Square Brand Japanese or Honey Drip

This is an extremely popular variety of cane, grows very tall with many joints in the stalk and a vigorous root system. Matures in 120 to 125 days and sends up two to four stalks which reach a height of from 11 to 15 feet. This is a favorite cane where sorghum production is desired and when the growing season is sufficiently long to mature it.

SEE SPECIAL LIST FOR PRICES.

Hand Rogued Hegari.

See Opposite Page for Description.

More Feedstuffs Acreage Needed

Surplus feedstuffs held on the farms of the Southwest are almost entirely exhausted before spring pastures are available or new crops can be grown. Therefore it is necessary to plant an acreage large enough to supply livestock needs for a year; but in addition Southwestern farmers should build up a surplus.

A surplus of feedstuffs, is an insurance that no farmer can afford to be without. An extra year's supply is never too much.

Even in years of abundance the Southwest has produced too little feed for the proper feeding of the animals on hand. Too often our livestock is forced to pick a bare living from burned up pastures in mid-summer when a little extra feed from silos or ricks would carry them into the fall months in good condition.

It has been the history of the Southwest that years in which abundant feed crops have been produced have been prosperous years. —From Farm and Ranch.

Japanese Cane.

Square Brand Vegetable Planting Guide and Calendar

For Constant Fresh Vegetables—Plant A Few Rows Each Week

Name of Vegetable	Seed for 100 feet of row	Distance Between Rows	Plants Apart In Row	Depth To Plant	TIME TO PLANT	READY TO USE
ASPARAGUS ROOTS	60 to 80	3 ft.	1½ ft.	3 to 5 in.	Feb. and Mar.	1 to 2 years
BEANS, Bush Snap and Lima	1 lb.	2 ft.	3 in.	1 in.	Feb. to April; Aug. to Oct.	6 to 9 weeks
BEANS, Pole and Lima	½ lb.	3 ft.	12 in.	1 in.	Mar. to May; Aug. to Oct.	8 to 12 weeks
BEETS	1 oz.	1 ft.	3 in.	1 in.	Mar. to May; Sept. and Oct.	6 to 11 weeks
BROCCOLI	¼ oz.	2 ft.	2 ft.	½ in.	Feb. to April; Sept. and Oct.	3 to 4 months
BRUSSELS SPROUTS	¼ oz.	24 in.	16 to 24 in.	½ in.	Jan. to April; Aug. and Sept.	3 to 4 months
CABBAGE, Early	¼ oz.	2 ft.	1 ft.	½ in.	Oct. to Mar.	3 to 4 months
CABBAGE, Late	¼ oz.	2½ ft.	1½ ft.	½ in.	June and July	3 to 4 months
CABBAGE PLANTS	100	2 ft.	1 ft.	3 in.	Feb. to May; July to Sept.	2½ to 3 months
CANTALOUPE	½ oz.	4 ft.	Hills 3 ft.	1 in.	April to June	3 months
CARROT	½ oz.	1 ft.	2 in.	½ in.	Feb. to April; Aug. and Sept.	9 to 14 weeks
CAULIFLOWER	¼ oz.	2 ft.	1 ft.	½ in.	Jan. to April; Aug. and Sept.	3 to 4 months
CELERY	¼ oz.	2 ft.	6 in.	⅛ in.	Aug. to Oct.	4 to 5 months
COLLARDS	¼ oz.	20 in.	18 in.	½ in.	Sept. to May	3 to 4 months
CORN, Sweet and Sugar	¼ lb.	2 ft.	2 to 3 ft.	1 in.	Feb. to April; July and Aug.	2½ to 3 months
CORN, Pop	¼ lb.	2 ft.	1 ft.	1 in.	April to July	3 to 3½ months
CUCUMBERS	½ oz.	4 ft.	3 ft.	1 in.	Mar. to May; Aug. and Sept.	2 to 2½ months
EGGPLANT	⅛ oz.	2½ ft.	1½ to 2 ft.	½ in.	Feb. to April	3 to 4 months
EGGPLANT PLANTS	50	2½ ft.	1½ to 2 ft.	3 in.	Mar. to May	2 to 3 months
ENDIVE	1 oz.	1½ ft.	6 in.	½ in.	Feb. to April; Aug.	3 months
HERBS	4 Pkgs.	1½ ft.	6 in.	½ in.	Mar. to May	2 to 3 months
HORSERADISH ROOTS	100	2 ft.	1 ft.	4 in.	Feb. and Mar.	1 to 2 years
KALE or BORECOLE	¼ oz.	15 in.	4 in.	½ in.	Oct. to Mar.	3 to 4 months
KOHLRABI	¼ oz.	15 in.	4 in.	½ in.	Sept. to Mar.	2 to 3 months
LEEK	½ oz.	2 ft.	4 in.	½ in.	Mar. and April; Sept.	3 to 4 months
LETTUCE	½ oz.	1 ft.	8 in.	½ in.	Sept. to Mar.	2 to 3 months
MUSTARD	¼ oz.	1 ft.	3 in.	¼ in.	Feb. to May; July to Nov.	6 to 8 weeks
OKRA	2 oz.	3 ft.	1 ft.	1 in.	Mar. to May	3 to 4 months
ONION	1 oz.	1 ft.	2 in.	½ in.	Sept. and Oct.; Mar. and April	4 to 5 months
ONION PLANTS	150	15 in.	4 in.	2 in.	Jan. to May	3 to 4 months
ONION SETS	1 Qt.	18 in.	3 in.	1 in.	Jan. to April; Aug. and Sept.	2½ to 3 months
PARSLEY	¼ oz.	1 ft.	3 in.	⅛ in.	Feb. to April; Aug. an Sept.	3 to 4 months
PARSNIPS	½ oz.	1 ft.	4 in.	½ in.	Feb. and Mar.; Sept.	4 to 5 months
PEAS	1 lb.	2 ft.	2 in.	1 in.	Feb. and Mar.; Aug. to Oct.	6 to 9 weeks
PEPPER	⅛ oz.	2 ft.	1½ ft.	½ in.	Mar. to June	3 to 4 months
PEPPER PLANTS	80 to100	2 ft.	15 in.	3 in.	Mar. to June	2½ to 3 months
POTATOES, Irish	5 lbs.	2 ft.	1 ft.	4 in.	Feb. to April; July and Aug.	3 months
POTATOES, Sweet, Plants	75	2½ ft.	1½ ft.	3 in.	Mar. to July	4 to 5 months
PUMPKIN	½ oz.	5 to 6 ft.	5 ft.	1 in.	April to June	3 to 4 months
RADISH	1 oz.	1 ft.	2 in.	½ in.	Sept. to May	3 to 6 weeks
RHUBARB or PIE PLANT ROOTS	33	3 ft.	3 ft.	3 in.	Jan. to Mar.	1 to 2 years
RUTABAGA	¼ oz.	1½ ft.	3 in.	½ in.	Feb. to May; July to Nov.	8 to 10 weeks
SALSIFY	1 oz.	18 in.	2 in.	½ in.	Feb. to May	4 to 5 months
SPINACH	1 oz.	12 in.	1 in.	1 in.	Feb. to May; Aug. to Nov.	4 to 6 weeks
SWISS CHARD	2 oz.	1 ft.	3 in.	1 in.	Feb. to May; Sept. and Oct.	6 to 11 weeks
SQUASH, Bush	½ oz.	2 ft.	2 ft.	1 in.	Mar. to June	2 to 2½ months
SQUASH, Late	½ oz.	3 ft.	3 ft.	1 in.	April to July	3 to 4½ months
TOMATO	⅛ oz.	3 ft.	2½ ft.	½ in.	Dec. to Mar.	3 to 4 months
TOMATO PLANTS	50 to 60	2 ft.	1½ ft.	3 in.	April and May	3 months
TURNIPS	½ oz.	1½ ft.	3 in.	¼ in.	Feb. to May; July to Nov.	8 to 10 weeks
WATERMELON	1 oz.	6 ft.	6 ft.	1 in.	Mar. to May	4 to 5 months

Field Seed Planting Calendar

SEED	Time to Plant	Seed Per Acre	Wt. Per Bushel
ALFALFA	September-November, February-May	18 to 20 pounds	60 pounds
ALGERIA	March, April to June	5 to 8 pounds	50 pounds
BARLEY, Winter-Spring	August-November, January-March	1 to 1½ bushel	48 pounds
BEANS, Mammoth Soy	April to June	15 to 30 pounds	60 pounds
BEANS, Small Soy	April to June	6 to 15 pounds	60 pounds
BEANS, Velvet	April to June	15 to 30 pounds	60 pounds
BROOM CORN	May to June	6 to 8 pounds	46 pounds
BUCKWHEAT	March to April, October	48 pounds	48 pounds
CANE, Broadcast	April to July	2 to 3 bushels	50 pounds
CLOVER, Sweet	February-April, September-October	20 pounds	60 pounds
CLOVER, Bur	July to November	40 pounds	30 pounds
CORN, Field	March to July	7 to 8 pounds	56 pounds
COTTON SEED	March to May	½ to 1 bushel	32 pounds
DARSO, Drilled	March to August	5 to 8 pounds	50 pounds
EGYPTIAN WHEAT (Shallu)	March to May	5 to 8 pounds	50 pounds
FETERITA	March to June	6 to 10 pounds	50 pounds
GRASS, Bermuda	March to May	5 to 8 pounds	15 pounds
GRASS, Sudan, Broadcast	March to May	25 to 40 pounds	30 pounds
SUDAN, Drilled	March to May	5 to 7 pounds	30 pounds
HEGARI, Drilled	April to June	5 to 8 pounds	50 pounds
KAFIR, Drilled	April to May	5 to 8 pounds	50 pounds
MANGELS	March to June-August, September	5 to 6 pounds	
MILO, Drilled	April to May	5 to 8 pounds	50 pounds
MILLET	April to June	20 to 30 pounds	50 pounds
OATS	January-February, September-October	2½ bushels	32 pounds
PEANUTS, Spanish	April, May	35 to 40 pounds	30 pounds
PEANUTS, Tennessee Red	April, May	2 bushels	22 pounds
PEAS, Stock	April to October	30 to 60 pounds	60 pounds
RAPE	February-April, August-November	2 to 4 pounds	50 pounds
RYE	July to November, January-February	1½ bushels	56 pounds
SORGHUM, Broadcast	April to July	2 to 3 bushels	50 pounds
SUNFLOWER	March to July	8 to 10 pounds	30 pounds
VETCH	February-March, July-November	50 pounds	60 pounds
WHEAT	September to November, January, February	60 to 75 pounds	60 pounds

Texas Printing House—Horticultural Dept.—Dallas

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HOW TO ORDER

No responsible seedsman gives any warranty. Crops are dependent on many things beside seeds. We have no control as to planting, fertilizing, cultivation and other important factors governing the success of the crop. Therefore, we give no warranty, express or implied, as to description, purity, productiveness or any other matter of seeds, bulbs or plants, and will not be in any way responsible for the crop.

Remittances: Should be made in the form of Post Office or Express Money Orders, Cashier's or certified checks. Money or postage stamps are sent at your risk, and should be sent by **registered** mail. We cannot assume responsibility, if money or postage stamps are lost.

C. O. D.: Shipments that are requested to be sent C. O. D. are required to have a deposit of 25% of the amount of the order, before we make shipment, and this amount is forfeited if the shipment is not accepted. No plants or perishable goods shipped C. O. D. Full remittance must accompany orders for them.

Transportation Charges: On all items not specifically marked "Postpaid" or "Prepaid", postage or transportation charges must be paid by you. If wanted by mail, add postage to your remittance, otherwise shipment will be made by express or freight, whichever costs least. On small orders, where postage is not included, some item on the order will not be shipped, thereby covering cost of postage, on items shipped.

HOW TO FIGURE POSTAGE

Do not send stamps, but just add the amount for postage to the cost of the merchandise and include it in your remittance. We will return any money left over if you send too much.

If the total weight of the goods you are ordering is a fraction over a pound it will add a pound to the rate. Packages up to 8 ounces in weight are carried at the rate of 1½ cents for each 2 ounces or fraction thereof, regardless of distance. For rates on packages over 8 ounces, see table below.

Within zones 1, 2 and 3, packages up to 70 pounds in weight are carried. The weight limit for all other zones is 50 pounds.

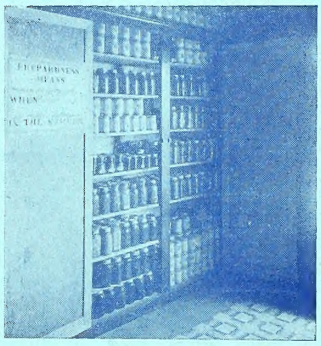
Explosives, Inflammable Articles, Poisons, and Articles measuring more than 84 inches, length and girth combined, cannot be shipped by parcel post, according to the United States postoffice rulings.

PARCEL POST RATES

	ZONES 1 and 2 —Not over 150 miles from us.	ZONE 3—151 to 300 miles from us.	ZONE 4—301 to 600 miles from us.	ZONE 5—601 to 1000 miles from us.	ZONE 6—1001 to 1400 miles from us.	ZONE 7—1401 to 1800 miles from us.	ZONE 8—1801 miles and over from us.
For weights over 8 oz. up to 1 pound the postage is	8 Cents	9 Cents	10 Cents	11 Cents	12 Cents	14 Cents	15 Cents
For each additional pound or fraction of a pound add	1.1 Cents	2 Cents	4 Cents	6 Cents	7 Cents	9 Cents	11 Cents

EXAMPLE—Your shipment weighs 8 pounds 5 ounces. You must figure postage on 9 pounds. In the first or second zone from us your first pound costs 8c and the 8 additional pounds cost 1.1c each, or a total of 17 cents for the 9 pounds. If you live in the third zone, send 9 cents for the first pound and 2 cents each for additional pounds or 25 cents, etc.

PLANT SQUARE BRAND HI-GERMINATING SEEDS



Poultry flocks for food and cash.

For More and Better

GARDENS

and Regular

CASH CROPS

Profitable farm gardens are increasing in number —for cash income, table and canning. In this climate, practically all vegetables can be grown successfully. There are vegetables bred to stand lack of rainfall, for drouthy years.

Black land should be richly fertilized every two years; chocolate loam medium coated every other year; sandy loam medium coated each year; clay soils heavily fertilized each year—and seasoned barnyard fertilizer costs you nothing.

The best land and the greatest care cannot produce good results from poor seed . . . . so plant SQUARE BRAND SEED, and get the greatest possible yield.

SQUARE BRAND
RECLEANED
HI-GERMINATING
TESTED SEEDS
SQUARE BRAND

Plan crops for better returns from your acres.

Flowers add value and beauty to the farm.